Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XV.—NO. 58. PORTLAND, OREGON: TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1875. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Mrs. Tilton Expects to be a Witness—and some other Matters.

NEW YORK, April 12.—The *Tribune* of to-morrow will say: Motives of delicacy alone have not kept Mrs. Tilton from attendance on court since Beecher went on the stand. She expects to succeed him as a witness, or certainly to follow Cleveland, as the concluding witness for the defense. Beecher's counsel are unwilling to admit that it is their fixed purpose to call Mrs. Tilton, but from other sources of information it is known that such is their determination. It is known that Judge Neilson has declared he will permit her to testify if both sides consent to it. The defense recognize, perhaps, that public sentiment demands the offer of Mrs. Tilton's testimony, and they will make the offer for two reasons, according to Beecher's friends: They want her testimony in the first place, being satisfied it will corroborate Beecher in every important particular and introduce the needed narration of the circumstances under which the defense allege the confession and other papers were forced from her by her husband; the second reason is that if they don't get her testimony, it will place the plaintiff in the position of excluding it, and this they believe will strengthen their case before the jury and public; but whether plaintiff takes this position or not the direct testimony of Mrs. Tilton under oath will be given to the public. Once during the testimony to-day Beecher broke out in his blunt way to the effect that Mrs. Moulton could not have used expressions attributed to her, and then, probably remembering that she had sworn to them in court, he added, after a long pause, "of her own accord." This was lost on Evarts for a moment, but being reminded of it by one of his associates he called attention to it, and tried to introduce Beecher's explanation of his words; but Beach objected, and threatened to have it struck out, and Fullerton said his meaning was clear enough, and improper; so Evarts desisted. The context shows that Beecher meant to imply that she had sworn in accordance with some other person's wishes. Some surprise was expressed at the orders to the officers given by Judge Neilson at the close of the morning session, to see that the jury were not spoken to while entering and leaving court. On inquiry of the judge it was learned that Morris had complained that some Plymouth members had been needlessly polite in saluting the jurors.

The Pennsylvania Riots.

NEW YORK, April 12.—A dispatch from Harrisburg states that in accordance with Gen. Latta's report the Governor has decided not to recall the military until all danger of violence in the Luzerne coal region has disappeared.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12.—A detachment of 90 men of the 1st Regiment, National Guards, has been sent to Hazelton this afternoon. There is no probability of the troops being recalled.

May it Prove True!

POTTSVILLE, Pa., April 12.—The impression generally prevails that the strike is nearly ended.

Fire in New York.

TITUSVILLE, Pa., April 12.—A fire at Millerstown, Pa., yesterday morning, destroyed Hogan's Opera House, the German National Bank, Godey's building, and a number of stores and tenements. Loss about $100,000; insurance light.

Fire—Two Persons Burned to Death.

CLINTON, Mass., April 12.—Thayer's grocery store was burned to-day, and Mrs. G. W. Dinsmore and her father, who occupied rooms above, were burned to death.

Still Another Perished in the Flames.

VINEYARD, N. H., April 12.—The residence of P. P. Clifford was burned to-day. His sick wife, unable to leave her room, perished.

Terrible Explosion of a Boiler.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., April 12.—An explosion of a boiler, this morning, in the Gingham mills of South Adams, killed 6 and fatally injured 2 others.

Failure in Business.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., April 12.—Thad. Smith, a North Hadley farmer, has failed. Liabilities, $15,000; assets, $100,000.

Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Gold closed at 15⅛@15½. Money [illegible]. Governments dull and strong. Stocks active and weak. W. U. 77⅛; Quicksilver 19, Pacific Mail 42⅝; Wells Fargo 87½, N. Y. Con 101½; Erie 30⅝, Panama 121½, Union Pacific 71¾, do Bonds 99½, Central Bonds 99½.

THE TILTON-BEECHER CASE.

Beecher's Testimony.

NEW YORK, April 12.—The Beecher trial attracted the usual crowd to-day. Beecher continued to testify: At first I visited Moulton's house every day, at other times oftener—once a week, month or two months. In '71, after May, there were comparatively few visits till the autumn. In this period there was little done about the difficulty, but there was a time, after the publication of the Woodhull scandal, I recall two conversations with Mrs. Moulton about Mrs. Woodhull. At one she referred to the enthusiasm which her husband and Tilton showed for Mrs. Woodhull; at another she asked me what I thought of Mrs. Woodhull. I said my knowledge was only derived from what I had heard from others. She said she did not fancy the woman, but Frank thought very highly of her, and she conformed to his desire in having her at the house. There never was a word with her about receiving her on my account. I never said to her 'twas a duty she owed Frank to co-operate with him in trying to keep the story quiet. Never told Moulton his wife should work with him in his endeavor to suppress it. Had a talk with her about attending church in 1870. I remember her speaking with some anxiety as to securing a seat in '72 or '73. She spoke to me about having two seats. I referred her to Mr. West, and also talked with her. She was kind enough to compliment me on the improvement in my preaching from what she had heard others say, and had heard herself. I recollect she came on two occasions to church, and I saw her waiting at the pulpit steps. I recollect, on two other occasions when I called to see Mrs. Moulton, she said to me, "Why don't you call sometimes, or pay social visits instead of business visits to Frank." I had a conversation with her about Mrs. Tilton. I wanted some person to visit Mrs. Tilton and cheer her. I thought Mrs. Moulton was the very person. After meeting Mrs. Tilton I asked Mrs. Moulton how she was getting along. She said she did not blame Elizabeth, but on one or two occasions she blamed Tilton, I think, in regard to his home relations. She spoke of the state of things in the family, and said she wouldn't wonder if there was a separation in the holidays, and that Mrs. Tilton would go back to her mother. I asked her to tell me if there was any way in which Mrs. T. could be helped. We had a conversation about the story that I had alienated Mrs. Tilton's affection from her husband, which I said I had never done. I said if I had it was unintentional on my part and I was sorry for it. Mrs. M. said very little in reply to me on this point. I felt my presence and intercourse in the family had brought this mischief on them, for which I felt I was to blame. During my interviews with Mrs. Moulton at that house, she was incapable of accusing me of adultery, or any crime toward Mrs. Tilton. We never conversed together on that subject in that manner, or hinted at it by allusion or implication, and she never spoke of it being said by any one else. I never spoke to her of any conversation with her during my last interview, or said if Tilton published the letter of apology it was useless for me to try to live it down. I never said I had no hope from Theodore, or said he was a false man; never thought so. She never said for me to go to my church and confess my crime and they would forgive me. I did not say I could not implicate a woman who had given me her love. I did not say if I confessed my church would not have me and it would be better to get out of life. This was an improbable story. She never told me I could still write and hold my connection with the paper. I never said I had a powder in my desk up stairs, and it would put me out of trouble. The only powder I know of was gunpowder, which was kept up stairs. This whole story is preposterous, and I never said to her in conversation that I would come the day following and give her some gifts for friends, with messages for them and one gift for Elizabeth. This is an absolute fiction. I never told her I suffered the tortures of the damned at having to appear in my church with my cheerful face in this connection or the relations imputed in this conversation. I said this in view of the manner in which Tilton was constantly bringing up this difficulty, and said it should end or it would wear me out. This latter was in a conversation May 3d, at their house. Mrs. Moulton did not tell me Mrs. Tilton had expressed sympathy for her (Mrs. Moulton) in that she had lost faith in Beecher and had left the church, and that she (Mrs. Tilton) had implored her to go back, that Beecher was not the guilty person. I don't think she could have looked me in the face and said half of it in October, 1873. Mrs. Moulton didn't say Mrs. Tilton said she would sacrifice her husband rather than me, and for the sake of the church and her family would deny it. I never said to Mrs. Moulton that Mrs. Tilton was a poor child, that she was unable to repair any wrong that she had, and it was too late. I never said in conversation with Mrs. Moulton it was cruel of Mrs. Tilton to have confessed, and in fact we never had any such conversation. Never said I had repented of my sin and felt I was forgiven. She never said to me she did not know how I could stand in my pulpit and preach to young men against the crime of adultery. I said to somebody my trial had made me feel so I could preach to suffering ones, knowing what it was to pass through trials myself. Mrs. Moulton was a lady and never used such terms in her conversation with me as adultery. It was with regard to the charge of alienation of Mrs. Tilton's affections from her husband that I said she was a good woman and Mrs. Moulton should trust her, and I said my experiences have led me to prevent any such trouble. On the 18th July, 1874, I had a conversation with her. Moulton told her I had read his short statement and thought it would do. She said she was glad to hear it. I had no conversation with her in July, 1874, in which she said Frank was angry, and said the church could not prevent it.

No conversation took place between us in which she said I ought to have confessed long ago, and had now added four years of perjury and lying to the original sin. I never said I would die rather than confess. Never hesitated to say Tilton was a foolish man, and later that he was heartless, and that if he entered into a contest with me I would worst him. No conversation occurred in which I said the blame was not Mrs. Tilton's, but I would take all the blame on myself, as I was the guilty party. Mrs. Moulton never told me of a conversation with George C. Robinson in which he expressed surprise that I should go to Moulton's office when I had so many friends in Brooklyn; that he thought something was wrong; I had embezzled church funds or committed some great crime; and that she said to him I had committed adultery, she having it by confessions from both me and Mrs. Tilton; that she told me I could talk to Mr Robinson who knew all the facts; never said a word of it to me.

Beecher, slapping his knee with great violence, said, "Robinson has a pew in my church and continues his attendance." At the interview I did say I had a sleepless night brooding over the troubles; Mrs. Moulton never said I should tell the truth, as it would come out sooner or later. The first time I heard this was when I sat in this audience. I never said I could not confess, as my work would then be finished; that my family would be ruined, and that my people would never forgive me. I may have said in her presence when the proposition was put to me to turn aside from the desk and take hold of the paper, that this was not my avocation or calling to take charge of a paper. I never said if I confessed my people would never forgive me, or treat me as kindly as they had done. We never had any conversation in which she said it would be a cowardly thing for me to take my life. I didn't see her the 2d of June. On the the 31st of May I saw both Mr. and Mrs. Moulton. I was not then lying on the lounge with a pillow covered with an afghan or blanket. Never was so disposed. Never said that I saw no way out of it; that my life of usefulness was ended, nor did she suggest that I should go to the church and confess, and that Frank would go with me. I didn't say to her I never got any comfort from her or that she seemed to me like "a section of the day of judgment." I never used such a comparison to her. She seemed more to me like a bank of spring flowers. I never promised on that day to call on the next with some mementoes, nor did I say Mrs. Tilton had sinned through her affection for me. I never spoke to Mrs. Moulton of the breaking out of the truth as a crime. I said to Mrs. Moulton I was averse to any person coming to Mrs. Tilton's family and talking about the troubles, but I never said while trying to restore harmony as she had done, by confessions, she was all the time making it worse. In all my conversations with Mrs. Moulton she never suggested or implicated me as having intimate relations with Mrs. Tilton. The topic never was referred to in any of our conversations.

Court now took a recess.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Court Decisions.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The Supreme Court decided to-day that money temporarily borrowed by a banker in the course of business is not taxable as capital.

The Court of Claims to-day decided in favor of a number of claimants, army officers, whose pay was withheld because they were absent at home at their own request awaiting orders.

Taken Care of.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The President has appointed Volney V. Smith, of Arkansas, Consul at St. Thomas, West Indies.

Counterfeiter Captured.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—U. S. Marshal Purnell to-day telegraphed Attorney-General Williams that he had recaptured the notorious counterfeiter, Pete McCartney.

The President to General Spinner.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Treasurer Spinner to-day received an autograph letter from the President accepting his resignation as Treasurer of the United States, and expressing the warmest sentiment of regard for him personally, and high appreciation of his well known probity, patriotism and official ability.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Feat of the American Swimmer.

LONDON, April 11.—Paul Boynton did not make the entire distance to Bologne by swimming. He was taken on board the press steamer shortly after 6 P. M. yesterday against his own wish, within eight miles of the coast. The Queen and Lord Mayor telegraphed their congratulations to Boynton. The reporters publish a joint declaration that Boynton's discontinuance was solely at their remonstrance, because of the increasing darkness and roughness of the channel. He fully proved his power to succeed under ordinary circumstances. Doctors certify that he was able to paddle fully six hours longer. He was not visibly distressed.

Pictures Seized.

PARIS, April 12.—Government has seized a number of Courbet's pictures, under a decree confiscating his property to defray the expense of restoring the Vendome column.

The Anti-Seasick Steamer.

LONDON, April 12.—The Bessemer steamer, constructed to overcome the motion of the sea, made a satisfactory trial trip from Gravesend to Calais.

Collision between Steamers and Loss of Life.

LONDON, April 12.—A Shanghai dispatch says two steamers, engaged in local trade, came into collision and the sudden sinking of one caused great loss of life.

England's Position with Relation to Prussia and Belgium.

LONDON, April 12.—In the Commons to-day Lewis asked what course the Government would take if the independence of Belgium was imperiled in consequence of her rejection of Prussia's demands. Disraeli said there had been great misrepresentation and exaggeration in the matter. The Prussian note to Belgium was not a menace, it was only a remonstrance. No rejoinder had been made to Belgium's answer, and he believed the question was concluded. Germany had shown her cordiality for England, by communicating to her the correspondence. In conclusion, Disraeli declared that were Belgium's neutrality threatened, Her Majesty's Government were prepared to do their duty to the sovereign, and would not fear to meet Parliament.

The Franco-Prussian Complication.

BERLIN, April 12.—The Berlin *Post* states that its article of the 9th inst., indicating possible war was not inspired by the government.

The Paris *L'Union* says the Pope has made representations, through the Patriarch of Venice to the Emperor of Austria, that the position of church is becoming more and more intolerable, and that if the unreasonable demands of Prussia are not resisted by the Catholic powers, the latter will lose all their influence and become subject to the German government, which is endeavoring to bring the whole German nationality under one sceptre. The Emperor, replying to this through the Austrian ambassador at Rome, deplores the struggle between church and state and advises prudence.

BERLIN, April 12.—The North German *Gazette* accepts, as reassuring, the disavowal of warlike intentions by the French press.

The Berlin *Post* says the draft has been completed of a bill prohibiting religious orders in Prussia, except those employed in nursing the sick.

France at the Centennial Exhibition.

PARIS, April 12.—At a meeting of the French commission on the U. S. centennial exhibition, the letter addressed to Ministers DeCases and Say was read. It asks for nomination on the part of government commissioners to promote the interests of French exhibitors, and requests that some of the principal master pieces of French art and industry in possession of the government be sent to the exhibition at Philadelphia.

Sprung a Leak.

LONDON, April 12.—The ship *San Rafael*, from San Francisco via Valparaiso (where she put in leaky), for Queenstown, arrived at Fagalon on the 1st inst. again leaking, and was discharging her cargo for repairs.

Gold Medal for Paul Boynton.

LONDON, April 12.—The humane society of Boulogne has voted a gold medal to Paul Boynton.

New Russian Loan.

LONDON, April 13—5 A. M.—The Rothschilds have issued the prospectus of a new Russian loan of £15,000,000, with interest at 4½ per cent. per annum, to be issued at 92 per cent. of the total amount. Eight million pounds are offered for subscription in London. The balance is reserved for St. Petersburg.

Mr. Robert Dale Owen, in spite of his humiliating experience with the Holmes family, still avows his belief in their powers of materialization. He says he knows they have the power, and that they supplement their power with fraud, but he does not know where one leaves off and the other begins. This speaks badly for the moral principles of the spirits who use the Holmeses as their "medium." Mr. Owen gave these views to a reporter of the Rochester *Democrat*, after delivering a lecture in that city the other night, in which he related this astounding anecdote: "A physician on Staten Island—a most reliable man—had told the speaker that in his younger days he was connected with a hospital on the bank of Lake Constance in Switzerland. One of the patients, who was subject to epileptic fits, was also a confirmed somnambulist. When under this influence she would prophesy with perfect correctness. On one occasion she said that the next day she was to walk on the water. She was, therefore, closely watched. She arose in a somnambulistic state and, going down to a bank, walked thirty yards out on the water from shore, and returned, stepping off of it as off of a platform."

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

Coroner's Jury in the Explosion Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12.—The coroner's jury in the case of the victims of the late explosion at Hathaway's wharf, went out to the company's works, near Golden Gate Park, this afternoon, and witnessed a number of experiments designed to show the safety of handling the powder, and to sustain the theory that the explosion was caused by fire communicating with the caps used to explode the powder. The verdict is not yet returned.

Attempt to Burn Petaluma.

An attempt was made last Saturday night to fire the city of Petaluma in several places. Two young men, residents of Petaluma, were arrested on suspicion, and confessed their guilt. Both are of respectable parentage, and have been brought up in the town from childhood. It is believed that others are implicated.

Senator Jones Takes Wallapai Stock.

Reports from Arizona state that Senator Jones has bought large interests in the Wallapai country and is shipping machinery and supplies for immediate work.

Destructive Fire.

MAYFIELD, April 12.—About 1 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the rear of a small building on Main street, used as a shoemaker's shop. The fire spread rapidly, communicated with the adjoining grocery of S. Rovegus & Co., a Chinese wash-house and a two story frame dwelling, occupied by Joseph Kaufman. The buildings were all owned by Kaufman, and are a total loss. Kaufman's furniture was saved with wearing apparel. The buildings were partly insured. It was with the greatest exertions that the fire was prevented from communicating with the Mayfield hotel. Had that building caught two-thirds of the town would hardly have escaped total destruction.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12.—Ophir 66, Mexican 27, G & C 18¼, B & B 52, Savage no sale, Chollar 65¼, H & N 43, Crown Point 39, Yellow Jacket 85½, Imperial 8¼, Empire Mill 6¼, Kentuck 16¼, Alpha 23¼, Belcher 36¼, Confidence 21, Con Va 440, S Nevada 12, California 62¼, Bullion 50½, Justice 140, Overman 61½, Union Con 8¾, Lady Bryan 6¼, Julia 7¼, Caledonia 20, Knickerbocker 4½, Globe 1, Baltimore 8⅞, Utah 5, S Hill 10½, Dayton 3, Rock Island 5⅜, New York 2⅞, Occidental 4, Dardanelles 3, P. Sheridan 1½, Tyler 62½c.

EVENING BOARD.—M Valley 8¼, R & Ely 55, Eureka Con 31, Pioche 4, Am Flag 2¼, Pioche West 2, Belmont 4½, Rye Patch 2, Eldorado South 62½c, Prussian 2¼, Leopard 11, Jefferson 6¼, Mansfield 7½, G. Chariot 7⅞, Mahogany 9⅞, S Chariot 1¼, War Eagle 4⅞, Poorman 5, Woodville 2 55, Kossuth 2¼, O G Hill 2¼, Seg K I 1, Andes 6¼, Wells, Fargo 27½c, Cosmopolitan 20c, Niagara 70c, Leviathan 2, Paxton 4¼, Pioneer 1¼, Prospect 2¼.

Greenbacks, 87¼ buying; 88 selling.

THE APPROACHING LIMIT TO AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT

In a community that is young in years redundance of population may occur as a result of immigration of natural increase, and even a thinly settled region may be as much over-populated as the cities. The Highlands of Scotland, for instance, as Malthus tells us, were, even when he wrote, "probably more redundant in population than any part of Great Britain; and in our own thinly settled country we find regions where the same condition begins to appear. The census of 1870 shows that for ten years before that date people were quitting the sterile hills of New England and seeking the towns and cities. The entire population of some States, as Maine and New Hampshire, diminishing during the decade; and it would seem that we are approaching the limits of population in the East.

But the West, the boundless West! Well, when we talk of the West we need a good orographical map in hand, such as the Germans make. Such a map, and the testimony of travelers who have no transcontinental railway bonds to sell, will show us that there is comparatively little more room for population west of the Mississippi valley. The geographers estimate the whole area of these United States and Territories at about three and a half million square miles, an area not greatly less than that of China or of Siberia. But from this area we have to deduct a full million of square miles in one "block," nearly a third of the whole, for the vast mountain region that lies west of the Mississippi valley. From the eastern slopes of the Rocky mountains to the western wall of the Sierra Nevada, nine hundred miles from east to west in the latitude of San Francisco, and from Mexico all the way to Canada, twelve hundred miles from north to south, the larger part of the country is a howling wilderness; and not only this, but an irreclaimable wilderness. Explorers and surveyors tell us that most of this region is a *malpays*, an unwatered country of barren mountains and sterile highlands, a domain of minerals and of snow, and that its mere elevation makes it unsuitable for the habitation of an agricultural people. Much of it is a full mile too high in the air for the ripening of crops in our latitudes. The Territory of Wyoming contains 97,000 square miles, and not a foot of it is less than four thousand feet above the sea-level. The lowest valley of Utah, "except possibly a few of the sunken deserts of the higher than South," is the average summits of the Allegheny mountains; and Nevada is hardly lower than Utah. We know that in South America whole communities live and cultivate their crops at much greater elevations than these; but it is in regions that are also much nearer the equator and proportionately warmer. The writer just quoted says: At the Navajo farms in Arizona I have seen icicles six inches long on the rocks, only three hundred feet above the fields, on the 18th of June; and in 1871, when the Indians had with great labor brought forward a crop of corn and planted young orchards, on the night of May 31, a storm of sleet froze every plant and tree solid to the ground. If there were no other causes, elevation alone would make this region unfit for the farmer." And General W. B. Hazen tells us from his own observation, in the *North American Review* (January 1875), that "the western limit of our agricultural lands has already been reached by settlements along the frontier, from the Rio Grande to the 49th parallel of latitude." "From the 100th meridian to the Sierra Nevada mountains, a distance of twelve hundred miles, there is not more than one acre to the hundred, that has any appreciable value for agricultural purposes, or that will for the next hundred years sell for any appreciable sum. Morover, for one hundred miles before reaching that meridian, there is comparatively little good land." And he adds: "The phenomena of the formation and rapid growth of new, rich and populous States will no more be seen in our present domain.

No; the westward-rolling tide of population is already beating against the limits of our habitable domain; and there, except for a scanty population of miners and graziers, the proud wave must be stayed. Doubtless our habitable country is to be much more thickly settled than at present. But this does not imply that our population is to rival that of India or China.

Climate, and other things which could be treated on in a technical essay, are against us; and each new census falls short not only of the popular expectation, but of the estimates of experts made in advance. While we are still distant from the limit of our population, we are probably much nearer it than we suppose. We people continents by steam-power nowadays; and the process has been carried on so rapidly in America that our immigrants are already returning in considerable numbers to Europe.

But this question must not detain us. Let me ask another that is allied with it; namely: How old is the American character to-day?—*The Galaxy for April.*

Montana freight, to the amount of 100,000 pounds, is awaiting shipment at Corinne.

PACKAGES FORWARDED EIGHT MILES IN TWO SECONDS.

On Sunday, February 28th, the pneumatic mail system was opened for public use in the city of Vienna, and for the few days of its working it appears to have been eminently satisfactory. By this method, letters and packages not exceeding two ounces in weight can be sent from one end of the city to another—a distance of about eight miles—in something less than two seconds, so that, adding to this the time necessary for making up packages, assorting them and delivering them, the whole is just about one hour. But this only covers extreme distances, and the managers of this system in Vienna say that in a short time the time between the receipt and delivery will be greatly reduced. In fact, between stations only two or three miles distant from each other such packages are even now delivered within twenty minutes after being deposited. Any postmaster in this city or postmaster general, who could inaugurate such a reform in the local mail arrangements of the metropolis, might achieve immortal fame. As the general postoffice in Vienna is also in the building of the general telegraph office, powerful steam engines are constantly at work compressing atmospheric air in a mammoth reservoir, from which the double system of cast-iron pipes, laid three feet under the surface of the streets, are fed. One system of pipes serves for carrying packages, and the other for pushing them ahead in the other direction. At the seven principal stations, in various parts of the city, similar engines are kept at work day and night drawing the air from the pipes, and creating a vacuum in front of the packages, which are thus more rapidly pressed forward by the expansive force of the compressed air behind them. The sixty sub-stations are connected not only with the two central offices, but also with each other by this double system of pipes. The dispatch of each package is announced by telegraph to the office to which it is sent, and to all intervening offices to advise the latter not to stop it on its way. The pipes are six inches in diameter, with a perfectly smooth polished inner surface, and the packages are made up in India-rubber cylinders of various lengths. The postage on mail matter must be prepaid at the rate of two kreutzers (one cent) for each half ounce or fraction, which is evidently much cheaper than the two cent postage for the city letters in this country. This is the first instance of a large city—Vienna has about 900,000 inhabitants—giving its people such facilities of correspondence at moderate cost.—*N. Y. Mercury.*

THE RHODE ISLAND LIQUOR CASE.

[From the N. Y. Tribune.]

It will be a good thing if the conflict of jurisdiction in Rhode Island between the State and Federal officers shall lead to some clearer understanding of the proper relations between them. We have before shown how easily a conflict of force might have been precipitated in the Providence liquor cases if it had not been for the good temper and reserve with which those in authority treated the matter. After this collision was avoided the State officers have exerted themselves to obtain an authoritative decision upon the questions at issue. The governor laid the facts in the case before the legislature, and a committee of that body, after hearing all the attainable facts on both sides of the question, have now presented a report which maintains the position of the State authorities, fully justifying their action. While the report is characterized by the moderation and candor which have been observable throughout this discussion, it does not hesitate to censure the intervention of the United States Marshal, and recommends the passage of a resolution directing the governor to submit the facts in the case to the President, that the action of the marshal may be reviewed.

It is highly desirable that the rights and duties of United States officers in the States should be more precisely defined. In the present case there is a certain tendency to overlook the strictly legal bearings of the question and its important consequences, because of a general impression that a law to prohibit drinking is impossible to execute, and that the violation of it by anybody is a venial offense. But a collision which involves the mutual relations of the local and the general governments is at no time a trifling matter, and least of all at this time. Once before in the history of Rhode Island such a complication has given an authoritative case to the literature of constitutional law. It would be a subject of congratulation if the present incident should not only further define the powers and duties of United States officials, but also throw some light on the power of the States to execute their own laws when these seem to the general mind incapable of complete execution.

THE REBUILDING OF ST. PETER'S AT ROME.

Everybody knows that Michel Angelo repaired to Rome a second time, at the solicitation of Pope Julius II. The latter wished to construct a mausoleum for himself superior to any that had ever been erected. Michel Angelo was charged with the work, and thereupon commenced a design worthy of himself and patron. This design was "a parallelogram, and the superstructure was to consist of forty statues, many of which to be colossal, and interspersed with ornamental figures and bronze bassi-relievi, besides the necessary architecture, with appropriate decorations, to unite the composition into one stupendous whole." The Pope was pleased with the design, and inquired the expense. "A hundred thousand crowns," said the artist. "Let it be twice the sum," immediately gave orders to commence the work.

It was suggested to the Pope that such a monument ought to have a special chapel built expressly for it, and that St. Peter's being an old church, was not at all adapted to the purpose.

"I will rebuild St. Peter's!" exclaimed the Pope. This was the beginning of an edifice which took a hundred and fifty years to complete, which consumed the fortunes of millions, gave rise to the sale of indulgences, and, though unexpectedly, laid the first stone of the Reformation. Albeit, it is now the grandest display of architectural splendor that adorns the Christian world.

The proposed execution of the mausoleum was only a comedy of many acts and scenes. The order had been given, and the blocks of marble awaited the click of the chisel. Michel Angelo solicited the Pope for money wherewith to pay his assistants, and was refused. Resolved to seek some explanation, he repaired to the pontifical palace, where a servant denied him entrance, saying, "Excuse me: I have express commands not to admit you, without troubling myself why." Michel Angelo returned home and addressed the following: "Most Holy Father: I was this morning driven away from the palace by the order of your Holiness. If you require me in future, you can seek me elsewhere than in Rome." Soon after he gave orders for the disposal of all his possessions, mounted his horse, and galloped away toward Florence.—*The Galaxy for April.*

General N. B. Forrest writes: "It is my desire to see the States once more united in feeling and interest, and the Constitution held sacred above everything else."

It is not generally known that the butter crop of the United States is now greater in value than the wheat crop. Yet such is the fact.—*St. Louis Democrat.*

OREGON.

Freight is three cents a pound from Roseburg to Jacksonville.

The *Twin Sisters* sailed from the Coquille a week ago last Thursday.

The *Bobolink* was the only vessel left at Gardiner at last accounts.

Coos county has an extra good tax collector. Out of $23,000, less than $500 are unpaid.

The total fall of snow at Baker City the past winter up to April 7th, was 6 feet 9½ inches.

The Coos county *Record* will be published on Wednesday, instead of Thursday, hereafter.

The Coos Bay wagon road is said to have become impassable for teams through a landslide during the recent storm.

At the school election, in Jacksonville, M. Hanley was elected director for three years and Silas Day clerk for one year.

The custom house at Coos Bay caught fire last week, and but for a timely discovery would have made a great conflagration.

The sale of the Coos bay wagon road, announced two months ago, finally fell through, and in consequence the original owners still remain in possession.

The new building being erected in Baker City for the Sisters' school is being rapidly pushed to completion. It will be an ornament to the city when completed.

The *Sentinel* learns that the California and Oregon Stage Company have received a renewal of contract to carry the daily mail between Redding and Roseburg.

Mr. Jay Tuttle was elected school director, and Mr. John Eastabrooks school clerk for school district No. 6, embracing Empire City and South Slough, Coos county.

The Oregon and California Stage line will commence running on summer schedule time on the 1st of May, making the trip from railroad to railroad in fifty-two hours.

The district schools in Douglas county opened generally on Monday of this week for the year. Two schools began in Oakland, one in the old town and one in the new.

Mr. J. L. Parrish, of Salem, has in his possession an ancient Bible that is supposed to be three hundred years old. It was printed in Germany, and printed in the oldest text.

The Elizabeth Quartz Mill Company, of Jackson county, cleaned up for the first time last week after crushing 93 tons of rock, which averaged about $15 per ton; one-half of which is a profit.

Mr. McMahon, the brother of the murdered man, has gone to Douglas county to take charge of the band of sheep found in the possession of Barden and belonging to Daniel McMahon.

Mr. Tipton writes under March 7th from Warner Lake that out of his band of cattle, numbering 600 head, he has lost but one. The greatest depth of snow was eight inches, and the ground was covered four days.

The Marion county Woman Suffrage Association met at Salem last Saturday. The attendance was small and, after some discussion, the body adjourned until the second Saturday in May, when a regular debate will take place.

The coal mine at Henryville, Coos county, is now fully opened, and the quality of the coal is said to be excellent. As the works there are very extensive, and the facilities for mining and shipping coal are unsurpassed by any on the bay, there will no doubt be a very large amount of coal shipped from there the next season.

At a meeting of the Jackson county grange counsel, held April 6th, a committee of three was appointed to confer with similar committees from Josephine and Curry counties, to incorporate a company for the construction of a wagon road to the coast from Jacksonville. The committee appointed consists of R. Benedict, Arthur Wilson and W. Beeson.

The Baker City *Democrat* of the 7th says: For the past three or four days we have had terrible weather. It blowed, it snowed, it froze, and then repeated the same thing over again, to such a degree that the oldest inhabitants came to the conclusion that our next winter had set in very early. Even the hens became disgusted with the prospects and stopped laying eggs.

The Jacksonville *Sentinel* says: "Everybody who has a garden has been busy during the last few weeks in cleaning out the rubbish and putting things to rights generally, and a marked improvement in the ornamentation of the gardens, yards and lots throughout the town is noticeable. It shows the good taste of our citizens, and during the summer months will present a very handsome appearance."

The Salem *Record*, of last Saturday, says: "Young Hermas Hicklin or Hencklin, was up before the Recorder this morning, and waived examination. He was held to answer at next term of circuit court in $8,000 bonds." It is the opinion of all that know him that his fall is the result of bad influences, as he stands very well at the University, and seems to have the respect of all who know him. He was doubtless made to believe that it would be great fun to burn down an old deserted building like the tannery."

Mr. Dan. Clark, Master of the State Grange, will leave home on Thursday, of next week, to make a tour of the counties of Eastern Oregon and Washington in the interest of the order of Patrons of Husbandry. He is not prepared to make announcements of the times when he will reach certain points, as that matter will be arranged by the deputies of the sections alluded to, and he will fulfill such appointments as they may make. One thing he especially urges, which is that all members of the order will attend the appointments, as he is anxious to meet as many as can possibly be present at these meetings.

A letter from Connor creek to the Baker City *Democrat* says: The new bonanza has been struck, and excited our little camp to a considerable extent. It is about one-half a mile from town, and the quartz gives a better prospect than any rock in the State. The lucky discoverers are Messrs. Huffman, Douglas, Cox and Taylor, and they will soon ascertain. The same company have also struck good placer diggings on Snake river, below Connor creek, which prospect 75 cents to the pan. It was formerly owned by the "Dog in the Manger," and they hold 3,700 feet.

A letter from Sam's valley, Jackson county, to the *Times* says: Prospecting and locating cinnabar claims are yet the order of the day in this vicinity. The field of operation seems to have drifted from the north side of Evans creek to the south. Neither homesteads or entered lands escape the scrutiny of these experts. This mineral has been discovered on several homesteads and also several pieces of entered land, which has given occasion for the exchanging of some pretty rough compliments between parties of such a nature as to give offense to most any one but the good humored prospector, who seems to have more interest in the steady application of the pick than the multiplication of idle words. Some of the most learned of these experts seem to think that the mineral discoveries on these lands will endanger the title, while the owners think the reverse. Hence some very spirited arguments between contending parties.

TRANSPORTATION TROUBLES IN OHIO.—Columbus, March 29.—The special committee appointed to investigate into the management of the telegraph, express and fast freight lines in Ohio, made their report to the general assembly to-day. In short the committee report that the telegraph companies are well managed, and no legislation is necessary regarding them; that the express companies in some cases charge too much for the transmission of articles, but much of their heavy charges are made necessary by the extravagant contracts the companies are forced to make with railroad companies, and no legislation can interfere with express rates. The committee in severe terms denounce the so-called fast freight lines and transportation companies, and declare that the legislature should take steps to abolish them.

THE TERRITORIES.

The first car load of ore from Utah mines was shipped in 1868. Now the Bingham Canyon road alone hauls out from twenty to thirty car loads daily.

Mr. John Tihonney, from Bond county, Ill., arrived at Walla Walla last week with his family, and says that he is in quest of a home for eight other families who will shortly follow.

From specimens of Tacoma coal sent on to Philadelphia for examination and comparison, report has been received pronouncing them superior to the Cumberland article. So says the *Tribune*.

The Hon. Daniel Clark, Master of the State Grange of Oregon, will be at Walla Walla on the 19th inst., and will address the Patrons of Husbandry on important matters pertaining to the order.

A party of 25 miners, or would-be miners, bearing a banner with the strange device, "Black Hills!" landed at Rawlins, Wyoming, week before last. They expect to pull out for Custer's paradise in a few days.

A wagon load of sabers, says the Salt Lake *Tribune*, the property of the Mormon Church and the Nauvoo Legion, were unloaded, yesterday, in front of a gunsmith shop on Commercial street, where they were taken to be repaired.

An expedition will leave Bismarck early in the summer for the Yellowstone country, with a view of carrying out Sheridan's recommendations for the establishment of military posts in that region, and will probably visit the Black Hills.

Persons at Tacoma, in Seattle and elsewhere pronounced a small shock felt on Saturday evening before last to be that of an earthquake. Others thought it only thunder, which, for a few minutes at that time, was very close and loud.

The Walla Walla *Spirit* of the 9th inst. says the waters of Mill creek, which threatened to undermine the city hall and did carry some bridges away and washed off a few choice garden spots, had subsided and fears of further damage were at an end.

Last year about 600 tons of silver ore were shipped from Beaverhead county, Montana, to Salt Lake City, Omaha, San Francisco, and other markets, which netted the owners, after paying all expenses, about $200 per ton, making the nice little sum of $100,000.

The second municipal election of the *town* of Tacoma will be held at the Reading-Room on the first Monday in May. Messrs. D. B. Hanna, J. H. Smith and A. J. Whipple were appointed officers of election, and Messrs. Charles Prosch and H. B. Crummer clerks.

The Cheyenne papers pretend *to* have advices from the northern agencies that the Sioux chiefs are anxious to sell out their title to the Black Hills country. They say that it is no longer a choice hunting ground, and they have no particular use for a region that produces nothing but gold.

One of the Flett boys, a few days since, while cutting out the fallen timber from across one of the Tacoma Valley roads, unfortunately cut himself across the knee-cap with his sharp ax, penetrating the bones deeply, and making a wound that will probably stiffen out that leg for the rest of his days.

William Pickup wants information from or about George Pickup, who left Philadelphia in 1841. Address, William Pickup, 1134 Somerset street, Port Richmond, Philadelphia, Pa. And, Mr. W. J. Young, of Seward, Seward county, Nebraska, writes to ascertain the whereabouts of his son, Charles W. Young.

Mr. Evance was once the village pedagogue of Tacoma, and a year after was a boatman on Tacoma bay. More recently he has been keeper of a gymnasium at Olympia. He don't do those things any more; he has gone to England to take possession of a twenty thousand dollar fortune that has become his by inheritance.

The exports to foreign countries from the district of Puget Sound during the month of March, 1875, amounted to $49,425. The number of vessels entered was 48, of a tonnage of 21,745; the number cleared was 37, having a tonnage of 15,493. The whole number of vessels entered and cleared was 85, and their aggregate tonnage 37,238.

A Sitka Indian began guzzling Hoochinoo until he fell dead—his insides bursting. The Shamans tried their choicest tricks to bring him back to life, even going so far as to invest in a half dollar's worth of red flannel to wrap him up in—but the stubborn fellow wouldn't resuscitate worth a cent. After having given him a five days' chance to make up his mind in, the indignant survivors roasted him.

Boatmen of Yankton at last advices had some fears of the safety of the steamboats now in winter quarters there. Those on the ways are all right, but those lying in the river are in great danger from the ice, during the breaking up in the spring. If they are saved it will be by good management. The ice there and at Bismarck is from 3 to 4 feet thick. It is believed the boats at Bismarck are also in great danger.

A Salt Lake paper tells that a peanut vender of that city, whose stand is near the court house, has been much annoyed recently by the petty thefts of prominent citizens, who, in passing, have been in the habit of helping themselves to a few nuts. To protect himself he "prepared" a quantity by saturating in croton oil, and placed them in the most accessible place outside the store, and awaited results. Presently a well known mining engineer corralled a handful; then a notary public came by taking his share, followed by a policeman, a broker, a clerk from the postoffice, and an attorney. All of these held an indignation meeting a few minutes after, in the rear of the court house, and resolved not to patronize that dealer any more.

PLAIN TALK ON SCHOOL MATTERS.

At the annual school meeting in Jacksonville, Michael Hanley was chosen director, and S. J. Day clerk. After some discussion, adopted:

WHEREAS, It is plainly evident to every candid and thinking mind that the Jacksonville district school, instead of being in a flourishing condition, is fast deteriorating and becoming more and more demoralized; not being the school it *once* was, nor that which it might now be, notwithstanding the board of directors ever has been, and now is, composed of men of influence and ability, and doubtless they have labored faithfully for the welfare of the school, doing that which they thought best. But as we are all subject to missteps or deceptions, they probably and evidently have been victimized ere this in matters pertaining to the school. Seeing the depraved condition the school is now in, it becomes us as patrons and as parents to ferret out the cause, if possible, and unite our prayers for its hasty eradication.

From 356 reported scholars in the district, the average daily attendance reached but 50. Who, then, will endeavor to persuade himself that this school even *approximates* that high standard of perfection which it so justly merits, and to which it is entitled?

Believing that there is a remedy at hand for this evil, we unite in offering the following resolutions, and pray that the directors consider them well, before employing an instructor for our children.

Resolved, That we heartily denounce the employment of any teacher who shall indulge to excess in intoxicating drinks of any kind whatever; and that we further disprove the employment of those who frequent saloons and there or elsewhere indulge in games of chance. We further believe that the directors should, if they think expedient, place teachers under restraints other than those prescribed by law.

Resolved, That with all teachers who may be employed hereafter the directors be authorized and empowered to so make their contract that for any violation of the provisions of this resolution the directors may dismiss them at any time.

FROM KANSAS.

A sister of a lady living in Salem writes the following from Jewell county, Kansas. The letter is published in the *Record*, and its authenticity is undoubted. The writer says:

The long, cold winter is past. It was the coldest winter that I ever saw. If the wind didn't blow so hard these days would be quite pleasant. People who have seed wheat are sowing and dragging it in. A kind neighbor got ten bushels of seed wheat for us. If it is paid for within one month we get it for $1 per bushel; if not paid for till six months we have to pay 25 per cent. additional. There are many who can't get any seed to sow. We haven't any potatoes or corn yet. We have offered our oxen for sale, but money and feed are so scarce that we can't hardly give them away. I sold one dozen chickens for $3 in trade. Last fall we couldn't give them away. We have 14 hens left. We received a letter from Gideon last week. He said that he couldn't make anything beside his expenses, grain and hay are so high there. He sent us $3 and one pound of tea this winter. We have had some aid from other sources, yet sometimes I feel so low spirited that I think *we will starve* before harvest; but I guess we have some friends yet who *won't let* us starve. There are so *many* getting aid who *are able to buy*, or else the needy would get more. There are a great many sick now. I think not having any vegetables to eat is unhealthy. We haven't been as healthy as usual. I miss potatoes almost as much as I would bread. We haven't tasted potatoes but a few times since last spring. If we can't raise enough provisions to live next year, I want to go where we can; but there are a great many who are worse off than we are. We haven't ever went hungry because we hadn't anything to eat, but sometimes we got tired of living on the *same kind* so long. I was at an aid meeting to-day, and, as usual, they quarreled over revising the constitution and by-laws, and those that are starving can starve. It is all by-laws and amendments.

A HAPPY FAMILY.—How lovely everything was three months ago! Our Democratic leaders were in the cheeriest and sunniest mood. The affection between Tilden, Kelly, Morrissey and Wickham, recalled the traditions of the friendship of David and Jonathan, or Damon and Pythias. But here the winter is not yet broken; the Hudson is still locked up with ice, and we have recriminations. Wickham mutinies against Kelly, Kelly despises Morrissey, the Democratic Speaker denounces the Democratic Governor, and all is confusion and misunderstanding. The Manhattan Club darling presides over the patronage of Tammany, and all that is left for the faithful is to troop to the Fourth avenue improvement and dig and blast for two dollars a day.—*N. Y. Herald, March 26.*

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. } { E. C. LORD, Portland.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

Sole Agents for the J. H. Cutter

Old BOURBON WHISKY

And Importers of

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.

431 Jackson St., San Francisco,

And 25 Front St., Portland, Or.

OSCAR KILBOURN,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Corner First and Pine Sts., Portland,

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, Etc.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and Fridays

A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

Real Estate at Auction.

SATURDAY, APRIL 17, 1875,

Improved City Residence Property, fine location.

ALSO,

Other REAL ESTATE.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

To Farmers and Others.

IMMIGRANTS ARE ARRIVING in the State by every steamer in search of employment, and the Board find difficulty in getting vacancies for them. We therefore earnestly request Farmers and others who require Farm Hands or labor of any kind, to immediately communicate with us and we will gladly supply them with such labor free of charge on our part. Please state the wages offered, the class of men you want, and for how long employment will be given. The Assistant Secretary is in daily attendance at the Board Rooms, Ankeny's Building, Portland, from 10 to 3 P. M. each day, to whom all letters should be addressed.

W. S. LADD,
B. GOLDSMITH,
H. W. CORBETT,
C. LEINENWEBER,
WILLIAM REID,
State Commissioners of Immigration.

JAS. L. KING, Notary Public. EDW'D CHATTIN, Commissioner for Oregon.

KING & CHATTIN,

(Successors to F. J. Thibault, deceased.)

Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds

For all the States and Territories,

CONVEYANCERS,

REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENTS

Office—442 California St., San Francisco, California.

Particular attention given to the taking of [illegible]

F. GOLDSMITH. [illegible]

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG

(Successors to Friedman & Co.)

32 and 34 Front St., O. S. N. Co.'s Block

Importers and Dealers in

STOVES, METALS,

AND

TINMEN'S STOCK.

AGENCY for TILTON & McFARLAND'S SAFES

MATZOTH! MATZOTH!!

Can be had as usual at the

OREGON BAKERY,

F. OPITZ.

m20d1m

J. N. VIMONT, Mem. S.F. Stock & Ex. Board. JAMES G. HUGHES, GEO. W. HUME.

VIMONT, HUGHES & CO.

General Commission

STOCK BROKERS,

420 Montgomery St., San Francisco

Buy and sell Stocks exclusively on Commission

m28 Liberal Advances made. 3m

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and [illegible] streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 13, 1875.

THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

The intelligent reader can not have failed to notice that for some time past there has been reported no crisis in French politics. There has been a real sense of relief in the quietude of affairs in France, so long has that state been continuously in the agony of transition from one form of government to another, or from one kind of anarchy to another. The contentions of the monarchists with the imperialists, that is, of the legitimatist monarchists with the Bonapartist monarchists, and of both these parties with the republicans, have kept the country in a ferment, making the present government ten-fold more difficult than it need be, and involving the future in the greatest uncertainty and instability. Every day was a field day with the politicians, and a critical period in the life of the nation. Now the legitimatists are in the ascendancy, now they are foiled by the Bonapartists with President MacMahon at their head, and now again the revolving wheel of fortune has brought the friends of popular government to the top, and both the monarchical parties are down. So it went from day to day, from week to week, from month to month. Shall France be a monarchy or a republic? and if a republic, what sort of a republic? and if a monarchy, what sort of a monarchy? These questions, in turn, agitated the people—some of them,—and the politicians, all of them, and enabled the leaders of the three parties to play the plains of the other two against each other, just sufficiently to make impossible the permanent establishment—even in the French sense—of any government, until the late success of the left center in devising a plain upon which a conservative republic might be proclaimed.

It was not with the best grace that MacMahon accepted the situation, and he has not yet been able so far to recover from the mortification and disgust occasioned by the triumph of the republicans to co-operate earnestly and heartily with the republican ministry; but he has had the good sense not to make open warfare against the nascent republic. He has seen too much of the ups and downs of public life to take up arms rashly against the inevitable. And, perhaps, too, he is calculating on the fickleness of French sentiment in matters of government to open the way before the expiration of his term as President for the incoming of the Bonapartes. Certainly MacMahon has it in his power to make the republic very unpopular, if he chooses to use his power for that purpose, and it is not outside the range of possibilities that such a thing is meditated by him. Nothing ought to be considered improbable, nor should any turn of affairs excite special wonder, in connection with a system so wonderful in all its aspects as French politics. If good wishes could insure success the Republic of France would be secure; but it will take more time for thoughtful people to settle down to a reasonable degree of confidence in its stability and permanency.

AN OIL CORNER.

For several years there have been occasional efforts to get up a corner in petroleum products. The limited extent of country that yields this article, would seem to be of great advantage to operators in getting up a corner. To control the product of half a dozen counties, would certainly be a less difficult matter than to control the market of a product that is produced over the entire area of many large States. Yet somehow all the attempts hitherto to get up a corner in oil have failed. The field, however, is an inviting one, and the operators in this class of business are not, generally speaking, of the sort that give up so long as there appears to be a reasonable ground to hope for success. The experiments in the way of trying to get control of the oil market have not yet demonstrated to the satisfaction of these people, that what appears so entirely practical in theory is nevertheless impracticable in fact, and they are just now engaged in an effort on a larger scale than ever to unite all the large interest and squeeze out all the small ones. Meetings are being held at New York and Philadelphia, of the principal oilmen, and they are trying to devise ways and means to forestall and control all business in that line.

The dry days and northerly winds suggest the danger from fires to which our city is peculiarly exposed during the summer season. Past experience has made the people of Portland excessively sensitive on the subject of fires, and as the dry season approaches they begin to think and talk about possible conflagrations as something to be particularly [illegible] suggestions of Chief Engineer Hallock, who is one of the most vigilant and skillful firemen in our very excellent department, and we have no doubt that whatever reasonable means he may ask to put the department in the most efficient condition will be granted.

THE PERSONAL APPEARANCE OF ST. PAUL.—Some years ago the pastor of a New England village church adopted a plan to interest the members of his flock in the study of the Bible. It was this: At the Wednesday evening meeting he would give out some topic to be discussed on the ensuing week, thus giving a week for them to study it up. One week the subject was St. Paul. After the preliminary devotional exercises, the pastor called upon his deacons to "speak to the question." One immediately arose and began to describe the personal appearance of the Apostle to the Gentiles. He said Paul was a tall, rather a spare man, with black hair and eyes, dark complexion, bilious temperament, etc. His picture of St. Paul was a faithful portrait of himself. He sat down, and another pillar of the church arose and said: "I think the brother preceding me has read the Scriptures to little purpose if his description of St. Paul is a sample of his biblical knowledge. St. Paul was, as I understand it, a rather short, thick-set man, with sandy hair, gray eyes, florid complexion, and nervous, sanguine temperament," giving, like his predecessor, an accurate picture of himself. He sat down, and then another brother rose to his feet. He had a keen sense of the ludicrous, and was withal an inveterate stammerer. He spoke about as follows: "My bro-bro-brethren, I never fo-found in my Bi-bible much ab-a-about the p-per-personal appearance of St. P-P-Paul. But one thing is certainly established, and tha-that is, St. P-P-Paul had an im-p-p-pediment in his speech." The effect can be imagined. A "tidal wave" of audible smiles swept over the congregation, the good clergyman taking his full quota. He immediately rose and dismissed the assembly.

Speaking of the imprisonment of the editor of the Chicago *Times* for constructive contempt in criticising the grand jury, the St Paul *Press* well says:

> No citizen is safe for a moment from fine and imprisonment, if such a ridiculous doctrine as Judge Williams announces is to prevail. He has manifestly settled an old personal quarrel with Storey by the arbitrary exercise of a doubtful power, which at best is entrusted to his hands to protect public interests, and not to execute private vengeance.

MARRIED:

In Oregon City, April 11, by Rev. G. H. Atkinson, Mr. Henry M. Cochran, late of Kansas, and Miss Annie Grooms, late of Portland.

DIED:

In Dalles City, April 11, Mrs. Jane, wife of Robert Pentland.

In Jacksonville, April 3, Mrs. M. A. Plymale, aged 71 years.

In New Tacoma, April 6, May, only daughter of G. N. and M. K. Alexander, aged 2 years, 3 months.

NEW TO-DAY.

LOST.

A LADY'S MARTIN BOA, ON SATURDAY last. The finder will be liberally rewarded on bringing it to the OREGONIAN OFFICE.
April 13, 1875. 2t

5,000 ONE POUND STRAWBERRY BOXES,
For sale at
Portland Box Factory.
a13d1m HARLOW & CO.

NOTICE.

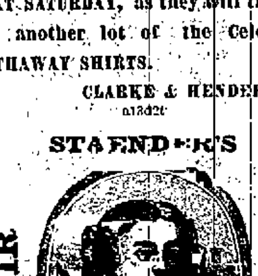
THE OWNERS OF THE FOLLOWING TICKETS are respectfully requested to call at once for their Prizes at 35 Washington street.
GERMAN AID SOCIETY.
104, 187, 193, 196, 353, 304, 306, 369, 376, 377, 380, 416, 433, 433, 463, 590, 708, 738, 765, 780, 823, 1030, 1254, 1319, 1360, 1405, 1574, 1601. a13d3t

NOTICE!

All parties wishing to have their Measure taken for Shirts made to order will please leave their order with CLARKE & HENDERSON previous to NEXT SATURDAY, as they will then order another lot of the Celebrated HATHAWAY SHIRTS.
CLARKE & HENDERSON.
a13d2t

STAENDER'S

HAIR RENEWER!



Guaranteed Superior to all others.
For sale at all Drug Stores, and at the Metropolitan Baths, Washington street, bet Front and First.
a12deod2w

GRAND OPENING
OF
SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING
AT
"The Clothing Store,"
COR. FRONT AND ALDER STREETS.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE ESTABlishment inform their patrons and the public generally that they have nearly completed unpacking the amount of

$20,000 Spring & Summer CLOTHING!

And we would here mention that it is of importance to those contemplating to purchase to first examine our

New Stock and Prices!

Our GOODS are DIRECT FROM THE EAST and are of the very Latest Styles and Patterns, and consist of

French and American Cassimere Suits, Diagonal Suits, new styles.

Kersey Suits, English Derby Suits, new styles.

Genuine French Cassimere Pants, new styles, and others too numerous to mention.

A large stock of Boys' and Youths' light and dark colored

SUITS OF NEW STYLES,
Large Stock of Hats, &c.

Workingmen, Attention!
We are now enabled to sell the first class
PATENT OVERALLS AT 75 CENTS.
Large Stock of
FURNISHING GOODS!
Also, a full line of [illegible]

AUCTION SALE OF TEAS!
BY
S. L. JONES & CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA,
Tuesday, April 20, 1875,
Ex "GREAT REPUBLIC" and "VASCO DE GAMA."
Importation of Macondray & Co.
4,000 PACKAGES
NEW CROP
JAPAN & COMET TEAS!
In Assorted Packages, Comprising
Bulk, one-pound and half-pound papers;
Lacquered Boxes in three, four-and-a-half, five and ten pound packages;
And Large Fancy Cases.
S. L. JONES & CO., Auctioneers,
San Francisco

Harmony Encampment No. 4, C. of R. C.
—Meets Tuesday Evenings at Good Templars' Hall, corner Third and Alder streets, at 7½ o'clock.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATER!
ALEX. P. ANKENY..........Proprietor
J. A. HERNE..........Manager
J. H. LeROY..........Stage Manager
CHAS. BRAY..........Musical Director

Best Bill of the Season!
J. A. HERNE,
IN ONE OF HIS NEATEST CHARACTERS.
TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 13, 1875.
First time here of Tom Taylor's 3 act Comedy entitled
BLACK BEETLES!
OR, THE BABES IN THE WOOD:
JEREMIAH BEETLE..........J. A. HERNE.
After which,
BILLIE DEAVES' SILVER CLOG!
To conclude with the Bouffenne Musicale, by Offenbach, entitled
BLIND BEGGARS!
Patachon, "with violin solo"..........Thos. Whiffen
GRAND MATINEE--SATURDAY!
Wednesday—Kathleen Mavourneen—Hard Struggle
No Extra Charge for Reserved Seats.
Prices of Admission—Dress Circle and Orchestra Chairs, $1 00. Gallery, 50 cts. Children half price. Private Boxes from $5 00 to $7 50. Box Office (in charge of G. L. DePRANS,) open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.
Doors open at 7. Commence at 8.

CROQUET SETS, VARIOUS STYLES, AND BABY CARRIAGES are at Ackerman's Dollar Store.

SWISS & BOOK MUSLINS, NAINSOOK, Victoria & Bishop Lawns &c., for sale by JOHN WILSON, 107 Third street.

A. CORNART, TAILOR, HAS RESUMED business, and respectfully solicits a share of patronage. Front street, Cosmopolitan Hotel Building. n5Mon&Thtf

NEW TO-DAY.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXisting between A. B. Richardson and S. L. N. Gilman is this dissolved by mutual consent. Parties indebted to the late firm will please make immediate payment to A. B. Richardson, who will continue the business at the old stand, in his own name.
A. B. RICHARDSON,
SAM'L L. N. GILMAN.
Portland April 5, 1875.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon. In the matter of G. Kohlberg, bankrupt. I hereby give notice that the final meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held in the city of Portland, in said District, on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1875, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of H. H. Northup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy in said District, for the purpose named in the twenty-seventh section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867. I also give notice that I will file my final account as Assignee of said estate in said Court, and that on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1875, I shall apply to said Court for settlement of my said accounts, and for a discharge from all liabilities as Assignee of said estate in accordance with provisions of the twenty-eighth section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867.
JOSEPH BACHMAN, Assignee.
a12law3t

MACHINE OILS!

LARD OIL, CHINA OIL, DOG FISH Spindle-oil and Castor-oil,
IN LOTS TO SUIT.
HODGE, CALEF & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,
75 Front Street.

CARPETS! CARPETS!
CARPETS!
LOW PRICES!

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THOSE wanting Carpets to the Splendid Stock of
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
RUGS, MATS,
WALL PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.,
Now opening at the Warerooms of the
Oregon Furniture Manf'g Co.
The CARPETS were selected from Samples, English and American manufacture. We challenge comparison as to patterns, prices and quality.
FRONT St., bet. Washington & Alder.

PACIFIC BOOT & SHOE HOUSE.
HANAN & REDISH'S

NEW YORK BUCKLE GAITER.

59 different Spring and Summer Styles of **Gents' Shoes and Gaiters** Have arrived per steamer Oriflamme direct from New York and Philadelphia, at PACIFIC BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE, at their New Store,
77 First Street, Dekum's Building.

LADIES' LINEN SUITS
LADIES' LINEN SUITS!
A MOST ELEGANT ASSORTMENT!
Comprising the very
LATEST PATTERNS!
Just unpacking, at
SIMON HARRIS'
Odd Fellows' Building.
CALL TO-DAY AND INSPECT!

PIONEER WOOD YARD,
FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET.
SORENSEN & TAYLOR.
ALL KINDS OF WOOD,
Sawed and unsawed, constantly on hand and delivered to any part of the City.

Pioneer Carpet Weaver.
EDWARD STILLER
HAS RESUMED BUSINESS AT HIS RESIdence, Third street, between Madison and Jefferson.
WANTED—1,000,000 Yards of Carpet to weave. a9d1m

MADE TO ORDER.
IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF FINE BOOTS, made to order go to
J. BRADY,
No. 5 Washington Street
Repairing promptly attended to.

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

GRAND OPENING
AT
THE WHITE HOUSE
OF
SPRING NOVELTIES!

WE HAVE THE PLEASURE TO ANnounce that we have now on exhibition
FOR THE
SPRING AND SUMMER SEASON,
NEW SILKS,
IN ALL THE DESIRABLE SHADES.
NEW DRESS GOODS,
Consisting of Several New Varieties.
THE VERY LATEST STYLES OF
PARISIAN SUITS
Direct from the Most Fashionable Houses.

TO OUR
MILLINERY DEPARTMENT
We make Special Announcement that on
THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,
APRIL 1st, 2d and 3d,
WE SHALL HAVE
OUR GRAND OPENING
OF
SPRING MILLINERY GOODS,
On which occasion we shall Display the
VERY LATEST STYLES OF
FRENCH HATS AND BONNETS.

LEWIS & STRAUSS,
No. 87 First Street.

WAITING!
MISS JENNIE MACNAMARA

Would respectfully inform the Ladies of Portland that her Spring Stock of MILLINERY is now ready for inspection, waiting the arrival of Novelties from New York by Steamer Ajax.

PATTERN BONNETS and HATS will be ready for approval on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, 6th, 7th & 8th days of April.

Having made arrangements while East the Ladies are assured that the very LATEST STYLES may be relied on.

Please remember the days, April 6, 7 and 8.
Respectfully,
JENNIE MACNAMARA.

MRS. G. H. CLARKE
Announces the
1st Day of April as the Opening Day
FOR THE FIRST SPRING STYLES OF
MILLINERY GOODS!
I respectfully call special attention to my
IMPORTED FRENCH HATS & BONNETS
Also English and French Chips, Misses and Children's fine Leghorn Hats of every description; Feathers and Flowers of all styles.
Please call and see them. MRS. G. H. CLARKE.
☞TWO APPRENTICES WANTED immediately.

REMOVAL.
J. CLARK,
DEALER IN SADDLERY,
And Importer of
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
Has removed from 78 to 96 Front Street,

NEW STOCK!
Prices to Suit the Times.
SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!
Field, Flower & Garden Seeds.
NEW STOCK JUST RECEIVED.
FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,
Of all descriptions.
WHALE OIL and CARBOLIC SOAP for destroying Insects. Also, Trellises, Flowerpots, stands, etc. Send for Catalogue.
HACHENEY & STEMME, Grocers,
daw First and Taylor sts., Portland, Or.

ASSAY OFFICE.
J. H. FISK,
ASSAYER AND METALLURGIST,
No. 29 Stark Street.
HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM THE EAST with a new stock of Chemicals, Analytical and Assaying Materials, I am prepared to Analyze Coals, Ores, Minerals and Metals of every description.
The highest price paid for Gold Dust and Gold bars.

OFFICE OF
The Singer Manufacturing Co.
No. 101 Third St., Portland, Or.
Machines sold on Note or Installment Plan, and liberal discount made for cash.
Good reliable Agents wanted. m26d1m

E. HAMILTON'S
Law Office,
S. W. corner Washington and Front Streets. Entrance on Washington.
n8 1m

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING.

MERCHANT TAILORING!
Superior to Any Ever Made in Oregon, are those
ELEGANT SUITS!
Turned out by the NEW MAN just out from New York, and employed as CUTTER at the
Fashionable Establishment
OF
FISHEL & ROBERTS,
Cor. First and Washington Sts.
PRICES REDUCED, the FIT IMPROVED and ASSORTMENT of CLOTHS FINER and MORE SELECT than any ever brought to Oregon before.
THE STOCK OF
Ready Made Clothing
Is Complete, and a call at the Establishment WILL CONVINCE EVERY ONE of the SUPERIORITY in QUALITY, and IMMENSE ASSORTMENT IN QUANTITY.

THE RAILROAD FEVER!

EVERYBODY IS ANXIOUS TO HAVE A RAILroad connection with the East, and the present outlook is very encouraging. It will bring new people and new enterprises will be inaugurated, thus improving affairs generally in Oregon. No one should send money out of the State for articles they can procure as cheap and as suitable here. Home industry should at all times be patronized. JOHNSON & QUINN are receiving New Goods by every steamer, and having had experience in Europe and in the Eastern States for years, feel fully qualified to make up Clothing equal in every particular to any that can be procured in New York or San Francisco. Orders need not be forwarded abroad while they are able to do the work in first class style at prices to compare with eastern manufacturers' figures. They are manufacturing daily as good fitting and as stylish suits as can be found anywhere. Recollect the place and give your orders to them. Send no more money out of the State for fine fitting clothing while this firm can guarantee perfect satisfaction in every particular.
JOHNSON & QUINN,
Stark Street, between First and Second.

NEIMEYER & UTTER,
Merchant Tailors,
45 First St., bet. Oak & Pine.

CAUTION!
GENUINE CAPE ANN OIL CLOTHING can be found only at the San Francisco Clothing Store, 89 Front Street. Any others are imitations put up in San Francisco, as can be seen by their advertisements.
Lookout for the Genuine article we warrant to keep you dry.
m20d1m H. WOLF.

OYSTERS.
The Best Season of the Year to Eat
OYSTERS!
At no time of the year are the SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS in better order or finer flavored than at the present. Served in all the different styles, by that King of Oystermen, "ROSCO."
EASTERN OYSTERS fresh by every steamer.
"GEM SALOON."

ALISKY & HEGELE'S
PREMIUM CANDY FACTORY,
No. 107 FIRST STREET.
N. B.—The only place where the justly celebrated
Pan-Roasts and Oyster Patties
ARE SERVED.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON
KEPT BY OLD WALLER, WHO FOR THE LAST four years conducted the Gem Oyster Saloon, to the universal satisfaction of his employers and all who visited said place, is now prepared to attend to the wants of his numerous friends at his own place, which he warrants will be kept only on First Class principles. He also would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has made arrangements to get FRESH SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS, expressly selected for him twice a week, and A No. 1 EASTERN OYSTERS per every steamer.
A cordial invitation is extended to Ladies and Gentlemen to come and convince themselves as to the kind of a place he keeps.
WM. WALLER.
Oak street, 2d door west of Pfunder's Drug store.

TO LET.
TO RENT.
THE ROOMS LATELY OCCUPIED BY DR. ALfred Kinney, in Dekum's Building, are now for rent. Apply to the undersigned.
CLARKE & HENDERSON.
FOR RENT.
FORTY ACRES OF GARDEN LAND, INCLUDing 20 acres of Beaver Dam, in good state of cultivation. For full particulars apply to
WM. BARNES,
Stalls 18, 19, 20, 21, Central Market.

WANTS.
WANTED,
TO BUY A GOOD PAYING BUSINESS, or would go in Partnership with some good honest man, or would hire out and let his employer have part of his capital. Inquire of Mr. BIERBAUER, Soda Works, No. 4, Front street. a10d6t

AGENTS WANTED:
TO CANVASS FOR THE Illustrated Weekly either in Oregon or Washington Territory. Those wishing canvassing outfits apply to
a7d6t J. M. FISK, Albany, Or.

WANTED,
ALL PERSONS WHO ORDERED STRAWBERry Plants, (of the Los Angeles variety, exhibited at the State Fair,) through A. J. Dufur, to send their orders to him or the undersigned. Residence first house east of the Asylum, East Portland.
April 1, 1875. D. W. ELLIS.
a8d6t

WINDOW GLASS.
100 Boxes
AT COST OF IMPORTATION
FROM ENGLAND,
Sizes from 16x24 to 26x38,
IN LOTS TO SUIT.
FOR SALE BY
GEO. L. STORY,
PORTLAND.
Orders can be left with J. M. CRAWFORD, at KILBOURN'S AUCTION HOUSE.

C. A. BURCHARDT,
30 Washington street, south side, between Second and Third,
Dealer in Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
SWISS CHEESE, Etc., Etc.,
BILLIARD GOODS
Of all descriptions, at San Francisco prices.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.
CARRYING U. S. MAILS.
THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer
AJAX.
FRED. BOLLES..........Commander,
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port
THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1875,
At 5 o'clock, P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA.
CARRYING U. S. MAILS.
THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller
CALIFORNIA,
JOHN HAYES..........Commander.
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above ports,
SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1875,
At 6 o'clock P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

RIVER STEAMERS.

NOTICE.
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the Str. SENATOR will leave her dock foot of F street, every day (Sundays excepted), at 2:30 P. M. for Oregon City.
Passengers for Dayton and intermediate points will take cars at 7:30, connecting at Canemah on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

Rates of Freight:

Corvallis to Portland	$2 50
Albany and Salem	2 00
Harrisburg	3 00

All freights delivered in Portland free of drayage.
Up Freight, $1 00 per Ton.
Freight forwarded to Astoria with dispatch.
J. D. BILES, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s
PASSENGER SCHEDULE.
PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND
FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.
FOR WALLULA—Monday and Friday, at 5 A. M.
FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M.
FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.
FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A. M.
For Cathlamet, Bay View and Skomockaway—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.
For Westport, Manhattan and Clifton—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.
For KNAPPA—Thursday, at 6 A. M.
J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.
Special Notice!
FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE Rates between Portland and The Dalles will be as follows:

Freight	Ten Dollars per Ton
Passage	Five Dollars

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.
March 11, 1875. mar12d1m

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers
Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:
FOR CORVALLIS and intermediate points on the Willamette River, on Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.
For ASTORIA—Steamer WILLAMETTE CHIEF—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.
Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES.
FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.
THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,
JAS. W. TROUPE, Master,
WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM FOOT OF ALder Street for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 6 A. M.
For freight or passage apply on board.
Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M., daily, except Sundays.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WILLIAMS & KRUMBEIN.
Architects,
Office—Room 17 Dekum's Building.

H. W. DILG,
Locksmith, Safe-Maker & Bell-Hanger,
Washington Street, between First and Front.
MY PATRONS AND CUSTOMERS WILL FIND me at the above place ready at a moment's notice to do any kind of work in my line.
Locks and Safes repaired at short notice and in No. 1 style. Bells hung in the latest style. Patent models made to order.
d31 4m

Don't Buy Before Seeing the
NEW HOME S. M.
Highest Premium, Gold Medal, Awarded by American Institute.
Manufacture Commenced 1873.

LIGHT RUNNING.

Every Patron recommends them. Over 90,000 sold. Improved Home Shuttle, new style. Makes 3 Stitches. Just received. The only practical low-priced machine in the market. Diamond Hemmers in sets. Needles, all kinds, 75 cts per dozen.
Either Machine guaranteed to give satisfaction. Sold on New Plan. Don't believe false statements of Agents for other Machines. Receiving from Factory. Can sell at lowest Cash Prices. Full particulars and Price List sent to any address. Agents wanted. Machines for rent.
GEO. W. TRAVER, Manufacturers' Agent,
S. W. corner Morrison and Third sts.
m20d Sat&w1m

FROM HONOLULU.
THE CARGO OF THE JANE A. FALKINBURG consisting of Assorted Grades of
SUGARS, COFFEE, PULU AND RICE,
is offered to the Trade at low rates, by
ALLEN & LEWIS.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.
ALL COUNTY ORDERS ENDORSED PRIOR to April 12, 1875, will be paid on presentation at my office, after that date.
a9d3t L. HARBAUGH,
Treasurer of Multnomah county.

AUCTION AND COMMISS

A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEE
COR. OF FRONT AND OAK
Auction Sales
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL CHANDISE AND HORSES.
Sale Days—Wednesday and Satu
At Private Sale,
Large assortment of GROCERIES and LI
Liberal advances made on Consi
To parties declining Housek
that I will purchase Second-Ha
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auc

Regular and Peremptory
OF
REAL ESTATE,
Furniture, Groceries, G
Merchandise, Etc.
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1875.
At 10 o'clock A. M.
REAL ESTATE.
Lots Five (5) and Six (6) in Block 60, ner of Fifth and Taylor streets. Together and substantial Frame Building, know theran Church.
ALSO,
One Frame DWELLING HOUSE
Title Perfect.
ALSO,
FURNITURE.
ONE FINE PARLOR SET.
ALSO,
BEDROOM, DINING ROOM and KITC FURNITURE.
ALSO,
5 bbls MIXED PICKLES.
25 kegs TOMATO CATSUP.
25 " MIXED PICKLES.
20 " PLAIN do
15 cs ASSORTED PIE FRUIT.
A. B. RICHARDSON

INSURANCE.
ESTABLISHED 1809.
North British and Merc
Fire Insurance Comp
OF LONDON AND EDINB
Capital, $10,000,000

Fireman's Fund Insura
OF CALIFORNIA.
Assets, - - - $667,
EDWARD HA
MANAGER.
Office—Front Street [illegible] Wash

THE STATE
Investment & In
COMPANY,
OF SAN FRANCISCO
FIRE AND MA
Incorporated in 18
Cash Assets,
OFFICERS:
PETER DONAHU BRYANT
CHAR
This Comp
surance
the Lowes
according
The und
Agents for
to accept
and Marine
A. P. HOTALING
General Agents for O
N. B.—Agents Wanted throughout
Territory.

GEO. H. HI
THE FIRST
Steam Job Prin
No. 5 Washington St.
SIGN OF THE BIG
HAND.
Business Men
Neat Printing
Cheap Printing
Quick
And to supply this want I have pr
with every thing
execution.
COMMERCIAL, LEGAL &
Printing.
In connection with my establish
there is a
First-Class Book-Bind
AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACT
Don't forget to call, see samples
prices.
Orders by mail will be promptly
GEO. H.
No. 5 W

KOSHLAND BRO
No. 8 Front Street.
Importers and Commission M
HAVE NOW ON HAN
sale to the trade—
15,000 WOOL BAGS.
50,000 GRAIN BAGS, 22x36.
100,000 yds BURLAPS, 40, 4
100 tons Liverpool SALT.
100 bales PULU.
20 bales 3, 4, and 5 ply Ame TWINE.
Which we will sell at the lo
A liberal discount will be mad
cash.
N. B.—We also buy and sell
make liberal Cash Advances
We pay the highest market
and Furs.

THE AGEN
For the Sale of t
"GROVER & BAKER"
Elastic Stitch and Lock Stitch
SEWING MACHIN
Has been Establishe
Messrs. WM. BECK & SON
107 Front Street, Portland.
m19d1m

We will close out an Invoice of
Childrens' Carriages, Boys' Wagons and
Croquets,
AT REDUCED PRICES
To make room for a consign
IMPROVED
GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES
m19d1m WM. BECK & SON

WANTED!
ALL KINDS OF RAW FURS
Also, choice qualities of
for which we will pay the HIGH
RUMMELIN & GUINAN
Manufacturing Furriers, 56 First Stre
Stark and Oak.

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 13, 1875.

CITY.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A very distressing acci took place on Sauvie's Island last Sun by which Thomas, second son of Clinton Bonser, lost his life. It appears that Robert and Thomas Bonser, brothers, aged about and 15 years, were on the island yesterday Sunday, hunting geese. Having separated for a short time they both espied a flock, and each unknown to the other, attempted to get a shot. After creeping through the hard-hack some distance Robert, supposing he was near enough, up and fired. Just as he pulled the trigger Thomas raised up in front of him but a short distance off, to shoot likewise, and received the contents of the gun in the back of his head. Deceased was a boy of un commonly bright promise, but failed to remember the Sabbath day.

NEW STEAM MILL.—The pile-driver is present moored just below the Portland water works, and will commence operations soon for the foundation of the large steam sawmill which is to be erected this season by Messrs. M. Carter and Levi Estes. This mill is to be erected on a point about midway between the water works and the upper sawmill, on a piece of ground purchased by the gentlemen mentioned, for that purpose. Piles will be driven as soon as the high water comes, and the frame for the building will speedily follow. It is the intention of the proprietors to have the mill in operation, if possible, by the of July. The mill will have a cutting capacity of 20,000 feet of lumber per day.

AT BAKER CITY.—Mr. T. Jeff. Carter, who is so well known in Portland, is now in Baker City looking after his mining interests in that region. He has been absent from the city nearly a year. During the past winter Mr. Carter stopped at Winnemucca. He has purchased an interest in several valuable mining claims situated a few miles from Winnemucca, which promise to turn out well. Mr. Carter's has not been good for some time, so for the future he will spend the summers at Baker City looking after his mining interests, and the winters at Winnemucca, where he will superintend the work of developing the claims in which he owns an interest.

ST. ANDREWS' SOCIETY.—Says the Salem *Statesman* of Sunday: Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday in the Secretary of State's office, incorporating the St. Andrews Society of Oregon. The object of the incorporation is to assist members of this society and their families and other Scotchmen who may be in distress or in need of material aid and the development of the mutual faculties of its members by fostering and maintaining a reading room and library. The location of the society will be in Portland, Oregon. The incorporators are Peter Taylor, Donald Macleay, Thomas Robertson, J. Keith Wilson, A. Rob

CHALLENGE.—At a regular meeting of the Sumner Literary Club, held last Saturday evening, the following communication was to the Philomathean Literary Society: The Sumner Literary Club of Portland hereby challenge the Philomathean Society to meet them in a public literary contest any time within one month from receipt of this, the contest to consist of an essay, declamation and debate; three speakers on the part of each society." At a meeting held last evening by the Philomathean Society, the above challenge was promptly accepted.

PASSED TO SEA.—A note from Astoria date last says: The steamer *Oriflamme*, on her way from Portland to San Francisco, arrived at the Astoria wharf at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. Owing to a dense fog on the river and at the bar, she did not sail until 11:30 by which time a bright, warm sun and breeze had dispersed the clouds of mist and the steamer went to sea with a good passenger list and all in fine spirits.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, Oregon, April 12, 1875:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Thermometer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wind, direction	N.	N.	[illegible]
Wind, velocity	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Weather	[illegible]	Clear	Clo
Maximum temperature	[illegible]		

ENCAMPMENT INSTITUTED.—On Wednesday evening of the present week, A. Noltner, D. G. S., will visit Olympia for the purpose of instituting a new Encampment, I. O. O. F. A number of members of the Order in this city, will accompany Mr. Noltner.

NOT REMOVED.—As an impression exists that the photographic gallery of Buchtel & Sto has been removed to Morrison's building the firm desire to state that such is not the ca but that only the store formerly at No. 77 F street has been removed to that building.

FIRST SHIPMENT.—Messrs. Harlow & Co., the Portland Box Factory, shipped yester on the steamer *Minnehaha* 4,000 salmon ca to the fisheries. This is the first shipment salmon cases made this season.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Leave orders for Hathaway shirts at Cla & Henderson's.

Harlow & Co. are manufacturing strawb boxes in large quantities.

The auction firm of A. B. Richardson & has been dissolved, Mr. Gilman retir Business will be continued by Mr. Rich son.

S. L. Jones & Co., of San Francisco, off auction sale Tuesday, April 20th, a large voice of teas (new crop), and dealers sh note the fact.

If you are bald-headed, or your hair is ing gray, purchase a bottle of Staender's p aration. It is offered for sale at the stores and at his place of business. See vertisement.

In the advertisement of "The Clot Store" mention is made of the grand ope of spring and summer clothing, and from inspection of the display made we have cause to say that it is all the proprietors nounce. The new styles are very attra and the prices have been regulated w view to accommodate those who are disp to economize. Youths' clothing, in m new styles, the patent overalls, and a stock of boots and shoes are included in display.

AMUSEMENTS.

Had the public known what a treat was store for them they would have pres themselves in greater numbers at the th last evening. The bill was a capital one. day evening is not considered a good nigh amusements, but this time it was. The liant comedy by Tom Taylor entitled "B Beetles," the clog dance by Billie Deave a musical sketch called the "Blind Begg constituted the programme. Our space not permit of extended mention, but we say no play yet presented this season wa more entertaining than that of "Black tles." All the characters were well cast each member was perfectly at home thro out. Mr. Herne was exceedingly hap Jeremiah Beetles and won additional In Offenbach's musical Bon Bouffe, "The Beggars," Mr. Thos. Whiffin made a de hit. His singing was well executed, and performance on the violin a complete su to everybody. The sketch proved to be happiest thing of the evening. This eve the same bill will be presented. If you enjoy an evening, we certainly should a a visit to the theater to-night.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION

Nathan and Mary Robinson to John Wilso 1, 2 and 3, block 165—$7,000.

Joseph Smith and wife to Lucy M. Mead, a p containing 20 acres, situated in section N., R 1 E—$52.

Wm. P. Burke to Catharine Burke, the eq undivided ½ of lots 3 and 4, in block 64; al tional block 43, in Stark's Addition; also t of lot 4, block 18—$1.

Lucy M. Mead to Samuel Pearson, a piece containing 20 acres, in section 25, T. 1 N., R $1.00.

C. Hawthorne to Nora Carroll, lots 3 block 260, East Portland—$1.

John A. Orchard to James Thomas, a piec containing 50 acres, in section 18, T. 1 N., R $225.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Wilson Bowlby was visiting yesterday. He is looking unusually hearty.

ON AND COMMISSION.
B. RICHARDSON,
CTIONEER
OF FRONT AND OAK STS.
Auction Sales
--Wednesday and Saturday
t Private Sale.
EAL ESTATE,
re, Groceries, General
erchandise, Etc.,
NESDAY, APRIL 14, 1875,
At 10 o'clock A. M.
REAL ESTATE.
ALSO,
DWELLING HOUSE.
ALSO,
FURNITURE.
PARLOR SET.
ALSO,
DINING ROOM AND KITCHEN.
ALSO,
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.
INSURANCE.
ABLISHED 1800.
British and Mercantile
Insurance Company,
ONDON AND EDINBURGH.
AL, $10,000,000 Gold.
n's Fund Insurance Co.
OF CALIFORNIA.
- - $667,469 93.
DWARD HALL,
MANAGER.
THE STATE
tment & Insurance
COMPANY.
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
E AND MARINE.
ncorporated in 1871.
sets, - - $420,000.
O. H. HIMES,
THE FIRST
m Job Printer
In the State of Oregon,
Washington St., Portland,
IGN OF THE BIG
HAND.
Business Men
DEMAND
Cheap
Quick
RCIAL, LEGAL & SOCIETY
Printing.
Class Book-Bindery
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY.
SHAND BROS.
No. 8 Front Street,
and Commission Merchants,
HE AGENCY
For the Sale of the
VER & BAKER"
ING MACHINES.
WM. BECK & SON.
Carriages, Boys' Wagons and
Croquets,
REDUCED PRICES.
MPROVED
BAKER SEWING MACHINES
WM. BECK & SON.
WANTED!

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 13, 1875.

CITY.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A very distressing accident took place on Sauvie's Island last Sunday, by which Thomas, second son of Clinton Bonser, lost his life. It appears that Robert and Thomas Bonser, brothers, aged about 13 and 15 years, were on the island yesterday, hunting geese. Having separated for a short time they both espied a flock, and each unknown to the other, attempted to get a shot. After creeping through the hard-hack some distance Robert, supposing he was near enough, raised up and fired. Just as he pulled trigger, Thomas raised up in front of him but a short distance off, to shoot likewise, and received the contents of the gun in the back of his head. Deceased was a boy of uncommonly bright promise, but failed to remember the Sabbath day."

NEW STEAM MILL.—The pile-driver is at present moored just below the Portland water works, and will commence operations soon for the foundation of the large steam sawmill which is to be erected this season by Messrs. C. H. Carter and Levi Estes. This mill is to be erected on a point about midway between the water works and the upper sawmill, on a piece of ground purchased by the gentlemen mentioned, for that purpose. Piles will be driven as soon as the high water comes, and the frame for the building will speedily follow. It is the intention of the proprietors to have the mill in operation, if possible, by the 1st of July. The mill will have a cutting capacity of 20,000 feet of lumber per day.

AT BAKER CITY.—Mr. T. Jeff. Carter, who is so well known in Portland, is now in Baker City looking after his mining interests in that section. He has been absent from the city nearly a year. During the past winter Mr. Carter stopped at Winnemucca. He has purchased an interest in several valuable mining claims situated a few miles from Winnemucca, which promise to turn out well. Mr. Carter's health has not been good for some time, so for the future he will spend the summers at Baker City looking after his mining interests there, and the winters at Winnemucca, where he will superintend the work of developing the claims in which he owns an interest.

ST. ANDREWS' SOCIETY.—Says the Salem *Statesman* of Sunday: "Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday in the Secretary of State's office, incorporating the St. Andrews Society of Oregon. The object of the incorporation is to assist members of this society and their families and other Scotchmen who may be in distress or in need of material aid, and the development of the mental faculties of its members by fostering and maintaining a reading room and library. The location of the society will be in Portland, Oregon. The incorporators are Peter Taylor, Donald Macleay, Thomas Robertson, J. Keith Wilson, A. Roberts."

CHALLENGE.—At a regular meeting of the Sumner Literary Club, held last Saturday evening, the following communication was sent to the Philomathean Literary Society: "The Sumner Literary Club of Portland hereby challenge the Philomathean Society to meet them, in a public literary contest any time within one month from receipt of challenge; the contest to consist of an essay, declamation and debate; three speakers on the part of each society." At a meeting held last evening by the Philomathean Society, the above challenge was promptly accepted.

PASSED TO SEA.—A note from Astoria dated 11th inst. says: The steamer *Oriflamme*, on her way from Portland to San Francisco, arrived at the Astoria wharf at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. Owing to a dense fog on the river and at the bar, she did not sail until 11:30 A. M., by which time a bright, warm sun and a gentle breeze had dispersed the clouds of mist, and the steamer went to sea with a good passenger list and all in fine spirits.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, Oregon, April 12, 1875:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Thermometer	55°	80°	62°
Wind direction	N.	N.	N.
Wind velocity	4	8	5
Weather	Clear.	Clear.	Clear.
Maximum temperature			80°

ENCAMPMENT INSTITUTED.—On Wednesday evening of the present week, A. Noltner, D. D. G. P., will visit Olympia for the purpose of instituting a new Encampment, I. O. O. F. at that place. A number of members of the order in this city will accompany Mr. Noltner.

NOT REMOVED.—As an impression exists that the photographic gallery of Buchtel & Stolte has been removed to Monnastes' building that firm desire to state that such is not the case, but that only the store formerly at No. 77 First street has been removed to that building.

FIRST SHIPMENT.—Messrs. Harlow & Co., of the Portland Box Factory, shipped yesterday on the steamer *Minnehaha* 4,000 salmon cases to the fisheries. This is the first shipment of salmon cases made this season.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Leave orders for Hathaway shirts at Clarke & Henderson's.

Harlow & Co. are manufacturing strawberry boxes in large quantities.

The auction firm of A. B. Richardson & Co. has been dissolved, Mr. Gilman retiring. Business will be continued by Mr. Richardson.

S. L. Jones & Co., of San Francisco, offer at auction sale Tuesday, April 20th, a large invoice of teas (new crop), and dealers should note this fact.

If you are bald-headed, or your hair is turning grey, purchase a bottle of Staender's preparation. It is offered for sale at the drug stores and at his place of business. See advertisement.

In the advertisement of "The Clothing Store" mention is made of the grand opening of spring and summer clothing, and from an inspection of the display made we have just cause to say that it is all the proprietors announce. The new styles are very attractive, and the prices have been regulated with a view to accommodate those who are disposed to economize. Youths' clothing, in many new styles, the patent overalls, and a new stock of boots and shoes are included in the display.

AMUSEMENTS.

Had the public known what a treat was in store for them they would have presented themselves in greater numbers at the theater last evening. The bill was a capital one. Monday evening is not considered a good night for amusements, but this time it was. The brilliant comedy by Tom Taylor entitled "Black Beetles," the clog dance by Billie Deaves, and a musical sketch called the "Blind Beggars," constituted the programme. Our space will not permit of extended mention, but we must say no play yet presented this season was any more entertaining than that of "Black Beetles." All the characters were well cast, and each member was perfectly at home throughout. Mr. Herne was exceedingly happy as Jeremiah Beetles and won additional favor. In Offenbach's musical Bon Honuire, "Blind Beggars," Mr. Thos. Whiffin made a decided hit. His singing was well executed, and the performance on the violin a complete surprise to everybody. The sketch proved to be the happiest thing of the evening. This evening the same bill will be presented. If you would enjoy an evening, we certainly should suggest a visit to the theater to-night.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Nathan and Mary Robinson to John Wilson, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 165—$7,000.

Joseph Smith and wife to Lucy M. Mead, a piece of land containing 20 acres, situated in section 25, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.—$32.

Wm. P. Burke to Catharine Burke, the equal and undivided ½ of lots 3 and 4, in block 63; also fractional block 43, in Stark's Addition; also the west ½ of lot 4, block 18—$1.

Lucy M. Mead to Samuel Pearson, a piece of land containing 20 acres, in section 25, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.—$1,300.

J. C. Hawthorne to Nora Carroll, lots 3 and 4 in block 200, East Portland—$1.

John A. Orchard to James Thomas, a piece of land containing 60 acres, in section 16, T. 1 N. R. 1 west—$225.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Wilson Bowlby was visiting this city yesterday. He is looking unusually hale and hearty.

RIVER AND COAST IMPROVEMENTS.

The dredger is at work at St. Helens' bar, and the government snag-puller along the Upper Wallamet.

It is the intention to construct a number of wing dams along the channel of the Upper Wallamet this season.

Considerable anxiety is felt as to how the breakwater, constructed across Pearcey's slough, will resist the powerful current which will commence to pour through when the high water shall come. Thus far the work has stood well; but when visited by the annual freshet, which may be expected in the course of a month, the real strength and effectiveness of the breakwater will be put to a severe test.

Gen. Michler will not be able to make the reconnoissance of the Snake river from Lewiston to Shoshone Falls, as ordered by the government last season, before next June, or possibly later. He was unable to comply with instructions last year, on account of the great press of important duties, until the fall had so far advanced that it was utterly impracticable to make the reconnoissance. Melting snow and high water will be insurmountable obstacles against the proposed examination of the stream until early in the summer.

In a few days Gen. Michler will forward to the department at Washington for approval, the project of operations intended to be pursued this season in the improvement of the Upper and Lower Columbia and Wallamet rivers. The following appropriations have been made by Congress: Improvement of the Upper Columbia, $35,000; improvement of the Upper Wallamet, $25,000; improvement of the lower rivers—Columbia and Wallamet—$20,000. The object of the project of operations will be to designate in detail to the department the manner in which it is proposed to expend the appropriations for the several purposes enumerated. Operations will not be commenced for some time, as the appropriations are not available before the 1st of next July.

A few days since a letter was received from Mr. Wheeler, who accompanied the lighthouse tender *Shubrick* on her inspecting cruise up the northern coast. The writer stated that the *Shubrick* had touched at all the lighthouses along the coast from the Columbia river to the northern boundary of Washington Territory, and made the necessary inspection, with the exception of the one, located on Smith's Island. Long ere this writing, the *Shubrick* has touched at that point, and is now on the way down to the mouth of the Columbia. Mr. Wheeler, of this district, is on board, but it is more than likely that the lighthouse tender will continue down the coast without touching at Astoria. All the lighthouses situated along the seaboard from the mouth of the Columbia to San Francisco will be visited, supplied with necessary stores, and inspected. After reaching San Francisco, Mr. Wheeler will take the steamer and return to this city.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The county court adjourned until next Wednesday.

Bad time now to purchase thermometers—they are steadily going up.

Wells, Fargo & Co. have made a very material reduction in express rates up the Columbia.

The steamer *Gussie Telfair* brought down 101 tons of coal, and 21 cases of liquor on the last trip.

Mr. Henry Morgan, foreman of Protection No. 4, is temporarily disabled with a wounded hand.

The brick building on Alder street, formerly occupied by the Chinese merchants WaKee & Co. is being refitted.

Thomas Jordan has been appointed to serve as foreman of Columbian Co. No. 3 *pro tem*, vice Thomas Johnston, who has gone to California to permanently reside.

The members of Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1 are furnishing their new house in very handsome style. They propose soon to have a "house warming."

There is a leaky main at the corner of Second and Alder streets. It should be repaired at once, as the street is kept wet and muddy by the constantly escaping water.

J. P. Wilcock, foreman of Tiger No. 5, has sent to New York for a set of appropriate fire pictures—"The Life of a Fireman" in series; and also for a flag, both for No. 5's house.

THE COURTS.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—DEADY, J.

MONDAY, April 10, 1875.

Lloyd Brooke et al. vs Woodson A. Scoggin; motion for new trial overruled by consent of plaintiff, and on motion defendant has judgment for costs and in bar of action.

Robert W. Jones vs O. C. R. R. Co; order to continue cause for term.

U. S. vs James Turner et al; cause dismissed on motion of district attorney.

Bancroft vs Bancroft; cause dismissed at plaintiff's cost; order to open deposition on file.

U. S. vs T. J. Matlock et al; on motion plaintiff has leave to file an amended complaint herein.

Adjourned to Wednesday next.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—SHATTUCK, J.

Bridget Lillis vs A. B. Hallock and J. H. Lappeus; motion to strike out part of complaint overruled.

J. W. Trutch vs D. D. Bunnell; cause set for hearing on April 19th.

Edwin Wood vs W. A. Holbrook; same order entered.

Bridget Lillis vs A. B. Hallock; same order entered.

P. C. Schuyler vs J. B. Harker; same order entered.

Ordered that a special term of the court be held on the 19th of April for hearing of the above cases.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

Tom. Shartle, for an assault committed on the person of Isaac Cohagan, was fined $5 and costs. Paid.

A. Butler and Thos. McMann, for drunkenness, were each fined $5, and in default were committed for three days each.

The case of Carrie Bainbridge, charged with an assault committed on Effie Gray, was taken under advisement until this morning.

Joey Hilton, for contempt of court in refusing to obey a subpœna, was brought into court, and after a severe reprimanding was released.

Ah Fook, a moon eyed disciple of Confucius, was arraigned on a charge of larceny. The prosecution failed to make the charge stick and the defendant was discharged.

Martin Van Buren, a gentleman of colored persuasion, for entering people's houses without invitation in a state of intoxication, was fined $10. Martin did not "pony up" the consequently will languish in jail for the next five days.

MILITARY NOTES.

The following orders have just been issued:

Major Wm. A. Rucker, paymaster, will pay, to include the muster of Feb. 28, 1875, Hospital Steward Herman Nebelsieck, now in this city under orders for Fort Townsend, W. T., and without means to join his post.

So much of the term of imprisonment of Edward Abbott, general prisoner, Fort Canby, Cape Hancock, W. T., awarded by general orders No. 25, Sept. 16, series of 1873, which imposed confinement at hard labor for three years, one year of which was remitted by special orders No. 50, March 9, 1874, from the adjutant general's office—as remains unexpired at the date of the receipt of this order at the post, on the recommendation of his commanding officer, on account of his good conduct while undergoing confinement, is remitted, and he will be set at liberty. Being destitute of means, and it appearing that he has friends in San Francisco who will provide for him, the quartermaster's department will furnish him transportation to San Francisco, Cal.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

The grand fair and bazar of the German Aid Society came to an end with a ball at the Skating Rink last evening, and as we predicted, it was in every particular a perfect success. The weather was suitable to the place, and the surroundings were improved by additions in point of decorations. Old and young joined alike in the mazy waltz, the fascinating polka and the various dances so familiar to all devotees to the "art terpsichore." The lovers of beverages could take their choice with a friend at a convenient booth with perfect freedom, and nothing occurred to render the time in the least irksome. All went "merry as a marriage bell" until a very late hour. The society have every reason to congratulate themselves on the success of the fair and ball.

SCHOOL MEETING.

ANNUAL SCHOOL MEETING OF THE TAXPAYERS OF SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1—REPORTS OF THE DIRECTORS AND CLERK—LEVY OF A TWO MILL TAX.

The annual school meeting of the taxpayers of District No. 1 was held last evening at the Central School building. The attendance was quite large.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. J. C. Ainsworth, President of the Board of Directors.

Mr. J. D. Holman, the retiring clerk, read the regular official notice which had been given the taxpayers.

The clerk then proceeded to read the reports of the annual meetings, which were approved.

DIRECTORS' REPORT.

The annual report of the board of directors was read by the clerk. The report is as follows:

To the tax-payers of School District No. 1: The undersigned are happy to report an improved state of affairs since your last annual meeting. The public schools of the city have greatly improved in standing and usefulness, and cannot but be regarded with a spirit of pride by all good citizens.

We refer you to the report of our County School Superintendent for information in reference to the "school system of Portland," and will only add that the employment of a "City Superintendent," inaugurated two years ago, under some doubts and many criticisms, has proved a great success. The result is that order and system has grown out of confusion and cross purposes, and the wisdom of the policy is forced upon the conviction of all.

The grand results that have obtained under the order and system policy, through the aid and assistance of "principals" and "grade teachers," shows what can be done when efforts are made in the right direction.

The good work in the high school speaks for itself, and therefore needs no comment at our hands.

In compliance with instructions, we have conducted the business of the district on a cash basis, and are happy to say with the most satisfactory results. We negotiated a loan at the rate of ten per cent. per annum for a sufficient amount to liquidate the indebtedness of the district that existed at the commencement of the year. All purchases and contracts for repairs have been made for cash, and the lowest competing bidder has in all cases been awarded the contract.

The delinquent tax list of last year has been advertised according to law and property sold to satisfy delinquencies. We have taken legal advice on this subject, and are satisfied that all such sales are legal and will hold the property so sold, unless redeemed according to law. The expense of advertising in the litigant organ was very heavy, amounting to about $250 for what would now probably cost $40 or $50.

Charges and collections have been made for tuition of pupils residing outside of the limits of the district, at the rate of 75 cents per week for high school, and 50 cents per week for all other grades.

By a well-directed effort, inaugurated at your last annual meeting, we have succeeded in detaching that portion of the district lying south of the city limits, the result of which is a saving in expense of about $800 a year. A portion of the district on the north has also been detached and added to District No. 27. This brings the district within the bounds of the city proper, and will doubtless result in great saving of expense. The dividing line on the north is now made by streets instead of "cross lots," as before, thus avoiding confusion in the collection of taxes.

We have adopted a thorough system of keeping the accounts of the district. Warrant books, pay rolls for teachers and vouchers in duplicate can be shown to any intelligent committee, and their report thereon obtained in a very short space of time. No money is paid, except on warrant drawn and numbered, and vouchers in duplicate placed on file.

We have purchased a large safe, at a very small cost, in which the books and papers of the district are securely kept. The want of this convenience was sadly felt at the commencement of the year.

A form of Registers, gotten up by the city superintendent and principles of the Grammar schools, have been approved by the board, and purchased at the expense of the district. They have proved of great utility, and have added much in the direction of system and order.

After consulting with some of the heaviest taxpayers, a compromise was effected with the bondsmen of the late defaulting clerk, R. J. Ladd, and the sum of $5,380 received as full liquidation of all claim on the part of the district against said bondsmen.

The subject of ventilation in the public school rooms has received the attention its importance demands, strict orders have been given in reference thereto, and each room furnished with a thermometer.

The three public school buildings have been covered with insurance to the amount of $25,000. All of these buildings are sadly in want of paint, but we have made no estimate of the cost, leaving this item of expense subject to your order.

The entire indebtedness of the district is paid up to date, with the exception of about $150 for repairs at the north school, not yet completed.

The furnaces in the central school building, about which so much has been said, were repaired last fall, and have done excellent service during the winter, notwithstanding the tearing down of smoke pipes, cutting off hot air pipes, etc., that has been accomplished by some unknown person.

The teachers have caused the property of the district to be better cared for during the past year than formerly; to which interest and attention we are indebted for considerable saving in expense of repairs.

Three additional teachers at least will be required for the next year.

Partitions in the Harrison street and north school buildings will be necessary to make additional room, and necessity demands that some of the floors in the central building be deadened, to prevent the noise that now makes them almost untenable. Other items of repairs and expense will appear in a table of estimates herewith submitted.

The following is a statement of warrants drawn from 13th April, 1874, to 12th of April, 1875, and for what purpose:

Teachers	$24165 00
Janitors	1105 00
Repairs	3024 22
Furniture	350 91
Stationery	593 48
Water	84 00
Wood	717 62
Advertising	308 23
Printing and Binding	95 00
Insurance	251 90
Interest	1441 26
Safe	250 00
Perfecting title to Central Block	18 75
Division of District	50 00
Plans and specifications of fence	42 50
Clerk's commissions on collections	1197 57
Attorney's fees in Ladd suit	350 00
Errors in assessments	28 92
Bal. of cost in furnace suit	12 50
Expense of election	10 00
Reclamations to non-residents	39 00
	$57970 91

RECAPITULATION OF ACTUAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR.

Amount as per above schedule		$57970 91
Less bills payable	$24900 00	
Less old bills paid	465 39	25365 39
Net		$32605 52

AMOUNT PAID FOR OLD BILLS CONTRACTED BY FORMER BOARD.

Furniture	$92 50
Printing and binding	17 00
Repairs	91 07
Wood	55 75
Stationery	150 17
Cost in furnace suit	12 50
Plans for fence	42 50
	$465 39

The following is an estimate of expense for the ensuing year

Teachers	$26500 00
Janitors	1200 00
Repairs (without painting)	1500 00
Furniture	600 00
Extra seats required	600 00
Stationery	100 00
Water	84 00
Wood	800 00
Advertising	100 00
Printing and binding	75 00
Insurance	250 00
Interest	150 00
Clerk's commissions	1,000 00
	$33,169 00

ESTIMATED RESOURCES.

From State, available Sept. 15, 1875	$1,962 00
" county " April 1, say	11,600 00
	3,138 00
	$20,000 00
Two mill tax on $7,900,000 would be	15,800 00
	$35,800 00

We therefore recommend that you levy a tax of 2 mills on the dollar.

Respectfully submitted,

J. C. AINSWORTH,
A. H. MORGAN,
Directors.

I approve the above report.
J. G. GLENN, Retiring Director.
PORTLAND, April 12, 1875.

Mr. P. D. W. Hardenburg moved that the directors' report as read be adopted. Carried unanimously.

REPORT OF THE CLERK.

Mr. Murray then read the annual report of the retiring clerk, Mr. J. D. Holman, from May 7th, 1874, to April 12th, 1875, showing the receipts and expenditures and condition of accounts. The report is as follows:

Balance Sheet.

Multnomah county		$20606 75
School District No. 1		27690 99
Assessment of 1868	$221 25	
" 1869	647 71	
" 1870	375 07	
Central School real estate	19349 39	
" repairs	1000 46	
" expenses	7050 95	
Harrison st. school real estate	8362 82	
" repairs	221 23	
" expenses	6017 75	
North school real estate	741 15	
" repairs	110 35	
" expenses	6125 22	
South " real estate		51 00
" expenses	150 00	
High " real estate	567 68	
" expenses	4707 50	
Colored " real estate	18 00	
General expenses	3196 01	
Profit and loss	6670 91	
New school bl'k 2, Caruthers' Ad.	5442 00	
Assessment of 1871	1319 69	
" 1872	2591 22	
Interest acc't	1441 26	
Assessment of 1873	517 38	
Summary of all acc'ts not representing property		55098 78
Indebtedness of 1873	20172 03	
Collection expenses of 1873	399 94	
" 1874	1335 88	
Office furniture	250 00	
Tuitions		761 35
Sundry persons owing for tuitions	450 10	
Assessment of 1874	822 69	
Cash	4696 20	
	101791 87	101791 87

RECEIPTS.

Balance due from R. J. Ladd (former school clerk), and bondsman May 7, 1871	12791 32	
Less amounts paid warrants, and endorsed on warrants, records of which do not appear in last year's business	1610 00	
To this amount add	11181 32	
Moneys collected from different persons (for taxes) who have exhibited receipts signed by R. J. Ladd, but were not marked "paid" on tax books, as follows:		
Assessment of 1871	73 04	
" 1872	339 20	
" 1873	115 60	
Also, add fees Northup & Gilbert	350 00	
Total Indebtedness of R. J. Ladd	12052 26	
Deduct charged to profit and loss	6670 91	
Balance	5381 35	
Collected as follows:		
From J. F. McCoy, bondsman		381 85
" R. J. Ladd, "		5000 00
Multnomah co. & State of Oregon		20606 75
Harrison-st. School, stove sold		5 00
Rent of South School block		84 00
Borrowed from First Nat. Bank		17400 00
" " Bank B. C.		12500 00
Assessment of 1871		231 38
" 1872		739 66
" 1873		2090 21
" 1874		20986 52
Expenses advertising delinquent list		111 60
Tuitions of non-resident pupils		103 25
Total receipts		$86092 12

DISBURSEMENTS.

Central School, furniture, &c.		$154 00
" repairs		1000 46
" expenses, teachers		7050 95
Harrison-st. furniture, &c.		151 69
" repairs		221 23
" expenses, teachers		6017 75
North " furniture		7 00
" repairs		110 35
" expenses, teachers		6125 22
South " expenses		150 00
High " furniture		5 60
" expenses, teachers		4707 50
General expenses, including salary of City Superintendent, wood, water, stationery, &c.		3183 54
First National Bank, principal		17400 00
" interest		964 88
Bank British Columbia, principal		12500 00
" interest		476 38
Taxes of 1872, refunded		5 45
" 1873		2 95
" 1874		18 22
Attorney fees paid Northup & Gilbert		350 00
Sheriff fees paid J. M. Caywood		12 50
Indebtedness of 1873 and interest	$20172 03	
Less amount paid by R. J. Ladd	1610 00	18552 03
Collection expense of 1873—		
Bollinger & Curry, advertising delinquent list	286 50	
J. D. Holman, Clerk Commissions	227 41	513 91
Collection expenses 1874, J. D. Holman, Coms	1270 18	
A. G. Walling, printing and binding	665 70	1935 88
Safe for School Clerk		250 00
Tuitions of non-resident pupils, refunded		39 00
Cash on hand		4606 20
		$86,092 12

E. & O. E. J. D. HOLMAN, Clerk.
PORTLAND, April 12, 1875.

Mr. Shubrick Norris moved that the above report be accepted and placed on file. The motion was unanimously carried.

LEVYING A TWO MILL TAX.

Mr. W. Lair Hill desired to know if by the adoption of the directors' report the meeting thereby resolved that a two mill tax should be levied. In the report the directors had recommended that a two mill tax be levied. The meeting, by a unanimous vote had adopted the report. He wished to know if that was sufficient, or was special action on that point necessary by the tax payers.

Mr. Ainsworth, the president, replied that in his judgment no special action was necessary. The meeting had adopted the report which had recommended a two mill tax, and had thereby made the levy to all intents and purposes by the adoption of the same, as much as if a direct vote was taken on the subject of levying a tax.

Mr. Congle said that such was not his understanding of the matter. He had voted for the adoption of the report, but he did not suppose that in so doing he was voting for a two mill tax. It would be establishing a bad precedent, in his opinion, for the meeting to take such action. No previous school meeting, so far as his recollection extended, had ever taken such action in relation to levying a tax. There always had been a special vote taken on that subject. He did not believe a levy could be made in that manner and money collected. So that there could be no possibility of a misunderstanding on that point and no quibble raised, he would therefore move that a two mill tax be levied for school district No. 1.

The president said that he could not entertain the motion. The meeting had already determined by their vote that a two mill tax should be raised. That matter he considered was settled.

Mr. Oatman then moved a reconsideration of the vote by which the report was adopted. The motion was seconded, but the question on being put was lost.

Mr. Congle again renewed his motion, but the chair declined to entertain it.

Mr. Henry Failing said that he regarded the directors' a special and separate vote was always taken on the subject of levying a tax. He did not think that a vote adopting the report of the directors—whatever recommendation the report might embody—was equivalent to making a levy. There would have to be special action on the part of the meeting in his opinion, before a tax levy could be made valid.

Mr. James Steel stated that when he voted for the adoption of the report it was not his understanding that he was voting for a two mill tax. In his judgment such action was not valid; that a special vote would be necessary to make a levy.

The president said that as there appeared to be some differences of opinion touching the question, he was not inclined to be captious about the matter. If the meeting desired to take a special vote on the subject he had no further objections to interpose. It would give satisfaction, and be the best and quickest method of disposing of the question.

Mr. Congle then made a motion that a tax of 2 mills be levied for the maintenance of the public schools for the current year. The motion was seconded, and on being put was unanimously carried.

THE CLERK REIMBURSED.

Mr. Holman, the retiring clerk, made a lengthy statement to the meeting, reviewing the arduous labors and duties he had been required to discharge during his term of office. In consequence of the extra amount of labor incumbent upon him as clerk, growing out of the defalcation of the late school clerk, Robert J. Ladd, and the confused and complicated state in which the books were found when they came into his hands, he had been compelled to expend much extra labor and money. Of the latter he had paid out of his own pocket the sum of $446 for an assistant in straightening out and keeping the books of the district. He had also made out the tax-roll and taken the census of the city, for which he had received no compensation. He therefore asked that he be reimbursed in the sum he had actually expended, and also receive some compensation for the extra labor performed. The sum of $800 he stated would be adequate compensation. However, he stated, he would leave the matter in the hands of the taxpayers, and would be satisfied with whatever sum they should see proper to vote him.

Mr. Holman then withdrew, and left the matter to the consideration of the meeting.

The question was then taken up and discussed at considerable length by Messrs. W. Lair Hill, Wm. Braden, M. S. Burrell, P. D. W. Hardenburg, Henry Failing and others.

Mr. Braden moved that the sum of $446 be donated to Mr. Holman for extra moneys paid out for assistance in keeping the books and extra labor performed by him by reason of the defalcation of the late R. J. Ladd.

Mr. Hardenburg moved to amend by inserting $800 instead of $446. The amendment on being put to a vote was lost.

A vote was then taken on the main question—donating the sum of $446—and carried.

Mr. Hardenburg moved that in the future the directors be instructed not to pay for any extra labor performed by the clerk, especially in making out the tax-roll and taking the census of the city. Carried.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

ALASKA NEWS.

Mr. Fox, engineer of the *Gussie Telfair*, has laid us under obligation for a copy of the *Alaska Bulletin* dated March 20th, from which we collate the following news:

Cha-Clitch, chief of the Chilcats has gone home. He wants to return when the berrying season arrives.

M. P. Berry, Collector of Customs, left on the *Telfair* for Wrangel to inspect Custom-House affairs at that place.

Mr. J. King is in Sitka awaiting opportunity to proceed to Kodiak, where he is to relieve Mr. Slicerau as deputy collector of customs.

Rumor has it that the Russian Bishop, formerly resident at Sitka, will soon return from San Francisco to again take charge of his flock at this place.

The *Gussie Telfair* brought the news that Austin Ryan, a miner, who resided at Sitka last winter, and who expected to return again next fall, was frozen to death on the ice going to the mines.

About ten days ago Anna-thlash, husband of a princess, son of the sub-chief Sergay, got gloriously drunk, crawled under Whitford's house and began howling "Hail Columbia." A patrol interviewed him in his interesting position, and assigned him state-room No. 1. For some days he was allowed to ride the high horse.

Whitford's steamer *Rose* returned from its trip to Hoochinoo on Sunday. Mr. Whitford brings the intelligence that the weather on Admiralty Island is quite cold; that most of the Indians from there have gone to Wrangel to be ready for business in the Cassiar mines in the spring. Mr. Sullivan, from Hoochinoo, is now ill, but as soon as he recovers he will come to Sitka with his schooner *Sitka*, loaded with vegetables, furs, skins and oil.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CLARENDON HOTEL.

W Sisson, Astoria	A L Bolter, Monmouth
A Tyler, North Yamhill	H P Butter,
Miss A M Warren, Albany	Mrs Butter,
J A Warren,	Miss Butter,
Miss Addie Beardsly, Salem	Miss Dill,
Master Peno Beardsly, Salem	E G Boller, Dalles
W J Curtis, Fo Grove	Geo Stowell & wife, Salem
T E McKinny, Turner's	C Knight, Olympia
M J Murphy, Dallas	H B Creep,
J L Wortly,	J H McDonald
C Ward, Polk county	H Smith,
	N H Bloomfield, Vanc'vr

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

W P Rees, Saloon	J Languire, Olympia
D McCully,	W Cosper, Salem
P R Skinner,	J A Amerman, California
T B Hundley, Lafayette	G W Hume, Eagle Cliff
J S Cooran & wf, Lebanon	N W Tallant,
Mrs Compton,	J C Coolidge, San Fran
M B Hendrick, Wheatland	J B Underwood, Eugene
Allen Parker, Albany	S B Adair, Astoria
L C Forrest, Wheatland	C A McGuire, Westport
W Stewart, Springfield	S W Sprague, Kalama
J Beall, Dalles	Geo W Neck, Nehalem
C H Eldridge, S F	J H Norris, Philadelphia

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

B F Chase, Eagle Cliff	R E Williams, Wheatland
W D Pittenger, Hillsboro	E Smith, Dallas
W S Homer,	C M Fouts & wf,
Miss J Clark,	L Marston,
Geo Morrow,	Edward Scarborough & wife, Cathlamet
D L Turpin,	Mrs D Calinose,
P C Sullivan, Salem	W H Fite, New Tacoma
Miss Ada St James, Salem	J C Trullinger, Centerville
A McAtee,	A T Dray, Kalama
O J Carr,	W A Gardner, "
R S Wilson, Cornelius	
D M Watts, Salt Works	

NATIONAL HOTEL.

C L Kelady, Lewis River	H Boscoe, Hillsboro
Geo R Pyle, Castle Rock	J N McKinney,
J T Hicklin, Olympia	J J Morgan,
Jno G Sparks,	C J Richards, Oregon City
H S Comfort, Dalles	Wm Fox,
E J Bryant, St Helens	Al Williams,
W R Snyder, Marion St	Miss E Foster, Albany
W W Mars, Scappoose	J West & wf,

M. ROSENBLATT, Clothier, has just returned from San Francisco with a large Stock of Spring Goods—particularly Boys' and Youths' Clothing, at lower rates than ever. Call and see before purchasing. The store is No. 79 Front street.

Mr. J. C. Fitzgerald, agent for the Vallejo patent socket broom, has samples at the Cosmopolitan Hotel. The detached brooms are packed for shipment in boxes as compactly as dry goods, and costs the dealer but one-fifth the freight of the ordinary broom, making it a more desirable as well as profitable broom. Mr. F. informs us that he has taken orders for over two thousand dozen within the last two months. Interior merchants, call and see samples. Send orders to Robinson, Fowler & Co., South Vallejo, California. All orders shipped from San Francisco. Hacheny & Stemme, First and Taylor streets, have the Socket Broom for sale.

Two Germans passed the Postoffice near,
And at each other they looked so queer,
That one of them turned right about,
And to the other like this did shout:
"Hans! why all des unhappiness,
Was known what made dem clothes fit best?
Come! Bird's Emporium was not far,
And smoke mit me a fine Cigar."

This poem is not the best in the world, but is good enough to express the extreme happiness felt while smoking a Cigar from BIRD'S EMPORIUM, First street, bet. Morrison and Alder.

SOMETHING NEW.

The new style of promenade photographs. These beautiful pictures are now made at Bosco & Megler's new rooms, Nos. 127 and 129 First street. Call and examine them.

The Spring time has come, and with it new Goods to our enterprising merchants. The styles are much changed in clothing, and the dull times have worked a change in prices too, so much so, that persons with limited means can invest liberally. J. KOHN, opposite National Bank, is among the worth looking through. Call and see the new stock.

The observing man must have noted a change in the establishment of BECK & WALDMAN. The last steamer brought them quite a large invoice of Spring Styles, which they are having displayed for the inspection of their numerous customers. They will continue to offer the public the best bargains. As usual the stock of Youth's clothing is varied and parents may find many new things that will be sure to please. Drop in this evening.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.

CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—First Street,
(Nearly over Express Office.)
PORTLAND.

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

Save yourself many dollars in money and many pangs of pain by keeping PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL constantly on hand and using it for all lameness and pain. The great popularity of our ABOLITION OIL is owing to the fact that we spare neither labor nor expense in preparing it. *We always have and always shall keep it up to its original standard of unparalleled excellence.* ABOLITION OIL cures rheumatism, gout, sprains, stiff and swollen joints, bruises, neuralgia, lame back, pleurisy, sciatica, sore throat, cramps, colic, cholera morbus, diarrhœa, nervous head-ache, tooth-ache, ear-ache and all aches and pains internal and external. Sold by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

Strengthen and regulate your system. Renew your age. You can *do it* by using the Regulator and Purifier, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Stir up your torpid liver; stimulate your kidneys; regulate your bowels; cure and prevent fever and ague, piles, dyspepsia, jaundice, dropsy, heart disease, and all bilious complaints with the great vegetable remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBoyle & Co., Druggists, 504 Washington street San Francisco, manufacturers and sole proprietors.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'cl'k, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

THIS DAY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED

900 PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS!

Part of a Manufacturer's Stock recently damaged by

FIRE IN SAN FRANCISCO!

We have secured this lot at a very low price, and we propose to give our Customers the full benefit of the reduction.

Also--NEW DRESS GOODS, TIES, GLOVES, &c.
GROS GRAIN RIBBONS, in new shades.
BL'K IRON FRAME GRENADINES.
A New Invoice of Gentlemen's

No. 11 CLOTH COLLAR!

These are all Cloth, and we sell them at the same price as Paper.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

CITY FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP
JOHN HONEYMAN & CO.
Corner Columbia and Front Sts., Portland, Oregon.

HAVING recently rebuilt and enlarged our Works, we are now prepared to fill all orders for any Work in our line, viz:
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY ENGINES, GRIST AND SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, IRON FRONTS.

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS of every description furnished at short notice at lowest market rates.

Repairing promptly attended to. ja27dly

WILLAMET IRON WORKS,
Incorporated September 14, 1865,
CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "E" STREETS.
P. FITTBOGEN, Secretary........PETER TAYLOR, President.
IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, BOILER MAKERS, GENERAL MACHINISTS AND ENGINE BUILDERS,
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE
High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS; Saw Mills, Grist Mills; Quartz, Mining and Agricultural Machinery.
WATER WHEELS, of several patterns, equal to any imported, on hand and made to order, of any size.
REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly attended to and executed with neatness and dispatch.
THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San Francisco. No charge for the use of them.
Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam Pump, the best in use. Also, Agents for the Ammonia Preparation for the Prevention and Removal of Boiler Scale.
DeGroot's Ornamental Iron Fence; a variety of Beautiful Patterns for Cemeteries, etc.
House Castings, Etc., Etc.
ja1 tf JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent.

BANKS.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange
(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on
SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO.

Bills of Exchange,
Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on
LONDON, HONG KONG,
PARIS, BERLIN,
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND.

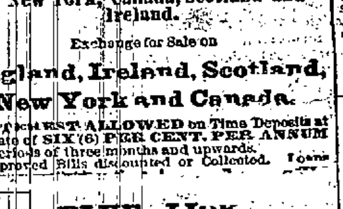
Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President........HENRY FAILING,
Cashier........JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.
INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.
SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS; payable in Coin or Currency; for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.
SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital........$1,562,500
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000 000.
HEAD OFFICE—5 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, London.
BRANCHES
In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland.
AGENCIES
In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.
Exchange for Sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland, New York and Canada.
INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.
Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans

BLUE LICK



WHISKEY.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the above celebrated brand of Kentucky Whiskey, I am in receipt of an invoice of the same, in barrels, half barrels and cases, which I am prepared to offer to the trade, at jobbing rates,

H. FLECKENSTEIN,
SOLE AGENT,
Wholesale Dealer in Wines and Liquors,
No. 147 First, near Taylor street.

PAPER HANGINGS
WILSON & FENIMORE,
MANUFACTURERS,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Samples Furnished.

REMOVAL.

DR. ALFRED KINNEY has removed his Office and Residence to the Northwest corner of Alder and East Park streets, (double house), where he can be found at any time. a5wlmdtf

FORWARDING & COMMISSION.
JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.
UMATILLA, OREGON,
ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE CONsignments of Goods to be forwarded to all points in Oregon and Idaho, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large
FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE,
For the Storage of Goods, and a large experience, which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates.
All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to.
Consignments solicited. Mark goods: Care J. R. F.
Always on hand, a full assortment of
Groceries, Provisions & Clothing, Mechanics, Miners & Blacksmiths' Tools,
And a Large Stock of
IRON AND STEEL,
Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

GAS FIXTURES.
HAVING RECEIVED FROM THE EAST AN Assorted Invoice of the most
Fashionable & Elegant
GAS FIXTURES,
I am prepared to sell
At Greatly Reduced Rates.
JOHN DONNERBERG,
Plumber, Gas & Steam Fitter,
THIRD STREET, between Morrison and Yamhill.
m29 lm

J. SIMON & CO.,
56 FRONT STREET.
DEALERS IN
DOORS AND BLINDS
WINDOW SASH, ETC.
1,000 Boxes Glass
ENAMELED GLASS.
STAINED GLASS,
CRYSTAL SHEET,
And CUT GLASS.
PRICES REDUCED
Call before purchasing elsewhere.
GLAZING DONE TO ORDER.

THE STANDARD MAP
OF PORTLAND, EAST PORTLAND & ALBINA, Oregon, with all the Additions and adjacent Lands, prepared and published from the latest records, by
W. S. CHAPMAN, City Surveyor
for several years of Portland and East Portland.
The numbering of all Lots and Blocks is plainly shown.
These Maps are colored, varnished, and mounted on cloth, with rollers.
Price in currency, including postage, $5 00.
For sale by
J. K. GILL & CO.,
Booksellers & Stationers,
mar16dlm Portland, Oregon.

SIGNS! SIGNS! SIGNS!
WM. F. DRAKE,
Practical Painter.
Shop, No. 40 Morrison st., bet. Second and Third.
I AM NOW PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF Plain, Ornamental and Fancy Signs with neatness and dispatch. Gilding on Glass, Banner and picture painting a specialty.
Also, Graining, Paper Hanging, and house work in all its branches, done in a superior manner. Give me a call.

SLAB WOOD AND BRICK.
ORDERS FOR THE ABOVE CAN BE LEFT AT
SPAULDING BROS., Central Market.
WEEKS & MORGAN, Third and Morrison.
S. LEVY, First, bet. Morrison and Yamhill.
Prompt attention given and prices reasonable.
m31d2m N. VERSTEEG.

GEORGE MORROW. WILLIAM SCOTT.
GEO. MORROW & CO.
GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
CALIFORNIA AND OREGON PRODUCE.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
39 Clay St., and 23, Commercial St., San Francisco
mar12d6m

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION
PUBLIC READING ROOM.
LOCAL AND EASTERN PAPERS, AND MAGazines—a warm, comfortable room, where the citizen and stranger—especially young men—are always welcome.
Noon meetings daily, except Sundays, from 12:15 till 1 P. M.
Room No. 1, over Ladd & Tilton's Bank, corner of Stark and First streets. W. C. CHATTIN, General Secretary.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 13, 1875.

TERMS OF THE OREGONIAN.

Rates of Subscription (Payable in Advance) Postage Prepaid at this office:

DAILY.	WEEKLY.
One Year, by mail. $10.00	One Year, by mail...$3 00
Per month " ... 1 00	Six Months... 2 00
By carrier, per week...25c	Three " ... 1 00

Remittances may be made by Draft, Postoffice Order or Registered Letter, at our risk.

Be sure to give Postoffice address in full, including State and County.

Address OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.,
Portland, Oregon.

WISHING AND HAVING.

If to wish and to have were one, my dear,
You would be sitting now
With not a care in your tender heart,
Not a wrinkle upon your brow;
The clock of time would go back with you
All the years you have been my wife,
Till its golden hands had pointed out
The happiest hour of your life;
I would stop them at that immortal hour:
The clock should no longer run;
You could not be sad and sick and old—
If to wish and to have were one.

You are not here in the winter, my love,
The snow is not whirling down;
You are in the heart of the summer woods,
In your dear old sea-side town;
A patter of little feet in the leaves—
A beautiful boy at your side;
He is gathering flowers in the shady nooks—
It was but a dream that he died!
Keep hold of his hands, and sing to him:
No mother under the sun
Has such a seraphic child as yours—
If to wish and to have were one.

Methinks I am with you there, dear wife,
In that old house by the sea;
I have flown to you as the bluebird flies
To his mate in the poplar tree.
A sailor's hammock hangs at the door,
You swing in it, book in hand;
A boat is standing in for the beach,
Its keel grates on the sand;
Your brothers are coming—two manly men,
Whose lives have only begun;
Their days will be long in the land, dear heart,
If to wish and to have are one.

If to wish and to have were one, oh, me!
I would not be old and poor,
But a young and prosperous gentleman,
With never a dun at the door.
There would be no past to bewail, my love,
There would be no future to dread;
Your brothers would be live men again,
And my boy would not be dead.
Perhaps it will all come right at last;
It may be when all is done,
We shall be together in some good world,
Where to wish and to have are one.

R. H. Stoddard.

A DANBURY SPELLING SCHOOL.

An impromptu spelling-school was inaugurated in Merrill's grocery Saturday evening. A young man who, last winter, aided Mr. Couch in the management of the North Center School, conducted the class. The first word he gave out was Indian.

The first man said, "I-n, in, d-i-n din—Indin."

The teacher shook his head. "Well, I declare I thought I had it," said the speller, with keen disappointment; but he picked up when the second man started, and eyed him with considerable anxiety.

The next man, with desperate earnestness, said, "I-n, in, d-e, de, inde, u-n, un—Indeun."

Then he sighed, and gazed anxiously at the teacher, while an old party at the end of the bench, who was watching the efforts with derisive amusement, turned the quid in his mouth and said:

"You ain't in a rod on't; but go on; let sum more try."

The teacher told the second speller he also had failed, whereupon he sighed again.

Then the third man took hold. He squared himself upon his seat, and holding up one finger, ticked off the letters, with becoming solemnity, as follows: "I-n, in, d-d-d-a da, inda—i-n, in—Indain."

The old party on the end of the bench, who had been on the precipice of a laugh while the effort was being put forth, snickered right out in a loud guffaw at its conclusion.

"Well, that's a spell for you, I mus' say." And then he laughed again. The speller said nothing, but grew very red in the face when his failure was announced, and cast a baleful glance at the old party, whose turn had now come, and who said:

"You people should keep away from heo', you should. And now I'll tackle that little word," and he smiled all over his face, while his eyes twinkled with merriment, and looking sideways from one to the other, he rapidly spelled:

"I-n, in, g-i-n—Ingin."

His smile deepened into a broad grin as he watched the chagrin flush to the countenances of the other spellers, who had been misled all the time on a wrong pronunciation of the word. He was grinning with all his might when the teacher said:

"You ain't got the right word."

"Wh-ah-ot?" and he bore down on the brazen-faced young man a look calculated to freeze him to the bone.

"Indian is the word. There is no such word as Ingin," said the teacher.

"Oh, there isn't, hey? (sarcastically). You know, of course. You know all about it, you pimply—"

"But my dear sir—"

"You needn't apologise to me," shouted the old party, stamping the floor with his cane. "Who be you, any way, putting on your airs about me? I could twist your scrawny neck off of you in two minutes, you white-livered puppy, you."

"But, my *dear* sir, let me ex—"

"It tisn't ingin, is it?" ground out the old chap between his teeth. "It's somethin' else, I suppose. Oh, yes! you know, of course. And a nice one you are with your eddication. Why don't your mother send back them apples she borrowed a month ago?" and he looked around the store with a triumphant glare of sarcasm.

"But just hear me—"

"*Hear you!* Who are you, any way? What's your father; when's he drawed a sober breath, I'd like to know? An' where's your smart brother Ben? In pris'n somewhere, I'll be bound. Oh, I know yer. Jull family, like a book. And a wuss lot than they are can't be found in this neighborhood, and you just put that in your pipe and smoke it, you egregious ass. Talk to me about spellin'," and the old man stamping his cane again, stalked out. The lesson was then postponed.—*Danbury News.*

An Iron Wedding.—A story is told of one Busby and Mrs. Busby, of Trenton, N. J., celebrating their iron wedding. They made a feast and invited one hundred and twenty guests. The first three or four guests that arrived all brought flat-irons. The coincidence was laughable, and all laughed. But when the next eight or ten brought flat-irons, and looked jolly over them, Mrs. Busby grew sick of the ironing business, and Busby got mad. He began to scent a preconcerted ironical joke, and his bosom was ruffled by the iron of his best friends. Long before the next hundred guests had come, all lugging flat-irons, Mrs. Busby was laid out on a sofa, and Busby had gone to bed drunk. The only variations in the present were, one friend brought a flat-iron holder, and another, from Philadelphia, contributed a cow-bell. Busby's suspicions were incorrect. It was no trick at all, except of universal human nature. The whole proceeding was natural. The fact was that Trenton had a large overstock of flat-irons and sold them at seductively low rates—almost gave them away. Everybody had to do something, and everybody invested in flat-irons, because they were dirt cheap. The proceeds of that iron wedding were two hundred and thirteen flat-irons, one holder and a cow-bell. Busby and wife have resolved not to celebrate their silver wedding at all, at least not publicly.

The Salt Lake *Tribune* says: "Wm. Thomas, who was reported lost in the snow slide on Kesler park, four weeks ago, is reported by spiritualists as being still alive in his cabin. They claim to converse with him daily. As the cabin is not covered with snow, and as he claims, through his friends spiritually that he is hearty, why don't he show himself? Strange to say, his wife believes him still alive, and speaks confidently of the time when he will come out of the mountains and see her.

The Fair for Dumb Animals in Boston realized $20,000.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

MONDAY EVENING, April 12, 1875.

Gold in New York, 115⅝.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying, 87½; selling 89½.

Coin Exchange on San Francisco ¼ of 1 per cent. premium.

Currency Exchange on San Francisco ½ of 1 per cent. premium.

Coin Exchange on New York 1 per cent. premium.

Currency Exchange on New York 1½ per cent. premium.

Telegraphic transfers on New York ½ per cent. premium.

Gold Bars 800.

Latest Liverpool wheat quotations are 9s 3d@9s 7d for average California, and 9s 5d@9s 11d for club.

Our local money market is very quiet to-day and but few inquiries for loans were met with. Those offering first class security as yet experience no serious difficulty in obtaining funds for all legitimate purposes.

In many respects it is feared that the commerce of the Pacific coast will not exhibit the marked progress in 1875 which it did last year, but our San Francisco exchanges give the value of the combined exports of treasure and merchandise from that port for the quarter ending March 31st, and that they were in excess of those for the first quarter of 1874 by $9,841,600. Again, the coinage of gold at the mint during the first three months of this year were only $5,360,000 against $9,000,000 in the corresponding period last year. The gold exported from San Francisco for the first quarter of the current year was $9,268,500, while the exports in the corresponding time in 1874 were only $531,200. The San Francisco *Bulletin's* deductions from these figures is that the current supply is $4,000,000 below the average, and $12,000,000 less than it was a year ago. The effect of this large draft on our reserves has been less felt than one would have supposed. Money rates have been rather firm, but there has been no advance, and legitimate borrowers have not been turned away. The banks have probably loaned down closer than usual, and turned over their money oftener, but there has been no distress in any quarter, so far as our observation has extended. There is a general feeling of confidence, and this is worth millions of capital. Interior merchants are a little slow about meeting their obligations, but the general indebtedness abroad is believed to be light, and some are known to have good balances to their credit.

Breadstuffs Markets, Supplies, Etc.

It appears evident that stocks of wheat at almost every point whence we are able to obtain any definite figures on the subject are much short of what they were about this time last year, and it is a difficult thing to tell why prices are so much lower now than then.

From the last number of the New York *Produce Exchange* we collate some of the following facts concerning the condition of the breadstuffs supply, and the tendency of the markets at the various grain centers of accumulation. The receipts of wheat at Chicago from August 1, 1874, to March 1, 1875, were 9,202,720 bushels less than during the corresponding time in the season of 1873-74. The receipts at Milwaukie from August 1, 1874, to March 1, 1875, also fell 8,610,546 bushels short of the receipts at that point for the corresponding period of 1873-74. The visible supply of wheat comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by rail, March 20, 1875, was 12,118,371 bushels, against 11,504,865 bushels at the corresponding date in 1874. The rail shipments of wheat east from Buffalo, including city and through from the West, for the week to all points West, were 56,800 bushels, against 99,200 bushels for the corresponding week last year. The clearances for Europe from the ports of New York, Montreal, Boston, Portland, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans for the week ending March 25th were 630,653 against 325,495 bush. the preceding week.

The imports of wheat into the United Kingdom during the month of February, 1875, were 3,390,377 centals, against 2,523,554 centals during the same month of 1874; the imports into that country from the United States in the month named were 1,890,130 centals in 1875, and 2,141,897 centals in 1874.

The estimated consumption of wheat and flour in Great Britain during eight weeks, from Jan. 9th to Feb. 27th, inclusive, is placed at 3,584,000 qrs. against 3,193,587 qrs., supply from imports and home deliveries, indicating an approximating deficiency in eight of about 190,412 qrs., or 1,523,304 bush.

There were in transit for the United Kingdom on the 11th of March, 1875, including flour, 1,450,920 qrs. of wheat, comprising 66,620 qrs. from Azov Sea; 121,000 qrs. from the Black Sea; 16,000 qrs. from the Danube; 1,157,000 qrs. from California and Oregon; 43,440 qrs. from Atlantic ports of the United States; 500 qrs. from India, and 44,700 qrs. from other ports.

There were at the same date 19,190 qrs. of maize in transit for the United Kingdom, comprising 6,600 qrs. from the Black Sea; 163,730 qrs. from United States Atlantic ports, and 9,800 qrs. from Trieste.

The arrivals of wheat and flour in the United Kingdom, from Oregon and California, from March 8th to and including March 11th, are equivalent to 953,311 bushels of the latter.

The latest mail advices state that in Holland the spring thaw had set in, melting the ice in the rivers and canals, and navigation throughout the country was soon expected to be opened. There were some complaints of the wheat and rape seed crops, which appeared to be based more on apprehensions than realities, with their correctness not tested. Advanced prices were obtainable for wheat; rye had been irregular. In Germany there were no complaints of the growing plants. The tone of the grain market was generally better.

The northern harbors of the German Baltic ports were becoming gradually navigable. The reopening of navigation, it was expected, would give a more active trade. In Hungary, the first week in March, the weather was milder. There were still night frosts, but these, it was thought, could not damage the grain plants, as snow still covered the ground. There was a large quantity of drift ice in the Danube, which will for some time prevent the reopening of navigation. Altogether the farmers cannot complain of the weather during the winter, as there is no lack of moisture and everything seems to promise a good and abundant harvest. Trade has been slow. Wheat, maize and oats were lower.

Advices from Odessa under date of February 28, 1875, report an inactive market for wheat, with only about 750,000 bushels sold in January and February at slightly variable prices. Heavy and superior qualities of wheat were scarce and firm. Supplies from the interior had been almost entirely stopped by the heavy snowfalls throughout the country, which interrupted communication, rendering the transport of grain for the moment next to impossible. Large supplies were not expected before

Advices from Paris, France, under date of March 10, 1875, give very little change in the price of wheat, which was liberally offered and difficult to sell. The weather had been favorable for field work and the crops, and the reports concerning the wheat plant were very satisfactory. Flour was difficult of sale.

San Francisco Markets.

The American bark Garibaldi and the British bark Forward were on the berth at Hongkong, March 1st, for Portland.

The British ship Prince Charlie, from Astoria, and the British bark Beulah, from Portland, arrived at Queenstown April 1st.

The steamship Ajax, from San Francisco, will be due here to-morrow night.

The British ship La Escocesa is ready to go to sea, but lacks her complement of men.

The steamship Gussie Telfair is discharging freight at her berth. The time of her departure is not fixed.

The bark Clifton is not yet chartered. She could easily secure a charter to carry flour at current rates.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12.—Flour—$5@5 37½.
Wheat—Common, $1 50; fair, $1 65; choice, $1 70.
Barley—Choice, $1 55; feed, $1 40@1 45.
Oats—$1 85@2.
Hay—Common, $8@9 50; fair, $17; choice, $17.
Potatoes—Wharf lots, $2 10@2 15; jobbing, $2 10.
Vegetables—Cabbage, 1c; asparagus, 5@5½c; rhubarb, 4c.

EXPORTS.

Per Br ship La Escocesa to the United Kingdom, for orders, dispatched April 12th by Salem Flouring Mills, 16,875 barrels flour, valued at $69,187.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—But few matters of importance in connection with this cereal have come to light to-day, quotations being still given at $1 40, at which there is some demand to load vessels expected to arrive shortly. The remaining surplus, which can be readily marketed, is evidently much smaller than is generally supposed.

FLOUR—Prices are unchanged, and a small cargo could be purchased at the terms which ruled when wheat was 2½@5c lower than at present. Receipts, however, are diminishing, and anything like an actual shipping demand would soon reduce the stocks on hand to the actual wants of the local trade.

OATS—The advance to 55c per bushel is still maintained by some dealers, and a few lots are coming to hand. We quote good to choice lots in sacks with the wide range of 50@55c.

MILL FEED—The scarcity noticed before continues, and there is considerable inquiry, at current rates for all sorts. We quote the market firm at $18@14 ₩ ton for bran; $27 50@30 for middlings, chops, etc., and $20@22 50 for shorts.

HAY—The market is fairly supplied at $11@12 ₩ ton, for good timothy, and $7@7 50 for wild. For the latter the demand is dull.

POTATOES—There is some inquiry for shipping, and advanced rates are ruling. We quote at 75@90 cents ₩ bushel for choice in sacks.

ONIONS—The market is in fair supply and the demand dull at $1@1 25 ₩ 100 pounds for choice assorted.

APPLES RIPE—There are but few choice lots offering, and prices are firmer at our quotations last given.

APPLES DRIED—The trade is inactive, but prices are nominally steady at 5c ₩ lb, in sacks, and 6c in kegs.

BACON—The market is firm at 11@12 cents ₩ lb for choice sides; 8@9c for shoulders, and 14@15c for hams. Some increase in receipts are noted over those of preceding week.

LARD—There is a fair demand for good quality in tins and kegs, quotable at 11c ₩ lb in the former, and 13c in kegs.

EGGS—The market is not at all steady, fluctuating as receipts increase or fall off. Jobbers are selling at 22½c ₩ dozen to-day, but prices may drop before the week closes.

BUTTER—The market is bare of choice lots, and short on all saleable qualities. We quote at 30c per lb for best roll, and 20@25c for common.

CHICKENS—Good lots quotable at $1 50; choice, $4 75@5 per dozen; common, $3 75@4 25.

DRESSED HOGS—The butchers are paying 6@6½c ₩ lb, at which there is no unusual demand.

BEEF CATTLE—The arrivals have been a little better, but choice lots are still scarce and in demand at 5@6½c ₩ lb net, on foot.

MUTTON SHEEP—There is a scarcity of choice in the market and butchers are compelled to pay $4@4 50 per head for such; common quotable at $3 25@4.

HIDES AND FURS—The trade is more active, but prices unchanged, and still quote choice dry 10½c ₩ lb; green salted, 7c; green, 6½c; culls, 10@12; elk, 22c ₩ lb; deer, 15@35c ₩ lb dried, and 50@75c apiece green; mink skins each, $1@1 50; otter, $2@5; beaver, 75c@$1.

WOOL—Very few transactions are taking place; best grades quotable at 20@22c ₩ lb, common to fair lots, 16@18c.

MARKETS.

REID & VESTAL,
BUTCHERS & PACKERS,
Stalls 8, 9 and 10 Central Market.

SHIPS AND STEAMBOATS SUPPLIED

HOME AGAIN!

J. S. KELLER,
Has returned to his
COR. MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,
Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.
E. H. GARLING,
Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

CHRIS. SLOTH
INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND the public generally to call at his
NEW BUTCHER SHOP,
Washington St., one door East of Third

E. CORBETT'S
Livery, Hack & Feed Stables,
(FIRE PROOF),
COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS.
Reasonable Charges for Hire. Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses.

OBSERVE PRICES:
Riding, $1 50 per hour.
Calling, $1 50 first hour, $1 each additional hour.
To boats, 50 cents each passenger.
Funerals, $5 per Hack.
To and from Balls and Parties, $2 a couple.

Orders left at STABLE or FISHEL & ROBERTS, promptly attended to at any hour.

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY
OFFICE & HACK STABLES,
S. W. Corner of Second and Stark Streets.

CARRIAGE RATES:
Calling, $1 50 first hour; $1 00 for each additional hour.
Riding, $1 50 per hour.
To or from Trains and Steamboats, 50 cents each person.
To and from Balls and Parties, $2 00 a couple.
Funerals, $5 00 a Hack.
All orders given to the Drivers, or left at the office, will be promptly attended to, day or night.

The Grandest Achievement of the Age!
The Little Monitor
SEWING MACHINE!
NO SHUTTLE! NO BOBBINS!
No rewinding of thread. Makes the Lock Stitch, Chain Stitch and Cable Stitch, from two commercial spools, direct.

IT IS THE LIGHTEST RUNNING, AND makes the least noise of any machine in the world. The most simple in construction, and the easiest operated.

Will sew from the finest to the heaviest of fabrics without any change of tension.

SEWS 25 PER CENT. FASTER
Than any other Machine, making 5½ stitches to the revolution.

The public are invited to call and see this
WONDERFUL INVENTION!
Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
For further particulars call at
104 Third Street, near Alder, Good Templars' Hall.
MRS. A. B. PAXTON,
Sole Agent for Oregon.

JUST RECEIVED
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF THE CELEBRATED "ANCHOR" BRAND
NAILS.
THE BEST NAIL IN MARKET.
Shelf and Builders' Hardware.
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
&c., &c., at
67 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK.
JOHN R. FOSTER.

SEED WHEAT.
CHILI CLUB
FOR SALE BY
EVERDING & FARRELL.

SNODGRASS & CO.,
CINCINNATI, O.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For sale of
OREGON SALMON.
Orders for purchase of COTTON GOODS, OILS, PROVISIONS, Etc., will have prompt attention.
oc19-1awtf

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Aug. 2d, 1874, at 4 A. M.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),
As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Portland ....7:30 A. M.	Roseburg ....7:10 P
Roseburg......5:00 A. M.	Portland..........4:15 P.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows:

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Portland.........3:50 P. M.	Albany..........8:25 P. M
Albany.........5:30 A. M.	Portland.........10:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Portland.........6:15 A. M.	Junction.........6:00 P. M
Junction.........5:45 A. M.	Portland.........5:15 P. M

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing
PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.

E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.

To take Effect Monday, March 20, 1875,

Trains will run between
PORTLAND AND ST. JOSEPH
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAY),
AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Portland.........2:30 P. M.	St. Joseph..........6:30 P. M
St. Joseph.........6:30 A. M.	Portland..........10:30 A. M.

Connecting at Cornelius with Stages for Forest Grove; at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

Passengers received at Fourth street siding on giving signal to the train, but are prohibited from getting on or off the train at any other point on the street.

Passengers getting on the train at Ticket Stations without tickets will be charged twenty-five cents extra.

Freight received at the Company's New Warehouse, and will not be received for shipment after 4 P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.
DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Kalama.........11:20 A. M.	Tacoma.........5:30 P. M.
Tacoma.........6:50 A. M.	Kalama.........12:40 P. M

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for all points on Puget Sound daily, and on Sundays and Wednesdays at 6 P. M. with Steamer for Victoria and Stikine Mines.

Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co. Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.

H. W. FAIRWEATHER,
General Ticket Agent.

Kalama, W. T., Feb. 6, 1875.

Ordinance No. 1616.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE TIME and manner of improving that part of Montgomery street lying between the west side of Front street and the east side of Fourth street.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The proposed improvement of that part of Montgomery street lying between the west side of Front street and the east side of Fourth street in the manner set forth in the petition of the owners of more than two thirds of the property fronting and abutting thereon, and as hereinafter provided shall be completed on or before the 15th day of May, 1875.

Section 2. The surface of the street shall be cleared of all plank or other obstructions (sidewalks, crosswalks and plank road ways of the proper width and grade and otherwise in good condition, excepted.) If the obstructions are not removed by the owners of the adjacent property within three days after notice, they shall be removed by and become the property of the contractor.

Section 3. The improvement shall consist of grading to the established grade, and laying sidewalks, crosswalks and plank gutters where necessary.

Section 4. The work to be done and materials furnished shall correspond with the provisions of and under the restrictions contained in sections 7, 11 and 12 of Ordinance No. 793, entitled "an Ordinance in relation to the improvement of streets."

Section 5. The contractor shall take entire charge of the work during its progress, and shall be responsible for any loss or accident resulting from carelessness or neglect.

Section 6. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for, receive proposals and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders for the improvement specified in this Ordinance.

Section 7. The improvement shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property and the Superintendent of Streets.

Passed the Common Council March 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1617.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the Fund arising from the sale of Fire Department Bonds.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out the Fund arising from the sale of Fire Department Bonds, viz:

For plans, specifications and superintending the erection of buildings on lot 6, block 55, two hundred seventy four dollars and fifty cents

For gas fixtures in house for use of Vigilance Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1, forty-seven dollars.

Passed the Common Council April 7, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved April 8, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE CONstruction of Two Hose Carriages.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Committee on Fire and Water are hereby authorized to advertise for, receive bids and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder for the construction of two Hose Carriages, one for the use of Willamette Engine Co. No. 1, and one for the use of Protection Engine Co. No. 4, as per plan and specifications filed in the office of the Auditor and Clerk, April 7, 1875, provided the cost thereof shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of fourteen hundred ($1400) dollars.

Passed the Common Council April 7, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved April 9, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Hose Carriages.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland until 12 o'clock M. Friday, April 16, 1875, for the construction of Two Hose Carriages authorized by Ordinance No. 1619, plans and specifications for which can be seen at the Auditor's office.

The right to reject any and all bids is expressly reserved.

J. H. LYON,
E. CORBETT,
G. W. HOYT,
Committee on Fire and Water.

a12d1d

Pine Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the City of Portland propose to construct a Sewer in Pine Street of Terra Cotta Pipe, nine inches in diameter from Fourth street to the west side of Second street, and of twelve inches diameter from thence to the Willamette river, with suitable inlets and catch basins; the expense thereof to be assessed upon the property benefited.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

April 10, 1875.
a10d10d

WM. PFUNDER,
APOTHECARY AND CHEMIST,
DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE,
Corner of First and Oak streets, (Portlan
PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY

LAW CARDS.

SYL. C. SIMPSON. JNO. B. WALDO.
SIMPSON & WALDO,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 12 Dekum's Building.

REMOVAL.
A. C. GIBBS. E. O. HUGHES
GIBBS & HUGHES,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
Office in Aukeny's Building, First Street.
Will practice in all Courts of Record in the State, and pay particular attention to Business in the United States Courts.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
Attorneys at Law,
Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

W. W. MORELAND,
Attorney at Law—Oregon City, Oregon.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN B. PILKINGTON, M. D.
OCULIST AND AURIST.
ROOM 2—DEKUM'S BUILDING, CORNER FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS.
Office Hours—10 to 12, 3 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.

DR. CHAS. SHUMACHER,
OFFICE—PFUNDER'S DRUG STORE.
Residence—Third street, bet. Salmon and Main.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

RE-OPENED!
CLARENDON HOTEL!
Corner of F and First Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL, NEWLY FURnished throughout in a superb manner, is now open for the reception of guests.
The Finest Rooms and the Best Table, in Oregon, at moderate prices
Situated within two blocks of the Depots of the Oregon and California and Oregon Central Railroads, and within one block of the wharf of the Oregon Steamship Company.
Street Cars pass the door.
Free Coach to and from the House.
Street Car tickets furnished free to guests.
HALLETT & KIMBALL.

THOMPSON HOUSE,
First and Jefferson Streets.
Board and Lodging, per week..........$5 00
Board, without Lodging..........4 00
Board and Lodging, per day..........75
The House is new and hard finished, and the board is as good as any first class house.
HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT.
Men with families will be charged moderately.
A Wagon attends the Steamers and Railroads.
Employers in want of help, please call.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE,
Cor. Front and Washington sts., Albany, Or.
J. H. BACKENSTO, Prop'r.
BOARD AND LODGING FROM $1 TO $1 50 per day, according to room occupied.
Free Coach to and from the house. mh31dim

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
FRONT STREET, near B,
JAMES DOLAN, Proprietor.
NEWLY FURNISHED THROUGHOUT.
Board and Lodging, per week..........$5 00
Board, without Lodging..........4 00
Board and Lodging, per day..........1 00
Single Meals..........25

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
For all the purposes of a Family Physic,
CURING
Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Goul, Stomach, and Breath, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and Purifying the Blood, are the most congenial purgative yet perfected. Their effects abundantly show how much they excel all other Pills. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. They purge out the foul humors of the blood; they stimulate the sluggish or disordered organ into action; and they impart health and tone to the whole being. They cure not only the every day complaints of every body, but formidable and dangerous diseases. Most skillful physicians, most eminent clergymen, and our best citizens, send certificates of cures performed and of great benefit they have derived from these Pills. They are the safest and best physic for children, because mild as well as effectual. Being sugar coated, they are easy to take; and being purely vegetable, they are entirely harmless.
PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine
T. A. DAVIS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Portland, Oregon.

Ayer's Ague Cure,
FOR THE SPEEDY RELIEF OF
Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

℞ Has been widely used during the last twenty-five years, in the treatment of these distressing diseases, and with such unvarying success that it has gained the reputation of being infallible. The shakes, or chills, once broken by it, do not return, until the disease is contracted again. This has made it an accepted remedy, and trusted specific, for the Fever and Ague of the West, and the Chills and Fever of the South.

Ayers' Ague Cure eradicates the noxious poison from the system, and leaves the patient as well as before the attack. It thoroughly expels the disease, so that no Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dysentery or Debility follow the cure. Indeed, where Disorders of the Liver and Bowels have occurred from Miasmatic Poison, it removes the cause of them and they disappear. Not only is it an effectual cure, but, if taken occasionally by patients exposed to malaria it will expel the poison and protect them from attack. Travelers and temporary residents are thus enabled to defy the disease. The General Debility which is so apt to ensue from continued exposure to Malaria and Miasm, has no speedier remedy.

For Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.
T. A. DAVIS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Portland, Oregon.

PORTLAND
LIBRARY ASSOCIATION
ROOMS,
Corner of Stark and First Streets,
(Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank.)
Nearly 7500 Volumes.
And over 100 Papers and Periodicals.
Membership Free to All.
MONTHLY DUES $1 00—QUARTERLY DUES, $3 00

Directors:

WILLIAM S. LADD,	ADDISON C. GIBBS,
PHILIP C. SCHUYLER,	C. H. LEWIS,
MATTHEW P. DEADY,	M. W. FECHHEIMER,
L. H. WAKEFIELD,	H. FAILING,
W. H. BRACKETT,	LEHMAN BLUM.

M. P. Deady, President.
H. Failing, Vice President.
P. C. Schuyler, Treasurer.
M. W. Fechheimer, Corresponding Secretary.
Henry A. Oxer, Librarian and Rec. Sec.

TO IMMIGRANTS.

PLEASE CALL AT STATE BOARD OF IMMIgration Rooms, Aukeny's Market, and procure tickets entitling you to travel by Railroads and Steamers all over the State at half fares. Also, where employment is obtainable, farms for sale and for rent, and other information as to Oregon, free of charge.
fe27tf

CHIEF OF POLICE SALE
FOR
DELINQUENT CITY TAXES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRtue of a Warrant issued by order of the Common Council of the City of Portland, directed to me and attached to the tax roll of the City of Portland, levied by Ordinances No. 1597 and 1598, and commanding me to collect the taxes designated thereon as delinquent, and for want of personal property to make said taxes, I have levied upon, and on

Monday, the 3d day of May, 1875

I will sell at Public Auction, at the Court House door in the City of Portland, Multnomah county, State of Oregon, so much of the following described lots and parcels of land as may be necessary to pay the taxes due thereon, in United States coin, as levied by the Ordinances aforesaid, together with all fees and costs. Said land is situated in the City of Portland, county and State aforesaid, and was assessed to the following named persons, to-wit:

Names.	*Description.*	*Am't Tax.*
Austin, R D, Agent	Block 24, lot 3	$21 00
Brown, Samuel	Block 76, S ½ of lot 2	1 38
Boquette, Francis	Couch Addition, block 107, W ½ of W ½ of all	3 75
Burton, J J	Couch Addition, block 24, lot 2	9 75
Barber, Ellen	Block 204, lot 1	1 69
Butts, W H	Block D, E ½ of lots 5 and 6	2 25
Bottler, Isabella	Couch Addition, block 75, lots 2 and 3	16 13
Brown, Wm	Couch Addition, block 77, lots 2 and 3	3 38
Burte, Mrs H E	All of block 195	1 88
Cone, P J	Caruthers' Addition, block 48, lots 5 and 6	3 38
Cary, P H	Caruthers' Addition, block 69, lot 3	19
Coombs, R G	Block 239, lots 3 and 4	12 00
Casey, Mary E	Block 159, lots 3 and 4	10 13
Curren, Miss	Building on block 133, lot 6	75
Collins, Mrs M	Carter's Addition, block A, part of N W cor sub lot 16	1 50
Donovan, John, & Ann	Couch Addition, block 157, lots 1, 4, 5 and 8; and block 52, lot 1	18 27
Dosh, Mary L	Block 121, lot 50x70 feet	2 44
Drummond & Long	Building on, block 10, lot 5	3 38
Dardis, L	Couch Addition, block 159, lots 1, 2, 3 and 4	6 00
Dinneen, Timothy	Couch Addition, block 239, lots 3 and 6	2 25
Espinola, A	Couch Addition, block 86, lot 5	1 50
Freiley, James	Carter's Addition, block 11, lot 4	1 88
Fisk, J H	Block 255, N 40 feet of lot 7; block 255, lot 8; building on block 41, lot 5	17 25
Freeborn, Robt D	Couch Addition, block 156, lots 1, 2, 3 and 4	11 25
Fellows, Chas	Couch Addition, block 63, lot 7	6 38
Failing, X J	Block 63, W ½ of lots 7 and 8	21 00
Farmer, J P	Building on Couch Addition, block 18, lot 1	2 25
Fox & Armstrong	Couch Addition, block 156, lots 5, 6, 7 and 8	6 00
Fox, Jas C	Caruthers' Addition, block 47, W ½ of lots 1 and 2; and block 47, lots 7 and 8	3 38
Fecker & Hudson	Improvements, block 9, lot 2	1 50
Grey M	In S ½ of double block I, 52x66 feet in S E corner	8 25
Gardiner, Chas	Carter's Addition, block 11, lot 3; and Caruthers' Addition, block 49, undivided ½ of all	2 25
Gillihan, W T	Block 321, lots 1 and 2; block 324, all; block 325, all; and block 332, all	2 63
Howard, W H	Block 120, lot 2	2 63
Hickey, Wm	Caruthers' Addition, block 12, lot 4	5 85
Howe, Honora	Caruthers' Addition, block 71, lot 1	56
Harker, Sarah E	Block 223, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8	48 00
Harris, W H	Block 222, W ½ of lots 5 and 6; in S W ½ 75x200 feet, block W; in S W ¼ 75x297 feet, block W; Caruthers' Addition, block 47, lots 3 and 4	38 25
Harger, Geo W	Couch Addition, block 99, S ½ of lot 5	2 63
Hibernian Benevolent Society	Block 177, lot 1	2 25
Hopkins, Chas	Block 128, lots 3 and 4	6 75
Higgins, W L	Block 116, lot 8	3 75
Holbrook, A, Widow and heirs of	Couch Addition, block 25, lots 1 and 4; block 182, lot 2 and N ½ of 3; block 59, lot 2; on Chapman Claim, block X 1 S 1 E, 16 acres, sec 4	49 50
Hayden, John H	Block 133, lots 7 and 8	18 38
Horning, Phillip	Building on block 41, lot 5	75
Jaques, Wm	Carter's Addition, block A, 50x150 E ½ of sub lot 16	3 75
Johnson, W C	Block 251, W 55 feet of lot 5; and block 251, W 55 feet of S 8 feet of lot 6	6 75
Jackson, Jacob B	Block 108, lot 4	75
Johnson, Andrew	On King Claim, sec 33, 1 N, 1 E, ½ acre	1 88
Jones, C H	Building on, Couch Addition, block 69, lot 3	3 00
Kerrigan, Phillip	Improved on block 7, lot 6	2 63
Ladd, J L	Park block 2, lot 2	11 25
Lamb, James	Block 103, lot 2	2 25
Lafferty, Jos	Couch Addition, block 249, lots 6 and 7	5 63
Lichtenthaler	Caruthers' Addition, block 48, W 60 feet of lots 7 and 8	4 50
Montgomery, J B	Block 200, lot 8	23 63
Murry, J W	Caruthers' Addition, block 65, lots 1, 2, 7, 8 and N ½ of 6	9 85
Miller, Arthur F	Block 232, lots 5 and 6	3 00
McGowin, J P	Caruthers' Addition, block 2, all	19 50
Martin, Hugh	Caruthers' Addition—block 21, lot 8	5 25
McArthur, Jemima	Couch Addition, block 165, lots 5, 6, 7 and 8; Couch Addition, block 38, lot 5	[illegible]
McDonald, J D	Block 239, lots 5 and 6	[illegible]
McDermott, B	Couch Addition, building on block 70, lot 2	[illegible]
Neibur, Francis	Block 185, lots 3 and 6	[illegible]
Ogden, M D	Couch Addition, block 70, N ½ of all	[illegible]
Owner Unknown	Block 163, undivided ¾ N ½ of lot 3	[illegible]
Owner Unknown	Block 276, fraction of all	[illegible]
Owner Unknown	In S ½ of double block I, N fraction of lot 1	1 [illegible]
Owner Unknown	Caruthers' Addition, block A, 21x85 feet on N ½ of lot 1	1 88
Owner Unknown	Carter's Addition, block C, lot 5 in subdivision 20	75
Owner Unknown	Carter's Addition, block C, lot 6 in subdivision 26	56
Owner Unknown	Carter's Addition, block C, lot 7 in subdivision 25	75
Owner Unknown	Carter's Addition, block C, lot 8 in subdivision 20	1 13
Pryor, Catherine	Block 133, lot 4	12 00
Patton, Matthew J	Block 7, S ½ of lot 8	5 63
Patton, John A, Estate of	Block 8, lot 4, S ½ of 3, N ½ of 6	21 38
Prettyman, P, Estate of	Block 164, lot 6	3 75
Peters, Minna	Couch Addition, block 15, lot 6; and Couch Addition, block 58, lot 6	21 00
Phelan, Helen	Watson's Addition, block 7, lots 5 and 8	1 13
Patterson, C M	Improvement on sec 4, 1 S, 1 E, Davenport, fraction 5 acres	16 12
Pollock, Mary L	Block 196, lot 1	2 40
Price, John H	Caruthers' Addition, block 41, lot 4	2 25
Protzman, F C	Block 197, lots 5 and 6	5 25
Preston, Jeremiah	Block 258, lot 5	3 38
Politka, Frank	Caruthers' Addition, block 42, lots 3, 4, 5 and 6	7 50
Ryan, Ann, Estate of	Block Y, N W ¼ of S W ¼ of all	3 00
Reinke, Chas, Estate of	Caruthers' Addition, block 25, lots 1 and 2	6 75
Reid, Mary S	Block 207, lots 1 and 2	20 41
Richards, Sol	Couch Addition, block 152, lots 3, 6 and 7	5 06
Reed, James	Block W, lot 27x200 feet on W Twelfth street	3 00
Smith, P C	Couch Addition, block 86, lots 6, 7 and 8	7 13
Stephenson, H J	Park block 4, lot 3; and block 312, lots 5, 6 and E ½ of 7	1 50
Smith, Hannah M	Block 10, N ½ of lot 2	6 00
Shipley, A R	Block 1, N ½ of lot 4	41 63
Shattuck S F	Block 182, lot 4 and S ½ of 3; [illegible]	12 38
Shank, J S	Block 317, lots 5 and 6	4 13
Savarian, C S	Block 200, lot 1	6 00
Semple, Ruth A	Block 259, W ½ of E ½ of lots 7 and 8; block 326, lots 3, 4, 5 and 6; block 308, lot 6; block 320, lot 6 and fraction of 3; block 319, lots 3 and 6; block 329, fraction of lots 3 and 6; block 330, fraction of all; and block 331, S ½ of all	21 00
Stephens, Margaret A	Block 233, N ½ of lot 3	5 63
Studinger, Henry	Couch Addition, block 60, lot 7	4 50
Steffin, J F	Caruthers' Addition, block B, W ½ of lot 5	1 31
Scott, E R, Heirs of	Block 8, lots 1, 2 and S [illegible]	20 25
St. Helen's Mill Company	Carter's Addition, Block C, lots 1 and 2 in subdivision 25; and Block 327, lots 5 and 6	6 75
Stephenson, J	Couch Addition, building on block 64, lot 5	2 25
Thompson, John	Block 38, E 25 feet of lots 5 and 6	7 50
Tucker, Annie S	Caruthers' Addition, block G, lot 100x100 feet in N W corner	2 25
Thompson, Mrs	Block 27, lots 4, 5 and 6	90
Vattier, Susan,	Couch Addition, block 63, lot 6	2 48
Wood, T A	Block 136, N 10 feet of lots 5 and S 40 feet of 6; and block 1[illegible]2, S 25 feet of lot 6	1 13
Woodward, Tyler	Couch Addition, block 29, lot 6	15 00
Walsh, John E	Couch Addition, block 89, lot 2	3 75
Welser, Wm	Improvement on block 41, N ½ of lot 2	15 00
Watkins, Wm	Block 7, lot 1	13 50
Whiting, J D	Couch Addition, block 158, undivided ½ of lots 6 and 7; Couch Addition, block 74, undivided ½ of lots 2 and 3; Couch Addition, block 74, undivided ½ of lots 6 and 7	7 31
West, John	Block 290, all	1 50
Williams, Mrs L	Caruthers' Addition, block 65, lot 3	1 13
Woodcock & Hoofman	Building on block 55, lot 1	3 75
Wiggington, Mrs	Block 141, undivided 1-9 of lots 7 and 8	2 25
Zimmerman, Wm	Couch Addition, block 135, W ½ of lots 2 and 3	6 38

The sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on the day above-named, and to be continued until all is sold.

Portland, March 31, 1875.

J. H. LAPPEUS,
Chief of Police.

SAN FRANCISCO
N. W. SPAULDING'S
Saw-Smithing & Repairing
ESTABLISHMENT,
17 and 19 Fremont street between Front and Battery,
SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH inserted in circular saws.
REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as [illegible] ming, Re-Toothing, Straightening, etc.
CIRCULAR SAWS of [illegible] also Mulay, Gang, Buck, [illegible] and [illegible] kinds, together with [illegible] hours at lowest market [illegible]
Cast-Steel faced PL[illegible] ING CUTTERS always [illegible] short notice.
N. B.—Messrs. KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants, Portland, Or., duly authorized Agents [illegible] Oregon, W[illegible] Idaho.
Orders sent through them [illegible] wise will be filled at [illegible] rect.

MEDICAL.

TO THE UNFORTU[illegible]
NEW REMEDIES! NEW REM[illegible]
Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,
623 KEARNEY [illegible]
San Francisco [illegible]
[illegible]

DR. GIBBON has the pleasure of [illegible] he has returned from visiting the [illegible] tals of Europe, and has resumed practice [illegible] pensary, 623 Kearney street, corner of [illegible] San Francisco, where [illegible] patients [illegible] quiring his services [illegible]

The Doctor [illegible] neither time [illegible] seeking out [illegible] and has increased fac[illegible] alleviation of suffering.

Horrible Disease.

How many thousands of [illegible] female, are there who are suffering [illegible] existence from the effects of secret [illegible] from virus absorb[illegible] system [illegible] pallid, emaciated and disfigured [illegible] broken-down constitution [illegible] disqualifying [illegible] the happiness of marriage or the [illegible] In this horrid situation thousands [illegible] closes the scene [illegible] tend to those who are suffering [illegible] horrible, life-destroying maladies [illegible] cared for and cured [illegible] immediately to DR. GIBBON, a physician [illegible] made private diseases his especial [illegible] and who is certain [illegible] the most [illegible] without mercury or [illegible] portant to those who are affected, or [illegible] are interested in the welfare of their [illegible] careful of the many pretended d[illegible] all cities, publishing [illegible] in a few days, [illegible] the names of eminent physicians from other places. [illegible] careful inquiry, or you may fall into the hands of charlatans.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions [illegible] This solitary vice [illegible] practiced by the [illegible] unlimited exten[illegible] ty, the following [illegible] combatted by [illegible] low countenance [illegible] under the head, ring[illegible] noise [illegible] of leaves and [illegible] the loins, [illegible] the limbs, blunted intel[illegible] approach [illegible] a dislike to [illegible] quaintance [illegible] memory, bent [illegible] pimples and [illegible] tions about [illegible] coughs, [illegible] frequent [illegible] apply from [illegible] have a [illegible] of treatment [illegible] ing a [illegible] cure. Dr. G. [illegible] Hundred [illegible] factory [illegible] plaint [illegible]

Married [illegible]

Or those who contemplate [illegible] ing under any of these fearful [illegible] forget the sacred responsibility [illegible] nor delay [illegible] DR. GIBBON is responsible, and will [illegible] patients a written instrument [illegible] fect a radical and permanent [illegible] charge.

Caution to the Unfortunate.

Beware [illegible] the San Francisco quacks [illegible] bogus [illegible] some of the [illegible] names are [illegible] found in the newspapers [illegible] San Francisco [illegible] tradesmen [illegible] became too lazy to [illegible] trade, [illegible] smiths, [illegible] carriers, [illegible] office [illegible] way to avoid [illegible] cost you [illegible] and may [illegible] for, as advertised [illegible] ten are [illegible] there is no [illegible] them [illegible] know who and [illegible] Gibbon [illegible] deceive people by [illegible] cities, [illegible] pretended [illegible] Dr. Gibbon [illegible] persons [illegible] office of [illegible] to treat [illegible]

Cured at Home [illegible]

Persons at a distance may be CURED [illegible] by addressing a letter to Dr. Gibbon, [illegible] symptoms, length of time the disease has [illegible] and have medicines promptly forwarded, [illegible] damage and correctly to any part of the [illegible] with full and plain directions. By [illegible] Dollars coin, in registered letter [illegible] office or through Wells Fargo & Co., [illegible] medicine will be forwarded to any [illegible] Union. All communications strictly [illegible] correspondents will please [illegible] BON that they read his advertisement [illegible] OREGONIAN.

Address DR. J. F. GIBBON, 623 Kearney street, [illegible] ner Commercial, San Francisco. [illegible] REMEMBER [illegible] BOX LET ON THE [illegible] TER.

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION!
MARRIAGE
GUIDE.
[illegible]

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for [illegible] Oregon.—In [illegible] cy. In the matter of [illegible] Morris, United States of [illegible] District of Oregon [illegible] warrant in Bankruptcy has been [illegible] Court against the estate [illegible] county of Multnomah, and State of Oregon [illegible] District, who has been duly adjudged [illegible] upon petition of his creditors [illegible] any debts and the delivery of any property [illegible] ing to said bankrupt, to him [illegible] transfer of any property by [illegible] are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors [illegible] to prove their debts and [illegible] one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden [illegible] trict, on the 15th day of [illegible] A. D. [illegible] o'clock A. M., at the office of [illegible] Northup, No. 8, Dekum's Building [illegible] Bankruptcy of said District.

DANIEL [illegible]
U. S. M[illegible]

a6d13

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Oregon [illegible] In the matter of C. B. C[illegible] Notice is hereby given that [illegible] in said Court by J. L. [illegible] duly bankrupt under the Act [illegible] 1867, for a discharge, and certificate [illegible] all his debts and liabilities [illegible] ble under said act, and that [illegible] of April, 1875, is assigned for [illegible] same before H. H. Northup, [illegible] Register in Bankruptcy, at his office in Portland [illegible] when and where any person [illegible] attend and show cause, if any they have, why [illegible] tition should not be granted.

[illegible] WILCOX, [illegible] Clerk.

m30ldaw3t

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Oregon. Notice [illegible] the matter of Jacob Conser, [illegible] hereby given that a petition [illegible] Court by said Jacob Conser [illegible] rupt under the Act of Congress [illegible] a discharge and certificate [illegible] debts and liabilities and other [illegible] der said act, and that the [illegible] 1875, is assigned for the hearing [illegible] H. H. Northup, Esq., Register [illegible] office in Portland, in said District [illegible] any person may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition [illegible] granted.

[illegible] WILCOX, Clerk.

ma29d1aw3t

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of Oregon. [illegible] of O. Kellogg & Co., bankrupts. [illegible] tice that a second general meeting [illegible] of Joseph Kellogg, one of said [illegible] held in the city of Portland, [illegible] the 28th day of April, 1875, at [illegible] the office of H. H. Northup, Esq. [illegible] ruptcy in said District, for the [illegible] the 27th section of the Bankrupt [illegible] 1867.

JOHN CATLIN, Assignee.

a6d1aw3t

NOTICE.—In the matter of [illegible] A. Holbrook, deceased. [illegible] claims against the estate of [illegible] A. Holbrook, deceased, are hereby required [illegible] with the necessary vouchers attached [illegible] signed Executrix, at the office of [illegible] Room 15 Dekum's Building, in the city of Portland, Oregon, within six months from [illegible]

MARY H. HOLBROOK, Executrix.

Portland, March 8, 1875.

VOL. XV—NO. 59.

EASTERN NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIA

Government Expedition to the Black H

OMAHA, April 13.—Six companies of caval two of infantry, have been ordered from the road to the base of the Black Hills as an escort to the Government geologist, who will journey of that country. They expect to [illegible] Fort Laramie on the 15th. The Governm promptly apprised of the many expedition this country and is prepared for them.

What the Indians Think of it

Letters from the Red Cloud agency show th Indians are fully aware of all that is being d the matter and are much excited over it. head warriors, who are really more powerful the chiefs, are favorably inclined to dispo the country between the two Cheyenne rivers good round consideration. In the event of it chase the head warriors will insist that the vation be removed to the head of Tongue ri the base of the Big Horn mountains. The I are exceedingly anxious that a large num their head chiefs and warriors should go to ington and see the President, and are please the agent has been ordered to take them to ington.

Fires.

GLOUCESTER, N. J., April 13.—The Washi House and three other buildings, were burn night. Loss, $150,000; partly insured.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 13.—A fire last nig stroyed Bush & Co.'s Union elevator, with a amount of corn. Total loss on the building $75,000; insurance, $28,000; loss on grain, $20,000.

More Trouble with the Spinner

LOWELL, Mass., April 13.—The mule spinn the Massachusetts, Prescott and Lawrence quit work last night, and to-night the mal ners in all other mills will be discharged.

Col. Starbottle on the Stage.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Bret Harte has draw his Col. Starbottle for Stuart Robson, the low dian, by whom it will probably be produced, Union Square Theatre.

The "Best Republicans" against the Republic

BOSTON, April 13.—The *Journal* says the ti come for the President to announce his inten retire from office at the close of the present bold and manly denunciation of such would revive the drooping spirits of the part feeling is entertained by the best Republic Massachusetts.

Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Gold closed at 115 ranged at 5@1 ₩ cent; closed, offered at 1. ments active and slightly lower. Stocks d weak, except Erie, which was active and W. U. 77⅜, Quicksilver 20¼, Pacific Mail 43 Fargo 87, N. Y. Cen 101⅝, Erie 32⅜, Pana Union Pacific stock 71½, do Bonds 99½.

An April Snow Storm.

NEW YORK, April 13.—A driving snow sto all day, and continued this evening. Dis from the interior of the State and eastern po of Pennsylvania say that snow had fallen depth of nine inches. The storm extended timore and Washington.

BOSTON, April 13.—A heavy snow fell throughout New England to-day.

Pleasure Yacht Capsized—Four Dro

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 13.—By the caps a pleasure yacht in the harbor, four out persons aboard were drowned, to-day.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Decision of the Secretary of the In

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The Secretary of terior to-day decided that *bona fide* own holders of patents for lands located by C half-breed scrip certificates are entitled, up rendering these scrip patents and paying t acre, to receive new and unquestionable pa their lands. The commissioner of the gene office is directed to issue the necessary inst This act is called forth by a decision of the court of California that all patents founde tration of said scrip in California are void face, Congress having made it applicabl lands ceded by Chippewa half-breed India retary Delano's decision is of general app there being a large number of similar cas various Western States and Territories.

Patents will be issued to-morrow for Ra Los Vergelis, comprising 8,759 acres, in county, James Stot, confirmee.

President and Cabinet go to the Centennial

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The President New York Thursday morning, and will b there by all the Cabinet, except, Attorney Williams and they will then proceed to B

Decision on the Stamping of Bank

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The solicitor of ury department, to whom the subject was has decided that the commissioner of int enue has the right to examine bank check bank or association, to learn whether the been violated in respect to stamping such

SOUTH AMERICA.

Burning of a Jesuit Colleg

NEW YORK, April 13.—Advices from Sou cal by steamer to-day from Aspinwall, stat Jesuit college in Buenos Ayres has been burned, and that some of the ringleaders have been arrested. Three priests are have died. The Archbishop had returne city, and the newspapers unanimously re him to resign, and the minister of forei in a circular addressed to the legation says the mob was headed by a Spanish p number of killed does not exceed four, being among them. There are, howe priests wounded.

CANADA.

Sewing Machine Factory Bur

GUELPH, Ont., April 13.—The Raymo Machine Co.'s factory is burned. Loss, $

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Cholera in India.

BOMBAY, April 13.—Cholera is prevail province of Oude.

International Congress on Wei Measures.

PARIS, April 13.—The diplomatic confe the metrical system of weights and me here yesterday. The Governments of States, Brazil, Venezuela and the Argent lic are represented. It was resolved to e international bureau of weights and me

Proceedings in Parliamen

LONDON, April 13.—In the House of Co evening Sullivan wanted to know wheth in regard to bearing arms in Ireland wo way interfere with American riflemen coming to Ireland to take part in the in rifle match.

The chief secretary of Ireland repli classes would heartily welcome the Am this summer. The gentlemen from States who were to take part in the con were undoubtedly law-abiding citizens, no reason to suppose they would bre or be any more likely to render themsel arrest than Scotchmen or Englishmen. Sullivan insisting on a positive assur there might be no misapprehension, th retary replied that there would be no. with visitors, as it was well understood intention of breaking the law, but, if special arrangement would be made to entire freedom of movement and exer the formal operation of the law.

The *Times* and *Daily News* having re lished certain documents which had b ted to a select committee of Parlia South American bubble loans, a motio duced summoning the publishers of th to the bar of the house to answer for br ilege. The motion met considerable op after a long debate on the liberty and r of the press, was adopted.

LONDON, April 13.—In the House of C night, Capt. Bailey Cochran moved opinion of the House, the internation ference to meet at St. Petersburg afford opportunity for England to withdra ment to the declaration of Paris in 1856. der secretary of state for foreign af against the motion, and declared th could not honorably withdraw from the without the consent of the other partie it. Her relinquishment of the right mies' goods on neutral vessels was don concession, but England was the gaine lition of privateering, and in other thought the revival of this question good results. On the contrary it wo other grave issues, and if persisted in England liable to the charge of bre The motion was rejected, 36 yeas to 26

A False Report.

The report in the Paris paper *L'Un* that the Pope had made to Emperor Fr through his patriarch of Venice, a st strance against the oppression of t Germany, and that the Emperor had ploring the struggle and counselling pronounced without foundation.

The Salt Lake *Tribune* says: " victed of the crime of polygamy a signed to the Government prison Michigan. For their benefit, we w Congress at its last session passed prisoners of the United States, he ger period than six months, shal discharge be furnished by the w prison with a plain suit of clothe money."

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 13, 1875.

TERMS OF THE OREGONIAN.

Rates of Subscription (Payable in Advance) Postage Prepaid at this office:

DAILY.		WEEKLY.	
One Year, by mail	$10 00	One Year, by mail	$3 00
Per month "	1 00	Six Months	2 00
By carrier, per week	25c	Three "	1 00

Remittances may be made by Draft, Postoffice Order or Registered Letter, at our risk.

Be sure to give Postoffice address in full, including State and County.

Address OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO., Portland, Oregon.

WISHING AND HAVING.

If to wish and to have were one, my dear,
  You would be sitting now
With not a care in your tender heart,
  Not a wrinkle upon your brow;
The clock of time would go back with you
  All the years you have been my wife,
Till its golden hands had pointed out
  The happiest hour of your life:
I would stop them at that immortal hour:
  The clock should no longer run;
You could not be sad and sick and old—
  If to wish and to have were one.

You are not here in the winter, my love,
  The snow is not whirling down;
You are in the heart of the summer woods,
  In your dear old sea-side town;
A patter of little feet in the leaves,
  A beautiful boy at your side;
He is gathering flowers in the shady nooks—
  It was but a dream that he died!
Keep hold of his hands, and sing to him:
  No mother under the sun
Has such a seraphic child as yours—
  If to wish and to have were one.

Methinks I am with you there, dear wife,
  In that old house by the sea;
I have flown to you as the bluebird flies
  To his mate in the poplar tree.
A sailor's hammock hangs at the door,
  You swing in it, book in hand:
A boat is standing in for the beach,
  Its keel grates on the sand:
Your brothers are coming—two manly men,
  Whose lives have only begun;
Their days will be long in the land, dear heart,
  If to wish and to have are one.

If to wish and to have were one, ah, me!
  I would not be old and poor,
But a young and prosperous gentleman,
  With never a dun at the door;
There would be no past to bewail, my love,
  There would be no future to dread;
Your brothers would be live men again,
  And my boy would not be dead.
Perhaps it will all come right at last;
  It may be when all is done,
We shall be together in some good world,
  Where to wish and to have are one.

R. H. Stoddard.

A DANBURY SPELLING SCHOOL.

An impromptu spelling-school was inaugurated in Merrill's grocery, Saturday evening. A young man who, last winter, aided Mr. Couch in the management of the North Center School, conducted the class. The first word he gave out was Indian.

The first man said, "I-n, in, d-i-n din—Indin."

The teacher shook his head. "Well, I declare I thought I had it," said the speller, with keen disappointment; but he picked up when the second man started, and eyed him with considerable anxiety.

The next man, with desperate earnestness, said, "I-n, in, d-e, de, inde, u-n, un—Indeun."

Then he sighed, and gazed anxiously at the teacher, while an old party at the end of the bench, who was watching the efforts with derisive amusement, turned the quid in his mouth and said:

"You ain't in a rod on't; but go on; let sum more try."

The teacher told the second speller he also had failed, whereupon he sighed again.

Then the third man took hold. He squared himself upon his seat, and holding up one finger, ticked off the letters with becoming solemnity, as follows: "I-n, in, d-d-d-a da, inda—i-n, in—Indain."

The old party on the end of the bench, who had been on the precipice of a laugh while the effort was being put forth, snickered right out in a loud guffaw at its conclusion.

"Well, that's a spell for you, I mus' say." And then he laughed again. The speller said nothing, but grew very red in the face when his failure was announced, and cast a baleful glance at the old party, whose turn had now come, and who said:

"You people should keep away from heo', you should. And now I'll tackle that little word," and he smiled all over his face, while his eyes twinkled with merriment, and looking sideways from one to the other, he rapidly spelled:

"I-n, in, g-i-n—Ingin."

His smile deepened into a broad grin as he watched the chagrin flush to the countenances of the other spellers, who had been misled all the time on a wrong pronunciation of the word. He was grinning with all his might when the teacher said:

"You ain't got the right word."

"Wh-ah-ot?" and he bore down on the brazen-faced young man a look calculated to freeze him to the bone.

"Indian is the word. There is no such word as Ingin," said the teacher.

"Oh, there isn't, hey? (sarcastically). You know, of course. You know all about it, you pimply—"

"But my dear sir—"

"You needn't apologise to me," shouted the old party, stamping the floor with his cane. "Who be you, any way, putting on your airs about me! I could twist your scrawny neck off of you in two minutes, you white-livered puppy, you."

"But, my dear sir, let me ex—"

"It tisn't ingin, is it?" ground out the old chap between his teeth. "It's somethin' else, I suppose. Oh, yes! you know, of course. And a nice one you are with your eddication. Why don't your mother send back them apples she borrowed a month ago?" and he looked around the store with a triumphant glare of sarcasm.

"But just hear me—"

"*Hear* you! Who are you, any way? What's your father; when's he drawed a sober breath, I'd like to know? An' where's your smart brother Ben? In pris'n somewhere, I'll be bound. Oh, I know yer hull family like a book. And a wuss lot than they are can't be found in this neighborhood, and you just put that in your pipe and smoke it, you egregious ass. Talk to me about spellin'," and the old man stamping his cane again, stalked out.

The lesson was then postponed.—*Danbury News.*

AN IRON WEDDING.—A story is told of one Busby and Mrs. Busby, of Trenton, N. J., celebrating their iron wedding. They made a feast and invited one hundred and twenty guests. The first three or four guests that arrived all brought flat-irons. The coincidence was laughable, and all laughed. But when the next eight or ten brought flat-irons, and looked jolly over them, Mrs. Busby grew sick of the ironing business, and Busby got mad. He began to scent a preconcerted ironical joke, and his bosom was ruffled by the iron of his best friends. Long before the next hundred guests had come, all lugging flat-irons, Mrs. Busby was laid out on a sofa, and Busby had gone to bed drunk. The only variations in the present were, one friend brought a flat-iron holder, and another, from Philadelphia, contributed a cow-bell. Busby's suspicions were incorrect. It was no trick at all, except of universal human nature. The whole proceeding was natural. The fact was that Trenton had a large overstock of flat-irons and sold them at seductively low rates—almost gave them away. Everybody had to do something, and everybody invested in flat-irons, because they were dirt cheap. The proceeds of the iron wedding were two hundred and thirteen flat-irons, one holder and a cow-bell. Busby and wife have resolved not to celebrate their silver wedding at all, at least not publicly.

The Salt Lake *Tribune* says: "Wm. Thomas, who was reported lost in the snow slide on Kesler park, four weeks ago, is reported by spiritualists as being still alive in his cabin. They claim to converse with him daily. As the cabin is not covered with snow, and as he claims through his friends spiritually that he is hearty, why don't he show himself? Strange to say, his wife believes him still alive, and speaks confidently of the time when he will come out of the mountains and see her.

The Fair for Dumb Animals in Boston realized $20,000.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

MONDAY EVENING, April 12, 1875.

Gold in New York. 115⅛.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying, 87½; selling 89½.

Coin Exchange on San Francisco ¾ of 1 per cent. premium.

Currency Exchange on San Francisco ½ of 1 per cent. premium.

Coin Exchange on New York 1 per cent. premium.

Currency Exchange on New York ½ per cent. premium.

Telegraphic transfers on New York 1½ per cent. premium.

Gold Bars 500.

Latest Liverpool wheat quotations are 9s 3d@9s 7d for average California, and 9s 5d@9s 11d for club.

Our local money market is very quiet to-day and but few inquiries for loans were met with. Those offering first class security as yet experience no serious difficulty in obtaining funds for all legitimate purposes.

In many respects it is feared that the commerce of the Pacific coast will not exhibit the marked progress in 1875 which it did last year, but our San Francisco exchanges give the value of the combined exports of treasure and merchandise from that port for the quarter ending March 31st, and that they were in excess of those for the first quarter of 1874 by $9,841,600. Again, the coinage of gold at the mint during the first three months of this year were only $5,360,000 against $9,000,000 in the corresponding period last year. The gold exported from San Francisco for the first quarter of the current year was $9,259,500, while the exports in the corresponding time in 1874 were only $831,200. The San Francisco *Bulletin's* deduction from these figures is that the current supply is $4,000,000 below the average, and $12,000,000 less than it was a year ago. The effect of this large drain on our reserves has been less felt than one would have supposed. Money rates have been rather firm, but there has been no advance, and legitimate borrowers have not been turned away. The banks have probably loaned down closer than usual, and turned over their money oftener, but there has been no distress in any quarter, so far as our observation has extended. There is a general feeling of confidence, and this is worth millions of capital. Interior merchants are a little slow about meeting their obligations, but the general indebtedness abroad is believed to be light, and some are known to have good balances to their credit.

Breadstuffs Markets, Supplies, Etc.

It appears evident that stocks of wheat at almost every point whence we are able to obtain any definite figures on the subject are much short of what they were about this time last year, and it is a difficult thing to tell why prices are so much lower now than then.

From the last number of the New York *Produce Exchange* we collate some of the following facts concerning the condition of the breadstuffs supply, and the tendency of the markets at the various grain centers of accumulation: The receipts of wheat at Chicago from August 1, 1874, to March 1, 1875, were 9,202,720 bushels less than during the corresponding time in the season of 1873-74. The receipts at Milwaukie from August 1, 1874, to March 1, 1875, also fell 8,610,540 bushels short of the receipts at that point for the corresponding period of 1873-74. The visible supply of wheat comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by rail, March 20, 1875, was 12,118,371 bushels, against 11,601,865 bushels at the corresponding date in 1874. The rail shipments of wheat east from Buffalo, including city and through from the West, for the week to all points West, were 56,800 bushels, against 99,200 bushels for the corresponding week last year. The clearances for Europe from the ports of New York, Montreal, Boston, Portland, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans for the week ending March 25th were 630,653 against 325,495 bush. the preceding week.

The imports of wheat into the United Kingdom during the month of February, 1875, were 2,899,377 centals, against 3,526,554 centals during the same month of 1874; the imports into that country from the United States in the month named were 1,390,-330 centals in 1875, and 2,141,897 centals in 1874.

The estimated consumption of wheat and flour in Great Britain during eight weeks, from Jan. 9th to Feb. 27th, inclusive, is placed at 3,684,000 qrs. against 3,103,687 qrs, supply from imports and home deliveries, indicating an approximating deficiency to eight of about 190,418 qrs., or 1,523,304 bush.

There were in transit for the United Kingdom on the 11th of March, 1875, including flour, 1,453,920 qrs. of wheat, comprising 66,020 qrs. from Azov Sea; 121,000 qrs. from the Black Sea; 16,600 qrs. from the Danube; 1,057,900 qrs. from California and Oregon; 43,440 qrs. from Atlantic parts of the United States; 500 qrs. from India, and 44,700 qrs. from other ports.

There were at the same date 19,190 qrs. of maize in transit for the United Kingdom, comprising 6,600 qrs. from the Black Sea; 103,790 qrs. from United States Atlantic ports, and 9,300 qrs. from Trieste.

The arrivals of wheat and flour in the United Kingdom, from Oregon and California, from March 8th to and including March 11th, are equivalent to 953,111 bushels of the latter.

The latest mail advices state that in Holland the spring thaw had set in, melting the ice in the rivers and canals, and navigation throughout the country was soon expected to be opened. There were some complaints of the wheat and rapeseed crops, which appeared to be based more on apprehensions than realities, with their correctness not tested. Advanced prices were obtainable for wheat; rye had been irregular. In Germany there were no complaints of the grown plants. The tone of the grain market was generally better.

The northern harbors of the German Baltic ports were becoming gradually navigable. The reopening of navigation, it was expected, would give a more active trade. In Hungary, the first week in March, the weather was milder. There were still night frosts, but these, it was thought, could not damage the grain plants, as snow still covered the ground. There was a large quantity of drift ice in the Danube, which will for some time prevent the reopening of navigation. Altogether the farmers cannot complain of the weather during the winter, as there is no lack of moisture and everything seems to promise a good and abundant harvest. Trade has been slow. Wheat, maize and oats were lower.

Advices from Odessa under date of February 28, 1875, report an inactive market for wheat, with only about 750,000 bushels sold in January and February at slightly variable prices. Heavy and superior qualities of wheat were scarce and firm. Supplies from the interior had been almost entirely stopped by the heavy snowfalls throughout the country, which interrupted communication, rendering the transport of grain for the moment next to impossible. Large supplies were not expected before

Advices from Paris, France under date of March 10, 1875, give very little change in the price of wheat, which was liberally offered and difficult to sell. The weather had been favorable for field work and the crops, and the reports concerning the wheat plant were very satisfactory. Flour was difficult of sale.

San Francisco Markets.

The American bark Garibaldi and the British bark Forward were on the berth at Hongkong, March 1st, for Portland.

The British ship Prince Charlie, from Astoria, and the British bark Buelah, from Portland, arrived at Queenstown April 1st.

The steamship Ajax, from San Francisco, will be due here to-morrow night.

The British ship La Escocesa is ready to go to sea, but lacks her complement of men.

The steamship Gussie Telfair is discharging freight at her berth. The time of her departure is not fixed.

The bark Clifton is not yet chartered. She could easily secure a charter to carry flour at current rates.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12.—Flour—$5@5 37½.
Wheat—Common, $1 50; fair, $1 65; choice, $1 70.
Barley—Choice, $1 55; feed, $1 40@1 45.
Oats—$1 85@2.
Hay—Common, $8@9 50; fair, $14; choice, $17.
Potatoes—Wharf lots, $2 40@2 45; jobbing, $2 50.
Vegetables—Cabbage, 1c; asparagus, 5@5½c; rhubarb, 4c.

EXPORTS.

Per Br ship La Escocesa to the United Kingdom for orders, dispatched April 12th by Salem Flouring Mills, 16,875 barrels flour, valued at $69,187.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—But few matters of importance in connection with this cereal have come to light to-day, quotations being still given at $1 40, at which there is some demand to load vessels expected to arrive shortly. The remaining surplus, which can be readily marketed, is evidently much smaller than is generally supposed.

FLOUR—Prices are unchanged, and a small cargo could be purchased at the terms which ruled when wheat was 2½@5c lower than at present. Receipts, however, are diminishing, and anything like an actual shipping demand would soon reduce the stocks on hand to the actual wants of the local trade.

OATS—The advance to 55c per bushel is still maintained by some dealers, and a few lots are coming to hand. We quote good to choice lots in sacks with the wide range of 50@55c.

MILL FEED—The scarcity noticed before continues, and there is considerable inquiry, at current rates, for all sorts. We quote the market firm at $18@14 ₱ ton, for bran; $27 50@30 for middlings, chops, etc., and $20@22 50 for shorts.

HAY—The market is fairly supplied at $11@12 ₱ ton, for good timothy, and $7@7 50 for wild. For the latter the demand is dull.

POTATOES—There is some inquiry for shipping, and advanced rates are ruling. We quote at 75@90 cents ₱ bushel for choice in sacks.

ONIONS—The market is in fair supply and the demand dull at $1@1 25 ₱ 100 pounds for choice assorted.

APPLES RIPE—There are but few choice lots offering, and prices are firmer at our quotations last given.

APPLES DRIED—The trade is inactive, but prices are nominally steady at 5c ₱ lb, in sacks, and 6c in kegs.

BACON—The market is firm at 11@12 cents ₱ lb for choice sides; 8@9c for shoulders, and 14@15c for hams. Some increase in receipts are noted over those of preceding week.

LARD—There is a fair demand for good quality in tins and kegs, quotable at 14c ₱ lb in the former, and 15c in kegs.

EGGS—The market is not at all steady, fluctuating as receipts increase or fall off. Jobbers are selling at 22½c ₱ dozen to-day, but prices may drop before the week closes.

BUTTER—The market is bare of choice lots, and short on all saleable qualities. We quote at 40c per lb for best roll, and 30@35c for common.

CHICKENS—Good lots quotable at $4 50; choice, $4 75@5 per dozen; common, $3 75@4 25.

DRESSED HOGS—The butchers are paying 6@6½c ₱ lb, at which there is no unusual demand.

BEEF CATTLE—The arrivals have been a little better, but choice lots are still scarce and in demand at 5½@6c ₱ lb net, on foot.

MUTTON SHEEP—There is a scarcity of choice in the market and butchers are compelled to pay $4@4 50 per head for such; common quotable at $3 25@4.

HIDES AND FURS—The trade is more active, but prices unchanged, and still quote choice dry 16½c ₱ lb, green salted, 7c; green, 6½c; culls, 10@12c; elk, 22c ₱ lb; deer, 15@35c ₱ lb dried, and 50@75c apiece green; mink skins each, $1@1 50; otter, $2@5; beaver, 75c@$1.

WOOL—Very few transactions are taking place; best grades quotable at 20@22c ₱ lb; common to fair lots, 16@18c.

MARKETS.

REID & VESTAL,

BUTCHERS & PACKERS,

Stalls 8, 9 and 10 Central Market.

SHIPS AND STEAMBOATS SUPPLIED

HOME AGAIN!

J. S. KELLER,

Has returned to his

COR. MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,

Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.

E. H. GARLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

CHRIS. SCLOTH

INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND the public generally to call at his

NEW BUTCHER SHOP,

Washington St., one door East of Third

E. CORBETT'S

Livery, Hack & Feed Stables,

(FIRE PROOF),

COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS.

Reasonable Charges for Hire. Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses.

OBSERVE PRICES:

Riding, $1 50 per hour.
Calling, $1 50 first hour, $1 each additional hour.
To boats, 50 cents each passenger.
Funerals, $5 per Hack.
To and from Balls and Parties, $2 a couple.

Orders left at STABLE or FISHEL & ROBERTS, promptly attended to at any hour.

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

OFFICE & HACK STABLES,

S. W. Corner of Second and Stark Streets.

CARRIAGE RATES:

Calling, $1 50 first hour; $1 00 for each additional hour.
Riding, $1 50 per hour.
To or from Trains and Steamboats, 50 cents each person.
To and from Balls and Parties, $2 00 a couple.
Funerals, $5 00 a Hack.

☞All orders given to the Drivers, or left at the office, will be promptly attended to, day or night.

The Grandest Achievement of the Age!

The Little Monitor

SEWING MACHINE!

NO SHUTTLE! NO BOBBINS!

No rewinding of thread. Makes the Lock Stitch, Chain Stich and Cable Stitch, from two commercial spools, direct.

IT IS THE LIGHTEST RUNNING, AND makes the least noise of any machine in the world. The most simple in construction, and the easiest operated.

Will sew from the finest to the heaviest of fabrics without any change of tension.

SEWS 25 PER CENT. FASTER

Than any other Machine, making 5½ stitches to the revolution.

The public are invited to call and see this

WONDERFUL INVENTION!

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

For further particulars call at

104 Third Street, near Alder, Good Templars' Hall

MRS. A. B. PAXTON,

Sole Agent for Oregon.

JUST RECEIVED

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF THE CELEBRATED "ANCHOR" BRAND

NAILS.

THE BEST NAIL IN MARKET.

Shelf and Builders' Hardware.

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

&c., &c., at

67 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK.

JOHN R. FOSTER.

SEED WHEAT.

CHILI CLUB

FOR SALE BY

EVERDING & FARRELL.

SNODGRASS & CO.,

CINCINNATI, O.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

For sale of

OREGON SALMON.

Orders for purchase of COTTON GOODS, OILS, PROVISIONS, Etc., will have prompt attention.

oc19-1aw6m

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Aug. 2d, 1874, at 4 A. M.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),

As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	7:10 P
Roseburg	5:00 A. M.	Portland	4:15 P.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:50 P. M.	Albany	8.25 P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	10.05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	6:00 P. M
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

☞Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing

PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.

E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.

To take Effect Monday, March 29, 1875,

Trains will run between

PORTLAND AND ST. JOSEPH

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAY),

AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	2:30 P. M.	St. Joseph	6:30 P. M
St. Joseph	6:30 A. M.	Portland	10 30 A. M.

Connecting at Cornelius with Stages for Forest Grove; at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

Passengers received at Fourth street siding on giving signal to the train, but are prohibited from getting on or off the train at any other point on the street.

Passengers getting on the train at Ticket Stations without tickets will be charged twenty-five cents extra.

Freight received at the Company's New Warehouse, and will not be received for shipment after 4 P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	11:20 A. M.	Tacoma	6:80 P. M.
Tacoma	6:30 A. M.	Kalama	12:40 P. M

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for all points on Puget Sound daily, and on Sundays and Wednesdays at 6 P. M. with Steamer for Victoria and Stikine Mines.

Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.

H. W. FAIRWEATHER,
General Ticket Agent.

Kalama, W. T., Feb. 6, 1875.

Ordinance No. 1616.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE TIME and manner of improving that part of Montgomery street lying between the west side of Front street and the east side of Fourth street.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The proposed improvement of that part of Montgomery street lying between the west side of Front street and the east side of Fourth street in the manner set forth in the petition of the owners of more than two thirds of the property fronting and abutting thereon, and as hereinafter provided shall be completed on or before the 15th day of May, 1875.

Section 2. The surface of the street shall be cleared of all plank or other obstructions (sidewalks, crosswalks and plank roadways of the proper width and grade and otherwise in good condition, excepted.) If the obstructions are not removed by the owners of the adjacent property within three days after notice, they shall be removed by and become the property of the contractor.

Section 3. The improvement shall consist of grading to the established grade, and laying sidewalks, crosswalks and plank gutters where necessary.

Section 4. The work to be done and materials furnished shall correspond with the provisions of and under the restrictions contained in sections 7, 11 and 12 of Ordinance No. 793, entitled "an Ordinance in relation to the improvement of streets."

Section 5. The contractor shall take entire charge of the work during its progress, and shall be responsible for any loss or accident resulting from carelessness or neglect.

Section 6. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for, receive proposals and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders for the improvement specified in this Ordinance.

Section 7. The improvement shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property and the Superintendent of Streets.

Passed the Common Council March 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1617.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the Fund arising from the sale of Fire Department Bonds.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out the Fund arising from the sale of Fire Department Bonds, viz:

For plans, specifications and superintending the erection of buildings on lot 6, block 56, two hundred seventy four dollars and fifty cents.

For gas fixtures in house for use of Vigilance Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1, forty-seven dollars.

Passed the Common Council April 7, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved April 8, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE CONSTRUCTION of Two Hose Carriages.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Committee on Fire and Water are hereby authorized to advertise for, receive bids and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder for the construction of two Hose Carriages, one for the use of Willamette Engine Co. No. 1, and one for the use of Protection Engine Co. No. 4, as per plan and specifications filed in the office of the Auditor and Clerk, April 7, 1875, provided the cost thereof shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of fourteen hundred ($1400) dollars.

Passed the Common Council April 7, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved April 9, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Hose Carriages.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland until 12 o'clock M. Friday, April 16, 1875, for the construction of Two Hose Carriages authorized by Ordinance No. 1618, plans and specifications for which can be seen at the Auditor's office.

The right to reject any and all bids is expressly reserved.

J. H. LYON,
E. CORBETT,
G. W. HOYT,
Committee on Fire and Water.

a12d1d

Pine Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMMON Council of the City of Portland propose to construct a Sewer in Pine Street of Terra Cotta Pipe, nine inches in diameter from Fourth street to the west side of Second street, and of twelve inches diameter from thence to the Willamette river, with suitable inlets and catch basins; the expense thereof to be assessed upon the property benefited.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

April 10, 1875.

a10d10d

WM. PFUNDER,

APOTHECARY AND CHEMIST,

DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE,

Corner of First and Oak streets, (Portland

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY

LAW CARDS.

SYL. C. SIMPSON. JNO. B. WALDO.

SIMPSON & WALDO,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No. 12 Dekum's Building.

REMOVAL.

A. C. GIBBS. E. G. HUGHES

GIBBS & HUGHES,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

Office in Ankeny's Building, First Street.

Will practice in all Courts of Record in the State, and pay particular attention to Business in the United States Courts.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,

Attorneys at Law,

rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

F. A. CHENOWETH,

Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

W. W. MORELAND,

Attorney at Law—Oregon City, Oregon.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN B. PILKINGTON, M. D.

OCULIST AND AURIST.

ROOM 2—DEKUM'S BUILDING, CORNER FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS.

Office Hours—10 to 12, 3 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.

DR. CHAS. SHUMACHER,

OFFICE—PFUNDER'S DRUG STORE.

Residence—Third street bet Salmon and Main.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

RE-OPENED!

CLARENDON HOTEL!

Corner of F and First Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL, NEWLY FURnished throughout in a superb manner, is now open for the reception of guests.

The Finest Rooms and the Best Table, in Oregon, at moderate prices.

Situated within two blocks of the Depots of the Oregon and California and Oregon Central Railroads, and within one block of the wharf of the Oregon Steamship Company.

Street Cars pass the door.

Free Coach to and from the House.

Street Car tickets furnished free to guests.

HALLETT & KIMBALL.

THOMPSON HOUSE,

First and Jefferson Streets.

Board and Lodging, per week	$5 00
Board, without Lodging	4 00
Board and Lodging, per day	75

The House is new and hard finished, and the board is as good as any first class house.

HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT.

Men with families will be charged moderately.

A Wagon attends the Steamers and Railroads.

Employers in want of help, please call.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE,

Cor. Front and Washington sts., Albany, Or.

J. H. BACKENSTO, Prop'r.

BOARD AND LODGING FROM $1 TO $1 50 per day, according to room occupied. Free Coach to and from the house. mh31d1m

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

FRONT STREET, near B,

JAMES DOLAN, Proprietor.

NEWLY FURNISHED THROUGHOUT.

Board and Lodging, per week	$5 00
Board, without Lodging	4 00
Board and Lodging, per day	1 00
Single Meals	25

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic,

CURING

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Goul, Stomach and Breath, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and Purifying the Blood, are the most congenial purgative yet perfected. Their effects abundantly show how much they excel all other Pills. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. They purge out the foul humors of the blood; they stimulate the sluggish or disordered organ into action; and they impart health and tone to the whole being. They cure not only the every day complaints of every body, but formidable and dangerous diseases. Most skillful physicians, most eminent clergymen, and our best citizens, send certificates of cures performed, and of great benefit they have derived from these Pills. They are the safest and best physic for children, because mild as well as effectual. Being sugar coated, they are easy to take; and being purely vegetable, they are entirely harmless.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

☞Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.
T. A. DAVIS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Portland Oregon.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

FOR THE SPEEDY RELIEF OF

Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

Has been widely used during the last twenty-five years, in the treatment of these distressing diseases, and with such unvarying success that it has gained the reputation of being infallible. The shakes, or chills, once broken by it, do not return, until the disease is contracted again. This has made it an accepted remedy, and trusted specific, for the Fever and Ague of the West, and the Chills and Fever of the South.

Ayers' Ague Cure eradicates the noxious poison from the system, and leaves the patient as well as before the attack. It thoroughly expels the disease, so that no Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dysentery or Debility follow the cure. Indeed, where Disorders of the Liver and Bowels have occurred from Miasmatic Poison, it removes the cause of them and they disappear. Not only is it an effectual cure, but if taken occasionally by patients exposed to malaria it will expel the poison and protect them from attack. Travelers and temporary residents are thus enabled to defy the disease. The General Debility which is so apt to ensue from continued exposure to Malaria and Miasm, has no speedier remedy.

For Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

☞Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.
T. A. DAVIS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Portland Oregon.

PORTLAND

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

ROOMS,

Corner of Stark and First Streets,

(Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank.)

Nearly 7500 Volumes.

And over 100 Papers and Periodicals.

Membership Free to All.

MONTHLY DUES $1 00—QUARTERLY DUES, $3 00

Directors:

WILLIAM S. LADD,	ADDISON C. GIBBS,
PHILIP C. SCHUYLER,	C. H. LEWIS,
MATTHEW P. DEADY,	M. W. FECHHEIMER,
L. H. WAKEFIELD,	H. FAILING,
W. H. BRACKETT,	LEHMAN BLUM.

M. P. Deady, President.
H. Failing, Vice President.
P. C. Schuyler, Treasurer.
M. W. Fechheimer, Corresponding Secretary.
Henry A. Oxer, Librarian and Rec. Sec.

TO IMMIGRANTS.

PLEASE CALL AT STATE BOARD OF IMMIgration Rooms, Ankeny's Market, and procure tickets entitling you to travel by Railroads and Steamers all over the State at half fares. Also, where employment is obtainable, farms for sale and to rent, and other information as to Oregon, free of charge.

fe27tf

CHIEF OF POLICE SALE

FOR

DELINQUENT CITY TAXES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRtue of a Warrant issued by order of the Common Council of the City of Portland, directed to me and attached to the tax roll of the City of Portland, levied by Ordinance No. 1597 and 1598, and commanding me to collect the taxes designated thereon as delinquent, and for want of personal property to make said taxes, I have levied upon, and on

Monday, the 3d day of May, 1875

I will sell at Public Auction, at the Court House door in the City of Portland, Multnomah county, State of Oregon, so much of the following described lots and parcels of land as may be necessary to pay the taxes due thereon, in United States coin, as levied by the Ordinances aforesaid, together with all fees and costs. Said land is situated in the City of Portland, county and State aforesaid, and was assessed to the following named persons, to-wit:

Names.	Description.	Am't Tax.
Austin, R D, Agent	Block 24, lot	$21 00
Brown, Samuel	Block 76, S ½ of lot 2	1 38
Boquette, Francis	Couch Addition, block 307, W ½ of W ½ of all	3 75
Burton, T J	Couch Addition, block 23, lot 2	9 75
Barber, Ellen	Block 204, lot 1	1 69
Butts, W H	Block E, E ½ of lots 5 and 6	2 25
Bottler, Isabella	Couch Addition, block 75, lots 2 and 3	16 13
Brown, Wm	Couch Addition, block 77, lots 2 and 3	3 38
Burte, Mrs H E	All of block 195	1 88
Cone, P J	Caruthers' Addition, block 48, lots 5 and 6	3 38
Cary, E H	Caruthers' Addition, block 69, lot 3	19
Coombs, R G	Block 259, lots 3 and 4	12 00
Casey, Mary E	Block 159, lots 3 and 4	10 13
Curren, Miss	Building on block 133, lot 8	75
Collins, Mrs M	Carter's Addition, block A, part of N W cor sub lot 15	1 50
Donovan, John & Ann	Couch Addition, block 157, lots 1, 4, 5 and 8; and block 52, lot 1	18 23
Desh, Mary L	Block 121, lot 50x70 feet	2 44
Drummond & Long	Building on, block 10, lot 5	3 38
Dardis, L	Couch Addition, block 159, lots 1, 2, 3 and 4	6 00
Dinneen, Timothy	Couch Addition, block 230, lots 3 and 6	2 25
Espinola, A	Couch Addition, block 26, lot 5	1 50
Freiney, James	Carter's Addition, block 11, lot 4	1 88
Fisk, J H	Block 255, N 40 feet of lot 2; block 265, lot 8; building on block 41, lot 5	17 25
Freeborn, Robt D	Couch Addition, block 156, lots 1, 2, 3 and 4	11 25
Fellows, Chas	Couch Addition, block 63, lot 7	6 38
Failing, X J	Block 63, W ½ of lots 7 and 8	21 00
Farmer, J P	Building on Couch Addition, block 13, lot 1	2 25
Fox & Armstrong	Couch Addition, block 156, lots 5, 6, 7 and 8	6 00
Fox, Jas C	Caruthers' Addition, block 47, W ½ of lots 1 and 2; and block 47, lots 7 and 8	3 38
Feeker & Hudson	Improvements, block 9, lot 2	1 50
Grey M	In S ½ of double block I, 52x66 feet in S E corner	8 25
Gardiner, Chas	Carter's Addition, block 11, lot 3; and Caruthers' Addition, block 49, undivided ½ of all	2 25
Gilihan, W T	Block 323, lots 1 and 2; block 321, all; block 335, all; and block 332, all	2 63
Howard, W H	Block 130, lot 2	2 63
Hickey, Wm	Caruthers' Addition, block 12, lot 4	5 85
Howe, Honora	Caruthers' Addition, block 71, lot 1	56
Harker, Sarah E	Block 222, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8	48 00
Harris, W H	Block 322, W ½ of lots 5 and 6; in S W ¼ 75x200 feet, block W; in S W ¼ 75x297 feet, block W; Caruthers' Addition, block 47, lots 3 and 4	38 25
Harger, Geo W	Couch Addition, block 99, S ½ of lot 6	2 63
Hibernian Benevolent Society	Block 177, lot 1	2 25
Hopkins, Chas	Block 128, lots 3 and 4	6 75
Higgins, W L	Block 116, lot 8	8 75
Holbrook, A, Widow and heirs of	Couch Addition; block 25, lots 1 and 4; block 182, lots 2 and N ½ of 3; block 59, lot 2; on Chapman Claim, block X 1 S 1 E, 10 acres sec 4	49 50
Hayden, John H	Block 133, lots 7 and 8	18 88
Horning, Philip	Building on block 41, lot 5	75
Jaques, Wm	Carter's Addition, block A, 60x150, E ½ of sub lot 16	3 75
Johnson, W C	Block 251, W 55 feet of lot 5; and block 251, W 35 feet of S 8 feet of lot 6	6 75
Jackson, Jacob B	Block 108, lot 4	75
Johnson, Andrew	On King Claim, sec 33, 1 N, 1 E, ½ acre	1 88
Jones, C H	Building on Couch Addition, block 63, lot 3	3 00
Kerrigan, Phillip	Improved on block 7, lot 8	2 63
Ladd, J L	Park block 2, lot 2	11 25
Lamb, James	Block 203, lot 2	2 25
Lafferty, Jos	Couch Addition, block 249, lots 6 and 7	5 63
Lichtenthaler	Caruthers' Addition, block 48, W 60 feet of lots 7 and 8	4 50
Montgomery, J B	Block 207, lot 3	29 63
Murry, J W	Caruthers' Addition, block 65, lots 1, 2, 7, 8 and N ½ of 6	9 38
Miller, Arthur F	Block 289, lots 5 and 6	3 00
McGowin, J P	Caruthers' Addition, block 2, all	19 50
Martin, Hugh	Caruthers' Addition—block 21, lot 8	5 25
McArthur, Jemima	Couch Addition, block 165, lots 5, 6, 7 and 8; Couch Addition, block 88, lot 6	9 38
McDonald, J D	Block 269, lots 5 and 6	4 13
McDermott, H	Couch Addition, building on block 70, lot 2	1 88
Nelbur, Francis	Block 183, lots 5 and 6	27 75
Ogden, W D	Couch Addition, block 70, N ½ of all	19 12
Owner Unknown	Block 168, undivided ½ of N ½ of lot 8	56
Owner Unknown	Block 275, fraction of all	1 12
Owner Unknown	In S ½ of double block I, N fraction of lot 4	1 12
Owner Unknown	Caruthers' Addition, block A, 21x85 feet or N ½ of lot 1	1 88
Owner Unknown	Carter's Addition, block C, lot 5 in subdivision 26	75
Owner Unknown	Carter's Addition, block C, lot 6 in subdivision 26	75
Owner Unknown	Carter's Addition, block C, lot 7 in subdivision 26	75
Owner Unknown	Carter's Addition, block C, lot 8 in subdivision 26	3 13
Pryor, Catherine	Block 133, lot 6	12 00
Patton, Matthew J	Block 7, S ½ of lot 8	5 63
Patton, John A, Estate of	Block 8, lot 4, S ½ of 3, N ½ of 5	21 38
Prettyman, P, Estate of	Block 164, lot 6	3 75
Peters, Minna	Couch Addition, block 15, lot 6; and Couch Addition, block 58, lot 6	21 00
Phelan, Helen	Watson's Addition, block 7, lots 5 and 8	1 13
Patterson, C M	Improvement on sec 4, 1 S, 1 E, Davenport, fraction 5 acres	16 12
Pollock, Mary L	Block 190, lot 1	2 40
Price, John H	Caruthers' Addition, block 41, lot 8	2 25
Protzman, F C	Block 197, lots 5 and 6	5 25
Preston, Jeremiah	Block 216, lot 5	3 38
Politka, Frank	Caruthers' Addition, block 42, lots 3, 4, 5 and 6	7 50
Ryan, Ann, Estate of	Block F, N W ¼ of S W ¼ of all	3 00
Reinke, Chas, Estate of	Caruthers' Addition, block 25, lots 1 and 2	6 75
Reid, Mary S	Block 257, lots 1 and 2	20 44
Richards, Sol	Couch Addition, block 15, lots 3, 6 and 7	5 06
Reed, James	Block W, lot 75x200 feet on W Twelfth street	3 00
Smith, P C	Couch Addition, block 85, lots 6, 7 and 8	7 13
Stephenson, H J	Park, block 4, lot 3; and block 312, lots 5, 6 and E ½ of 7	1 50
Smith, Hannah M	Block 16, N ½ of lot 2	6 00
Shipley, A R	Block 1, N ½ of lot 4	41 63
Shattuck, S F	Block 182, lot 4 and S ½ of 3; [illegible]	12 38
Shank, J S	Block 3?7, lots 5 and 6	4 13
Savarian, C S	Block 290, lot 1	6 00
Semple, Ruth A	Block 259, W ½ of E ½ of lots 2 and 3; block 328, lots 4, 5 and 6; block 308, lot 6; block 320, lot 6 and fraction of 3; block 319, lots 8 and 6; block 329, fraction of lots 3 and 8; block 330, fraction of all; and block 331, S ½ of all	21 00
Stephens, Margaret A	Block 233, N ½ of lot 3	5 63
Sindlinger, Henry	Couch Addition, block 60, lot 7	4 50
Stefin, J F	Caruthers' Addition, block B, W ½ of lot 5	1 31
Scott, E R, Heirs of	Block 8, lots 1, 2, 7 and 8	20 25
St. Helen's Mill Company	Carter's Addition, block C, lots 1 and 2 in subdivision 26; and block 327, lots 5 and 6	
Stephenson, J	Couch Addition, building on block 64, lot 5	6 75
Thompson, John	Block 28, E 25 feet of lots 5 and 6	2 25
Tucker, Annie S	Caruthers' Addition, block G, lot 100x100 feet in N W corner	7 50
Thompson, Mrs	Block 274, lots 4 and 5	2 25
Vautler, Susan	Couch Addition, block 61, lot 6	90
Wood, T A	Block 13?, N 10 feet of lots 3 and S 40 feet of 6; and block 112, S 25 feet of lot 5	2 48
Woodward, Tyler	Couch Addition, block 29, lot 6	1 13
Walsh, John R	Couch Addition, block 89, lot 2	15 00
Weiser, Wm	Improvement on block 41, N ½ of lot 2	3 75
Watkins, Wm	Block 7, lot 1	15 00
Whiting, J D	Couch Addition, block 118, undivided ½ of lots 6 and 7; Couch Addition, block 71, undivided ½ of lots 2 and 3; Couch Addition, block 74, undivided ½ of lots 6 and 7	13 50
West, John	Block 290, all	7 31
Williams, Mrs L	Caruthers' Addition, block 65, lot 3	1 50
Woodcock & Hoffman	Building on block 55, lot 1	1 13
Wiggington, Mrs	Block 141, undivided 1-9 of lots 7 and 8	3 75
Zimmerman, Wm	Couch Addition, block 135, W ½ of lots 2 and 3	2 25
		6 38

The sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on the day above-named, and to be continued until all is sold.

Portland, March 31, 1875.

J. H. LAPPEUS,
Chief of Police.

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S

Saw-Smithing & Repairing

ESTABLISHMENT,

17 and 19 Fremont street between Front and Battery,

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT PANE TEETH inserted in circular saws.

REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Gumming, Re-Toothing, Straightening, etc.

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes; also Cross Cut, Mulay, Gang, Buck, Butcher, and Hand-saws of all kinds, together with a good assortment of Saw Irons at lowest market rates.

Cast-Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand, or made to order at short notice.

N. B.—Messrs. KNAPP, BURRELL & Co., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are the duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct.

MEDICAL.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.

NEW REMEDIES! NEW REMEDIES!

Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,

623 KEARNEY STREET, COR. COMMERCIAL, San Francisco. Established in 1854, for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc. Skin Diseases (of years standing) and Ulcerated Legs successfully treated.

DR. GIBBON has the pleasure of announcing that he has returned from visiting the principal hospitals of Europe, and has resumed practice at his Dispensary, 623 Kearney street, corner of Commercial, San Francisco, where his old patients and others requiring his services may find him.

The Doctor has spared neither time nor money in seeking out new remedies, and has returned with increased facilities for the alleviation of human suffering.

Horrible Diseases.

How many thousands of persons both male and female, are there who [illegible] existence from the effects [illegible] from virus absorbed int[illegible] pallid, emaciated and [illegible] broken-down constitution [illegible] the happiness of marriage or the enjoyment of life. In this horrid situation [illegible] closes the scene. Let parents or guardians tend to those who are [illegible] with any of these horrible, life-destroying [illegible] cared for and cured before it be too late. immediately to DR. GIBBON [illegible] made private diseases his [illegible] study for years, and who is certain to cure [illegible] without mercury or any [illegible] drugs. It is important to those who are [illegible] are interested in the we[illegible] of their [illegible] careful of the many pretended doctors who infest all cities, publishing their [illegible] in a few days, imposing on the public by using the names of eminent physicians from Europe and other places. Be therefore [illegible] and make inquiry, or you may fall into the hands of these charlatans.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions, the [illegible] of self abuse. This solitary vice, or depr[illegible] practiced by the youth of [illegible] to an almost unlimited extent, produc[illegible] the following train of [illegible] combatted by scientific [illegible] measures, viz: a low countenance, dark [illegible] the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the [illegible] like the rustling of leaves and rattling [illegible] the loins, weakness of [illegible] blunted intellect, [illegible] approaching str[illegible] quaintances, dis[illegible] memory, hectic [illegible] tions about the [illegible] tongue, coughs, consumption [illegible] frequent insanity, [illegible] apply immediately [illegible] have a cure effected [illegible] of treating this disease [illegible] ing a quick and [illegible] Hundred Dollars [illegible] isfactorily to him [illegible] plaint by either of [illegible]

Married Men,

Or those who contemplate marriage, who are laboring under any of these fearful maladies [illegible] forget the sacred [illegible] nor delay to obtain immediate relief.

DR. GIBBON [illegible] and will give to each patient a written [illegible] fect a radical and permanent cure, or no charge.

Caution to the Unfortunate.

Beware [illegible] San Francisco [illegible] pretenders w[illegible] the unwary [illegible] the self-styled names are [illegible] in the [illegible] newspapers [illegible] tradesmen [illegible] too lazy to [illegible] trades. Some [illegible] carriers, intelligence office keepers, etc. way to avoid [illegible] cost you noth[illegible] and may save you for, as advert[illegible] physicians to eighteen are bog[illegible] for safety in a [illegible] them until [illegible] Gibbon does [illegible] people by titles, certific[illegible] Dr. Gibbon [illegible] persons who may call at his office of his [illegible] to cure.

Cured at Home.

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME by addressing a letter to Dr. Gibbon, stating symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicines promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity to any part of the country, with full and plain directions. By inclosing Ten Dollars coin in registered letter through the Postoffice or through Wells Fargo & Co. a package of medicine will be forwarded to any part of the Union. All communications strictly confidential.

☞Correspondents will please inform DR. GIBBON that they read his advertisement in the DAILY OREGONIAN.

Address DR. J. F. GIBBON, 625 Kearney street, corner Commercial, San Francisco, Postoffice Box 1957. REMEMBER TO PUT BOX 1957 ON THE LETTER. Consultations FREE.

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION!

MARRIAGE GUIDE,

[illegible]

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of Henry [illegible] Bankrupt, United States of America, District of Oregon, ss. A warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of Henry [illegible], of the county of Multnomah, and State of Oregon, in said District, who has been duly adjudged a bankrupt upon petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Portland, in said District, on the 15th day of April, 1875, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of H. H. Northup, Room No. 8, Dekum's Building, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said District.

DANIEL J. MALARKEY,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

n6&13

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Oregon. Notice in Bankruptcy. In the matter of C. B. Comstock, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by J. L. Scoggin, duly declared bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and liabilities and other claims provable under said act, and that the twenty second day of April, 1875, is assigned for the hearing of the same before H. H. Northup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, in Portland, in said District, when and where any person may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

R. WILCOX,
Clerk of said Court.

m30d1aw3t

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Oregon. Notice in Bankruptcy. In the matter of Jacob Conser, bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by said Jacob Conser, duly declared bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and liabilities and other claims provable under said act, and that the twentieth day of April, 1875, is assigned for the hearing of the same before H. H. Northup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office in Portland, in said District, when and where any person may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

R. WILCOX,
Clerk of said Court.

ma26d1aw3t

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon.—In the matter of O. Kellogg & Co., bankrupts. I hereby give notice that a second general meeting of the creditors of Joseph Kellogg, one of said bankrupts, will be held in the city of Portland, in said District, on the 22th day of April, 1875, at 11 o'clock A. M. at the office of H. H. Northup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy in said District, for the purposes named in the 27th section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867.

JOHN CATLIN,
Assignee.

a6d1aw3t

NOTICE.—In the matter of the Estate of Willard A. Holbrook, deceased. All persons having claims against the estate of Willard A. Holbrook, deceased, are hereby required to present the same, with the necessary vouchers attached, to the undersigned Executrix, at the office of F. P. Stroud, Room 15 Dekum's Building, in the city of Portland, Oregon, within six months from the date hereof.

MARY H. HOLBROOK, Executrix.

Portland, March 8, 1875.

a8d1aw5w